# Edition of UGU 1 (=BAM 480 etc.)

## Martin Worthington

This article presents an edition of the first tablet of the UGU series, the second having been edited by Attia and Buisson in *JMC* 1 (2003). The text was collated, and is published with the gracious consent of the trustees of the British Museum.

Being the first instalment of a series ordered *a capite ad calcem*, the text is logically enough given over to complaints of the head. The ailments include fever, hair loss, and some quite complex combinations of symptoms. Treatments include rituals, incantations, fumigations, and pharmacological remedies, and there is one (difficult) surgical passage.

The principal manuscript for UGU 1 is the tablet K. 2354+, first copied by R. Campbell Thompson in *Cuneiform Texts in the British Museum* XXIII (1906), plates 23-38, and subsequently by Franz Köcher in *Die babylonisch-assyrische Medizin* V (1980), 480. Another manuscript of UGU 1, published in cuneiform copy as *BAM* 4, is much less well preserved, being only a large fragment. A significant number of the recipes from UGU 1 appear also on non-canonical tablets, especially *BAM* 3 and the text first published by Jastrow in the *Transactions of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia* 15 (1913) now available in the welcome new transliteration of Scurlock, "Collation of the Jastrow", *Le Journal des Médecines Cunéiformes* 2 (2003), 16-17. These are of great assistance in reconstructing the text of UGU 1 where the canonical manuscripts are broken.

Though this is not the place for a detailed study of the palaeography of BAM480, it is worth noting several features of interest kindly brought to my attention by Irving Finkel. Sometimes signs are squashed, probably so as to make fit a text copied from a tablet with wider columns. In several places, tell-tale traces indicate that a word or line has been re-written. Unusually for a Kuyunjik tablet, two entire lines (179-80' = iii.46-7) have been deliberately erased by scratching the surface, apparently when already dry, with an implement which produced furrows several millimetres wide and deep. Traces survive above and below the edges of the furrows, which at present are illegible.

A translation of UGU 1 and the duplicates then available was published by Campbell Thompson in the *American Journal of Semitic Languages and Literatures* 54 (1937), but without transliteration. While this is the first full edition of the text, my debt to Campbell Thompson is great. The edition has benefited greatly from the scrutiny of a number of scholars who gave patiently and generously of their time and learning at various stages in its development. I would like to thank: Nicholas Postgate, Irving Finkel, James Kinnier Wilson, Marten Stol and Mark Geller. The edition also owes much to the patience, thoroughness and critical acumen of the editors of this journal, Annie Attia and Gilles Buisson, who saved me from a multitude of inconsistencies, and contributed valuable suggestions. Responsibility for any errors remaining is my own.

The only major departure from Köcher's reconstruction of the text was the decision to exclude the fragment K. 13417 from *BAM* 480, which Köcher joined to K. 2354+, column i lines 11-17. The exclusion was decided on because it is difficult to reconcile the text of K. 13417 with that of the duplicates B and D (i.e. *BAM* 3 and 4) in lines 11 and 12 of the tablet. It is, of course, possible that K. 13417 should be joined to K. 2354+ elsewhere. The fragment is transliterated here separately:

- 1' [...] 1/3 sìl[a ...]
- 2' [...]SAR-*ab* lal-*ma* ud 3 [kam ...]
- 3' [...] *ina* ì.udu ur.mah súd [...]
- 4' [...]x <sup>ú</sup>za.ba.lam 1/3 sìla [...]
- 5' [... s]ila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab lal-ma ud [n kam ...]
- 6' [...] gaz sim *ina* a ga[zi<sup>sar</sup> ...]
- 7' [...]

The alleged duplicates AMT 5,3 i 4'-7' (cf. UGU 1 ii 12-15), AMT 76,6, 4'-11' (cf. UGU 1 iii 36-38) were not judged sufficiently similar to merit inclusion.

#### UGU 1 in transliteration

List of Manuscripts:

A = BAM 480; B = BAM 3; C = BAM 156; D = BAM 4; E = BAM 12; F = AMT 5,3; G = BAM 9; H = BAM 481; I = AMT 76,6; J = Jastrow (text after Scurlock 2003); K = AMT 64,4; L = BAM 482; M = ND 4405/16 (=Wiseman and Black 1996 (CTN4) 123).

A distinction is made between [7] and LJ for all manuscripts except J, for which (no reliable cuneiform text being available) [7] only is given, following Scurlock's transliteration.

In lines 25(=UGU 1 54'), 42(=UGU 1 57'), 29 (=UGU 1 126'), and 37(=UGU 1 132') the recipes in MS E (BAM 12) routinely continue past the text of UGU, and these additions are not noted here, being represented by ... . A full edition of BAM 12 is forthcoming in this journal.

1	A <sub>i1</sub>	DIŠ na ugu- <i>šú</i> kúm <i>ú-kal</i> sa zi sag.ki tuku- <i>ma</i> igi <sup>II</sup> - <i>šú i-dak</i>
	J⁰¹₁	[ ] $\int ugu - \check{s}\check{u}^{\dagger} k\check{u}m^{\dagger} \check{u}^{-}kal^{\dagger}$ [ ]
	$\mathbf{B_{i1}}$	DIŠ na ugu- <i>šú</i> kúm dab- <i>al</i> sa s[a]g <sup>?</sup> [.ki <sup>?</sup> ]- <i>šú</i> zi [xxx ] $^2$ igi <sup>II</sup> - <i>šú</i> $i$ -[ $dak$ ]
2	A <sub>i2</sub>	igi <sup>II</sup> -šú bir-ra-tam i-pi-tam i-ši-tam mur-din-na qu-qa-na a-šá-a
	J <sup>ob</sup> <sub>2</sub>	[igi <sup>II</sup> -šú bir]- <sup>r</sup> a-tam i-pi-tam i-ši <sup>l</sup> -[tam mur]-din-na qu-qa-[na a-šá-a]
	$B_{i2}$	$igi^{II}$ -šú bir-rat i-p[i-tam] [1]-ši-tam mur-din-n[a] $^{\frac{3}{2}}$ qu-[q]a-na <a- šá-a=""></a->
3	А <sub>в</sub>	$\dot{u}$ ér šub.šub- $a$ 1/3 sìla zà. $\dot{b}$ i.li $bu$ - $tu$ - $tam$ $ina$ $^{na4}$ ur $_5$ àra- $en$ sim
	J⁰b₃	$\vec{u}$ ér šub.šub- $a$ 2 sìla zà. $\underline{h}$ [i.l]i $bu$ - $tu$ - $tam$ $ina$ $a^{-1}$
	$\mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{B}}$	$\vec{u}$ ér šub <sup>meš</sup> - $a[bu^2-tu^2-tam^2]$ 1/3 sìla saḫ-lé- $e^{-\frac{4}{2}}$ ina <sup>na4</sup> ur <sub>5</sub> àra- $en$ sim
4	A <sub>i4</sub>	sag- <i>ka ú-kal ina</i> šà 1/3 sìla ti- <i>qé ina</i> a gazi <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> - <i>aš</i> SAR- <i>ab</i> lal- <i>ma</i> ud 3 kam nu duḫ
	$\mathbf{D_{i'}}$	[ $t$ ] $i$ - $q$ [ $\acute{e}$ ]
	J <sup>ob</sup> 4	sag- <i>ka ú-kal ina</i> šà 1/3 sìla [ti- <i>qé ina</i> ] 「a gazi <sup>sar</sup> [sila <sub>11</sub> -aš] <sup>5</sup> sag.du -su SAR-ab lal-[ma] ud 3 kam nu duḫ
	B <sub>i4</sub>	sag- <i>ka ú-qa</i> -a-a ina šà 3 sìla <sup>5</sup> saḥ-lé-e š[e]š 4 [sìl]a saḥ-lé-e te-ne-tì tuš-ta-bal ina a <sup>meš</sup>
	B <sub>i6</sub>	gazi <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> sag.du- <i>su</i> SAR- <i>ab</i> lál- <i>su-ma</i> 3 <i>u</i> <sub>4</sub> - <i>me</i> nu duḫ
5	$A_{i5}$	1/3 sìla <i>saḥ-lé-e</i> 1/3 sìla zì še.sa.a <i>ina</i> a gazi <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> -aš SAR-ab lal-ma ud 3 kam nu duḥ
	D <sub>2</sub> ·	[ ]a <i>ina</i> a gazi <sup>s</sup> [ <sup>ar</sup> ]
	${\bf J^{ob}}_6$	1/3 sìla zà.ḫi.li 1/3 sìla še.sa.a <i>ina</i> a [ ] sila <sub>11</sub> - aš SAR-ab lal-ma ud [3 kam ]
	$\mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{i9}}$	diš kimin 1/3 sìla $sab$ -lé-e 1/3 sìla zì še.sa.a $tu$ š- $ta$ -bal $ina$ a $[(x)]$ $\frac{10}{9}$ gazi <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> sag.du- $su$ SAR- $ab$ lal- $su$ -
6		ma 3 u <sub>4</sub> -me nu duḫ
0	A <sub>i6</sub>	saḥ-lé-e àra-ti <sup>šim</sup> gúr.gúr naga si <i>ina</i> kaš sila <sub>11</sub> -aš ki.min
7	D <sub>3'</sub>	[ t] i sim gúr.gúr na[ga si ]
	A17	sim ses mun <i>eme-sal-lim mál-ma-liš</i> he.he <i>ina</i> ì.nun súd igi <sup>II</sup> - <i>šú t</i> [ <i>e-qé</i> ]  [ <i>em</i> ] <i>e-sal-lim mál-ma-liš</i> he.he <i>i</i> [ <i>na</i> ]
′	D.	
,	D <sub>4</sub> .	
	B <sub>i11</sub>	ses mun <i>eme-sal-la</i> ina ì.udu súd igi <sup>II</sup> -šú mar <sup>més</sup> -ma tin-uṭ
8	B <sub>i11</sub>	ina ì.udu súd igi <sup>II</sup> -šú mar <sup>méš</sup> -ma tin-uṭ  1/3 sìla zà.ḥi.li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gín <i>hi-qa-t</i> [e]
	B <sub>i11</sub> A <sub>i8</sub> D <sub>5</sub> .	ima ì.udu súd igi <sup>II</sup> -šú mar <sup>méš</sup> -ma tin-uṭ  1/3 sìla zà.ḫi.li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gín hi-qa-t[e]  [ zà.ḫi.]li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gí[n ]
8	B <sub>i11</sub> A <sub>i8</sub> D <sub>5</sub> , A <sub>i9</sub>	ina ì.udu súd igi <sup>II</sup> -šú mar <sup>méš</sup> -ma tin-uṭ  1/3 sìla zà.ḫi.li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gín ḫi-qa-t[e]  [ zà.ḫi.]li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gí[n ]  ina a gazi <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> -aš SAR-ab lal-ma [ud 3(+n)] [kam]
8	B <sub>i11</sub> A <sub>i8</sub> D <sub>5</sub> .	ima ì.udu súd igi <sup>II</sup> -šú mar <sup>méš</sup> -ma tin-uṭ  1/3 sìla zà.ḥi.li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gín hi-qa-t[e]  [ zà.ḥi.]li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gí[n ]  ina a gazi <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> -aš SAR-ab lal-ma ud 3 (+n) [kam]  [ ] <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> -aš lal-ma ud 3 k[am ]
8	B <sub>i11</sub> A <sub>i8</sub> D <sub>5'</sub> A <sub>i9</sub> D <sub>6'</sub> A <sub>i10</sub>	ina ì.udu súd igi <sup>II</sup> -sú mar <sup>més</sup> -ma tin-uṭ  1/3 sìla zà.ḫi.li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gín ḫi-qa-t[e]  [ zà.ḫi.]li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gí[n ]  ina a gazi <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> -aš SAR-ab lal-ma [ud 3(+n)] [kam]  [ ] <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> -aš lal-ma ud 3 k[am ]  egir na-aṣ-ma-da-ti an-na-ti 10 gín zà.ḫi.li šá ka [ur-ṣi] [
8	B <sub>i11</sub> A <sub>i8</sub> D <sub>5</sub> ,  A <sub>i9</sub> D <sub>6</sub> ,  A <sub>i10</sub> D <sub>7</sub>	ima ì.udu súd igi <sup>II</sup> -sú mar <sup>més</sup> -ma tin-uṭ  1/3 sìla zà.ḥi.li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gín hi-qa-t[e]  [ zà.ḥi.]li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gí[n ]  ina a gazi <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> -aš SAR-ab lal-ma [ud 3(+n)] [kam]  [ ] <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> -aš lal-ma ud 3 k[am ]  egir na-aṣ-ma-da-ti an-na-ti 10 gín zà.ḥi.li šá ka [ur-ṣi] [ ]  [egir na]-aṣ-ma-da-te an-na-ti 10 gín zà.ḥi.li šá [a ]-qu ana šà nu šub-ú
8	B <sub>i11</sub> A <sub>i8</sub> D <sub>5'</sub> A <sub>i9</sub> D <sub>6'</sub> A <sub>i10</sub>	ina ì.udu súd igi <sup>II</sup> -sú mar <sup>més</sup> -ma tin-uṭ  1/3 sìla zà.ḥi.li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gín hɨ-qa-t[e]  [ zà.ḥi.]li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gí[n ]  ina a gazi <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> -aš SAR-ab lal-ma [ud 3(+n)] [kam]  [ ] <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> -aš lal-ma ud 3 k[am ]  egir na-aṣ-ma-da-ti an-na-ti 10 gín zà.ḥi.li šá ka [ur-ṣi] [ [egir na]-aṣ-ma-da-te an-na-ti 10 gín zà.ḥi.li šá [a <sup>8</sup> ] ]-qu ana šà nu šub-ú ud-ma lál <sup>mes</sup> an-na-ti lál-uš 10 gín saḥ-lé-e šá ka <sup>16</sup> na4 ur-ṣi šá ḥul-qa nu šub
8 9	B <sub>i11</sub> A <sub>i8</sub> D <sub>5</sub> ,  A <sub>i9</sub> D <sub>6</sub> ,  A <sub>i10</sub> D <sub>7</sub> ,  B <sub>i15</sub>	ima ì.udu súd igi <sup>II</sup> -sú mar <sup>més</sup> -ma tin-uṭ  1/3 sìla zà.ḥi.li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gín hi-qa-t[e]  [ zà.ḥi.]li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gí[n ]  ina a gazi <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> -aš SAR-ab lal-ma [ud 3(+n)] [kam]  [ ] sar sila <sub>11</sub> -aš lal-ma ud 3 k[am ]  egir na-aṣ-ma-da-ti an-na-ti 10 gín zà.ḥi.li šá ka [ur-ṣi] [ ]  [egir na]-aṣ-ma-da-te an-na-ti 10 gín zà.ḥi.li šá ka [ur-ṣi] [ ]  [egir na]-aṣ-ma-da-te an-na-ti 10 gín saḥ-lé-e šá ka la
8 9	B <sub>il1</sub> A <sub>i8</sub> D <sub>5</sub> , A <sub>i9</sub> D <sub>6</sub> , A <sub>i10</sub> D <sub>7</sub> , B <sub>i15</sub> A <sub>i11</sub>	ima ì.udu súd igi <sup>II</sup> -sú mar <sup>més</sup> -ma tin-uṭ  1/3 sìla zà.ḥi.li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gín hi-qa-t[e]  [ zà.ḥi.]li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gí[n ]  ina a gazi <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> -aš SAR-ab lal-ma [ud 3(+n)] [kam]  [ ] sar sila <sub>11</sub> -aš lal-ma ud 3 k[am ]  egir na-aṣ-ma-da-ti an-na-ti 10 gín zà.ḥi.li šá ka [ur-ṣi] [ ]  [egir na]-aṣ-ma-da-te an-na-ti 10 gín zà.ḥi.li šá ka [ur-ṣi] [ ]  [egir na]-aṣ-ma-da-te an-na-ti 10 gín zà.ḥi.li šá ka [ur-ṣi] [ ]  ud-ma lál <sup>mes</sup> an-na-ti lál-uš 10 gín saḥ-lé-e šá ka la
8 9	B <sub>i11</sub> A <sub>i8</sub> D <sub>5</sub> , A <sub>i9</sub> D <sub>6</sub> , A <sub>i10</sub> D <sub>7</sub> , B <sub>i15</sub> A <sub>i11</sub>	ima ì.udu súd igi <sup>II</sup> -sú mar <sup>més</sup> -ma tin-uṭ  1/3 sìla zà.ḥi.li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gín hi-qa-t[e]  [ zà.ḥi.]li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gí[n ]  ina a gazi <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> -aš SAR-ab lal-ma [ud 3(+n)] [kam]  [ ] sar sila <sub>11</sub> -aš lal-ma ud 3 k[am ]  egir na-aṣ-ma-da-ti an-na-ti 10 gín zà.ḥi.li šá ka [ur-ṣi] [ ]  [egir na]-aṣ-ma-da-te an-na-ti 10 gín zà.ḥi.li šá ka [ur-ṣi] [ ]  [egir na]-aṣ-ma-da-te an-na-ti 10 gín saḥ-lé-e šá ka la
8 9 10	B <sub>il1</sub> A <sub>i8</sub> D <sub>5</sub> A <sub>i9</sub> D <sub>6</sub> A <sub>i10</sub> D <sub>7</sub> B <sub>i15</sub> A <sub>i11</sub> D <sub>8</sub> B <sub>i16</sub>	ima ì.udu súd igi <sup>II</sup> -šú mar <sup>més</sup> -ma tin-uṭ  1/3 sìla zà.ḥi.li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gín hɨ-qa-te]  [ zà.hi.]li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gín j
8 9 10	B <sub>i11</sub> A <sub>i8</sub> D <sub>5</sub> , A <sub>i9</sub> D <sub>6</sub> , A <sub>i10</sub> D <sub>7</sub> , B <sub>i15</sub> A <sub>i11</sub> D <sub>8</sub> , B <sub>i16</sub> A <sub>i12</sub>	ima ì.udu súd igi <sup>II</sup> -šú mar <sup>més</sup> -ma tin-uṭ  1/3 sìla zà.ḥi.li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gín hị-qa-te]  [ zà.hi.]li 1/3 sìla šika im.šu.rin.na 10 gín n ]  ina a gazi <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> -aš sAR-ab lal-ma lud 3(+n) [kam]  [ ] sar sila <sub>11</sub> -aš lal-ma ud 3 k[am ]  egir na-aṣ-ma-da-ti an-na-ti 10 gín zà.ḥi.li šá ka lur-ṣi [ ]  [egir na]-aṣ-ma-da-te an-na-ti 10 gín zà.ḥi.li šá ka lur-ṣi [ ]  [egir na]-aṣ-ma-da-te an-na-ti 10 gín zà.ḥi.li šá ka lur-ṣi [ ]  [egir na]-aṣ-ma-da-te an-na-ti 10 gín zà.ḥi.li šá ka lur-ṣi sá hul-qa nu šù nu šub-ú  ud-ma lál <sup>mes</sup> an-na-ti lál-uš 10 gín saḥ-lé-e šá ka ló na ur-ṣi šá hul-qa nu šub  mun a.geštin.na nu tag.tag ina ninda iṣ-ṣip-ma gu- 5 [gín ]  mun a.geštin.na nu sul-pu-tú lo gín saḥ-lé-e ina ninda imgaga kúm tab-ma gu- 5 gín zà.ḥi.li àra-tì  a.geštin.na nu šul-pu-tú lo gín saḥ-lé-e ina ninda imgaga kúm tab-ma gu- 5 gín lo gín saḥ-lé-e  ina kaš.sag sìg-aṣ-ma nag-šú []

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D10.
                                a]n.zahj súd [...]
14
                  10 gín gurun <sup>giš</sup>maš.huš [...]
         A_{i14}
         D_{11}
                                                           ... z] a.ba.lam | 1/3 sìla ^{u}[...]
15
                  gaz sim ina a gaz i [sar ...]
         A_{i15}
         D<sub>12</sub>.
                                                   ...]-ma ud 3 [kam nu duh]
16
         Ail6
                  šim.bi.|z][i.da ...]
17
         A_{i17}
                  [...]
18
         A_{i18}
                  gaz si[m ...]
19
         A_{i19}
                  10 gín zì duh.še.giš.ì h [ád.du ...]
                  10 gín zì duh.še.giš.ì hád.du [ ...]
20
         A_{i20}
21
         A_{i21}
                  ud 1 kam gaba-su lal sag.du-s[u ...]
22
         A_{i22}
                  ana sag.du-šú dub-aq ina [é] [ ...]
23
                  1 gín u<sub>5</sub> argab<sup>mušen</sup> 1/2 gí[n ...]
         A<sub>23</sub>
                  1/3 sìla numun babbar.hi<sup>sar</sup> 1/3 sìla numun lu.[úb<sup>? sar?</sup> ...]
24
         A_{i24}
25
         A<sub>i25</sub>
                  1/3 sìla zì.kum 1[0 g]ín|bar z|[ú.lum.(ma) ...]
26-8
         A<sub>i26-8</sub>
                  [...]
29
         A<sub>229</sub>
                  im x[...]
                                    1/3 sìla pa <sup>giš</sup>pè[š ...]
30
         A<sub>i30</sub>
         E_{11}.\\
                  DIŠ ki.min 1/3 sìla pa giš pèš! \check{s}a i + na^{iti}b\acute{a}r.zag.gar kud pa x[...] 12 sag-su tu-gal-lab lal [...]
31
         A_{i31}
                  gur-ma hád.a *[im ...]
32
                                                    <sup>ú</sup>hab 1/3 sìl<sup>⌈</sup>a<sup>⌉</sup>
                                                                             nu[mun ...]
         A_{i32}
                                  1/3 sìla
         E14.
                  DIŠ ki.min 1/3 sìla gaz lúlhab 1/3 sìla gaz numun <sup>ú</sup>KI.AN.IM [...] 15 sag-su tu-gal-lab lal-su-ma [...]
33
         A<sub>i33</sub>
                  naga s_i i_i [...]
34
         A_{i34}
                  [1/3]
35-9
                  [...]
         A<sub>i35-9</sub>
40'
                  [...] súd te [-q\dot{e}]
         A<sub>i40</sub>,
41'
         A_{i41}
                  [...] SAR-ab lal-ma t[in]
42'
                  [...]a gaz sim ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab lal-ma k[i.min]
         A:42
43'
                                                                gìr.pad.]da gíd.da súd mar
         A_{i43}
                  ſ...
         M_{5}
                  [... ina a gazi<sup>sa</sup>]<sup>r</sup> sila<sub>11</sub> ina ì.udu gìr.pad.DU gíd.da <súd> mar x[...]
44'
         A;44,
                  [...]a u' še<sub>10</sub>! (text collated: KI) maš.dà súd te-qé
45'
         A<sub>145</sub>.
                  [\dots \text{ sil}] |a_{11}| - a\check{s} | \text{SAR-}ab| \text{ lal-}ma \text{ ud } 3 \text{ kam nu duh}
46'
         A<sub>i46</sub>,
                  [...]x luh [SA]<sup>R</sup>-ab lal-ma
47'
                  [...] x [(x) l]àl kur-i \check{s}u-hat KUG.GI súd mar
         A<sub>147</sub>
                                   l]àl kur!-i šu-hat KUG.GI súd te-qé
         M_{8}
48'
         A<sub>148</sub>,
                  [...]x ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab lal-ma ud 3
                                                                                              kam nu duh
         M9,
                                        slar sila11
                                                          SAR-ab lal'-ma ud n+2 kam nu duh x[...]
49'
         A,49
                  [...] [:] ina šur-šum-mi kaš šeg<sub>6</sub>.gá sila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab lal-ma ud 3 kam nu duḫ
50'
         A<sub>i50</sub>.
                  [...]x du-muq-ši-na ta-tab-bal ina làl súd te-qé
51'
         A_{i51}
                  [DIS^{?} ki^{?}.min^{?} du^{?}-muq^{?}-si^{?}]-na gaz sim ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab lal-ma ud 3 kam nu d<sub>1</sub>uh<sub>1</sub>
52'
                   [xx ú.s]a<sub>5</sub><sup>?</sup> gaz sim ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab lal-ma ud 3 kam nu duh
         A<sub>152</sub>,
                   u<sub>5</sub> [argab<sup>mu</sup>]<sup>šen</sup> ina làl súd te-qé
53'
         A<sub>i53</sub>,
                                  1/3 sìla pa <sup>giš</sup>m[á.eri]š.má.ra gaz sim ina a gazi<sup>sa</sup>[<sup>r</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-(aš)]
54'
         A<sub>154'a</sub>
                                                                                                                                         [S]AR-ab lal[-ma]
                                                                                                                        l<sup>25</sup> sag-su tu-gal-lab lal-su-ma
                  DIŠ ki.min 1/3 sìla pa <sup>ú</sup>má.eriš.má-lá hád.du gaz sim [
         E24.
                  ud 3 kam nu duh
         Aisan
                   3 ud<sup>meš</sup> nu duh ...
         E25.
55'
                                    im.babbar ba-aš-la
                                                                         ina ì sír-di sila<sub>11</sub>-aš
                                                                                                                           SAR-ab[(...)] lal-ma ki.min
```

	E <sub>38</sub> .	DIŠ ki.min im.babbar šeg <sub>6</sub> .gá gaz sim ki ì.giš $\dot{u}$ x[ tuballal] $\frac{39}{3}$ sag-su tu-gal-lab lal []					
56'	A <sub>i56</sub> ,	š[ika] ì.gu.la <i>ša kib-šam</i> tuku- <i>ú ina</i> ì iš.[urudu ] súd <i>te-qé</i>					
57'	A <sub>i57'a</sub>	<sup>ú</sup> za.ba.lam sa <u>b</u> -lé-e ga z [s]im ina šur-šum-mi kaš s[ag sila <sub>11</sub> -aš]					
	Eur Diš ki.min <sup>ú</sup> hab <sup>lsar</sup> (text: <sup>é</sup> nigin <sup>sar</sup> ) <i>saḥ-lé-e</i> ḥád.du gaz sim []						
	A <sub>istrb</sub> [S]AR-ab lal-ma ud 3 kam nu duh						
	sag- <i>su tu-gal-lab</i> [lal]						
58'	A <sub>i58'a</sub>	<sup>ú</sup> <i>ḥal-tap-pa-nam</i> <sup>giš</sup> maš.ḥuš ga z [si] m <i>ina šur-šum-mi</i> kaš kur[un.n]a sila <sub>11</sub> -aš					
	E44.	Diš ki.min <sup>ú</sup> <i>hal-tap-a-na</i> (text: <i>ba</i> ) gurun <sup>giš</sup> <i>kal-ba-ni</i> hád.d[u ]					
	A <sub>158'b</sub>	SAR-ab lal-ma ud 3 kam nu duh					
	E447b	sag-su tu-gal-lab [lal]					
59'	A <sub>i59</sub> ,	šimli šimgúr.gúr šimbuluḫ zà.ḫi. [l][i n]aga si sú[d lu]ḫ-si ina ga sila <sub>11</sub> -aš SAR-ab lal-ma ud 3 kam nu duḫ					
60'	A <sub>i60</sub> ,	iš.urudu [(xxx) ina l]àl súd te-qé					
61'	A <sub>i61</sub> ,	1/3 sìla zà.hi.li 1/3 sìla di[da] sila <sub>11</sub> -aš SAR-ab lal-ma ud 3 kam nu duh					
62'	A <sub>i62</sub> ,	1/3 sìla zà.ḥi.l[i s]ila <sub>11</sub> -aš SAR-ab lal-ma ud 3 kam nu duḥ					
63'	A <sub>i63</sub> ,	KUG.GAN an.[zah² s]úd mar					
64'	A <sub>i64</sub> ,	1/3 sìla zì g[ú.tur/gal lal-m]a ud 3 kam nu duḫ					
65°	A <sub>ii1</sub>	gaz[i <sup>sar</sup> ] gibil dab gaz <sup>!</sup> sim <i>ina šur-šum-mi</i> kaš sila <sub>11</sub> - <i>aš</i> SAR- <i>ab</i> lal- <i>ma</i> ud 3 kam nu duḫ					
66'	A <sub>ii2</sub>	numun [ <sup>ú</sup> e]me ur.gi <sub>7</sub> sig <sub>7</sub> -su tu-ḫás-sà a-šú ana <sup>dug</sup> bur.zi sur-at adi ḫád.du gar-an					
67'	A <sub>ii3</sub>	ud-[m]a i-tab-lu ina ì iš.urudu súd mar					
68'	A <sub>ii4</sub>	[ú] babbar u <sub>5</sub> argab <sup>mušen</sup> ì.udu <sup>šim</sup> gig <sup>šim</sup> GAM.ma numun <sup>ú</sup> si.sá <i>ka-mun</i> <sup>giš</sup> šinig numun					
•	44	in.nu.UŠ					
	$J^{ob}_{g}$	[ú] babbar u <sub>5</sub> argab <sup>mušen</sup> <i>ina</i> ì[.u]du <sup>šim</sup> gig <sup>「šim]</sup> GAM.ma numun <sup>ú</sup> si.sá <sup>10</sup> [ <i>ka</i> ]- <sup>「</sup> <i>mun</i> numun gada naga si <sup>ú</sup> in.nu.UŠ					
69'	$A_{ii5}$	[ <sup>ú²</sup> eme.u]r.gi <sub>7</sub> pa <sup>giš</sup> šinig mun <i>eme-sal-lim</i> Ú.KUR.RA <sup>ú</sup> gamun.ge <sub>6</sub> <i>ma-la ni-iš</i> igi <sup>II</sup> - <i>ka</i> šu.ti					
	J <sup>ob</sup> 10	e[me]. ur]. gi <sub>7</sub> pa <sup>ú</sup> šinig mun <i>eme-sal-lim</i> [Ú.KU]R.RA <sup>[ú]</sup> gamun ge <sub>6</sub> sa[r m]a-la ni-iš igi <sup>II</sup> -ka šu.ti					
70'	$A_{ii6}$	[t]a-pa-aṣ ina ì súd igi <sup>II</sup> -šú ina naga si luḫ-si adi ér kud-su te-qé ud-ma lal-šú te-qé egir-šú					
	$\mathbf{J^{ob}}_{11}$	$ta$ - $pa$ - $as$ $\frac{12}{i}$ $ina$ [i] súd [ é]r k[ud- $s$ ] $u$ $te$ - $q\acute{e}$ ud- $ma$ lal- $s\acute{u}$ $te$ - $q\acute{e}$ [ ]					
71'	$\mathbf{A}_{ii7}$	[ina b]ára nu duḥ-šú a giš še.nú.a šeg <sub>6</sub> -šal ana <sup>dug</sup> kan sáḥar te-sip ina ul tuš-bat ina še-rim sag.du-su					
	${\bf J^{ob}}_{13}$	[ $^{gi\ddot{s}}$ še].nú.a [ $\check{s}$ eg <sub>6</sub> ]- $\check{s}$ al ana $^{dug}$ kan sáhar $te$ - $sip$ $^{14}$ [ ]- $su$					
72'	$\mathbf{A}_{ii8}$	[š]éš a <sup>giš</sup> še.nú.a šeg <sub>6</sub> .gá ana sag.du- <i>šú tu-qar-ra-ár</i> sag.du- <i>su</i> sud <sup>ú sig</sup> ga.ríg.ag.a kešda					
	J <sup>ob</sup> <sub>14</sub>	šéš $\widehat{\mathbf{a}}^{gi\check{s}}$ še.nú[.a šeg <sub>6</sub> ].gá $\widehat{\mathbf{b}}$ [ ] sag.du- $su$ sud $\widehat{\mathbf{b}}$ sigga[.ríg.a]g $\widehat{\mathbf{b}}$ [ ]					
73'	$A_{ii0}$	[(x) sìl]a ì.giš ana sag.du-šú dub ina é šá ta-ra-nam tuku-ú tuš-šú ud 3 kam an-nam dù.dù-uš					
	J <sup>ob</sup> 16	[ ] $ta^{-}ar-ra-nam$ tuku- $u^{\dagger}$ tuš $-su^{\dagger}$ [ ] dù.dù- $us^{\dagger}$					
74'	A <sub>ii10</sub>	[DIŠ na u]gu- $\check{su}$ kúm.kúm- $im$ im.babbar naga si IN.DAR $kib$ - $rit$ gìr.pad.da naga si ì.ḫul $u$ ì.ku $_6$					
75'	$A_{ii11}$	$[1-ni\ddot{s}^2]$ ḫe.ḥe $ina$ NE $^{ ext{giš}}$ kiši $_{16}$ sag.du- $su$ $tu$ - $qat$ - $tar$					
76'	A <sub>ii12</sub>	[DIŠ na sag.du-s]u kúm tuku-ma igi <sup>II</sup> -šú i-bar-ru-ra múd ú-kal-la 1/3 sìla zà.ḥi.li gaz sim					
77'	$A_{ii13}$	$[i]na^{\dagger}a^{\dagger}[gazi^{s}]^{ar}$ sila <sub>11</sub> - $a\check{s}$ sag.du- $su$ SAR- $ab$ lal- $ma$ ud 3 kam nu duḫ					
78'	A <sub>ii14</sub>	1/3 sìla z à.ḫi.l [i] 1/3 sìla zì.kum <i>ina</i> a.geštin.na sila <sub>11</sub> -aš sag.du-su SAR-ab lal-ma ud 3 kam nu duḫ					
79'	A <sub>ii15</sub>	1/3 sìla pa <sup>giš</sup> pèš <i>ina</i> 「ga  [sila <sub>11</sub> -aš xxx : DIŠ ki.min ] 1/3 sìla <sup>ú</sup> ḫab <i>ina</i> ga sila <sub>11</sub> - <i>aš</i> SAR- <i>ab</i> ki.min					
80'	$A_{ii16}$	1/3 sìla <sup>ú</sup> u <sub>5</sub> -[ <i>ra-nu</i> ] <i>ina</i> ga sila <sub>11</sub> - <i>aš</i> SAR- <i>ab</i> ki.min					
81'	A <sub>ii17</sub>	1/3 sìla <sup>ú</sup> <i>ṣa-da-n</i> [ <i>a in</i> ] <i>a</i> ga sila <sub>11</sub> - <i>aš</i> SAR- <i>ab</i> ki.min					
82'	A <sub>ii18</sub>	<sup>ú</sup> sa-ma-nam [] sila <sub>11</sub> -aš SAR-ab ki.min					
83'	A <sub>ii19</sub>	[DIŠ n]a ugu- <i>šú</i> ud.da ta[b- <i>ma</i> g]á <sup>šim</sup> li <sup>šim</sup> gúr.gúr					
	$\mathbf{B}_{\mathbf{i}20}$	DIŠ na ugu- $\check{s}\check{u}$ ud.da tab- $ma$ igi <sup>II</sup> - $\check{s}\check{u}$ $i$ - $bar$ - $ru$ - $ra$ [xxx]x[xx] $\frac{21}{2}$ duh šeg <sub>6</sub> .gá $^{\text{$sim}}$ li $^{\text{$sim}}$ GAM.ma					
	$\mathbf{F_{i8}}$	[ ig]i <sup>II</sup> - <i>šú i-bar-ru-ra</i> <sup>2</sup> [ <sup>šim</sup> l]i <sup>šim</sup> GAM.ma					
84'	$A_{ii20}$	[ <sup>ši</sup> ] <sup>m</sup> buluḫ <i>saḫ-lé-e</i> duḫ.š[e.giš.ì] SAR- <i>ab</i> ki.min					
	$\mathbf{B}_{i21}$	šimbuluh saḥ-lé-e <sup>22</sup> duḥ.še.giš.ì <sup>ú</sup> si-ḫu ina ga sila <sub>11</sub> -aš min					
	F <sub>i9</sub> .	$\sin buluh \frac{10}{2}$ [ ] ina ga sila <sub>11</sub> -aš lal-ma tin-uṭ					

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[DIŠ na u] gu|-\check{s}\check{u} ud.da tab-\check{m} \check{a} [igi<sup>II</sup>-\check{s}\check{u} i-bar-\check{r}]u-ra \check{u} múd diri-\check{a} x[...] [\check{u}]nu.LUH.ha
85'
         A_{ii21}
86'
                  [xx]x sah-le^{gis} m [á.eriš.] má|.ra 1-nis gaz sim ina dida he. he [S [AR(-ab)] | lal|-id
         A_{ii22}
                  [1/3 sìla<sup>?</sup> zà.h]i.li 1/3 sìla zì giš e[re]n 1/3 sìla sìla simli 1/3 sìla [x]PA<sup>?</sup> 1/3 sìla giš si-hu 1/2 sìl[a ]x-nu
87'
         Aii23
                  [DIŠ ki.min] 1 sìla ^{u}[... ^{g}] ^{i\bar{s}} eren 1 sìla ^{sim}li ^{24} 1 sìla ^{sim}MAN.DU 1 sìla ^{u} ^{si}-hu ^{u} ba-ri-rat
         B<sub>i23</sub>
88'
                           duh. š]e.giš. i zì [gú].gal K[U mun]u<sub>5</sub> dida šeg<sub>6</sub>.gá [xx š]u.ti
         A<sub>1124</sub>
                  2 sila duh. še. giš. ì \frac{25}{} gú. gal KU munu_5 x [te^2]-n\acute{e}-ti sag-ka \acute{u}-kal ina šà 2 sìla ti min
         B<sub>124</sub>
89
         Aii25
                  [...]x šu.ti ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab [(ki.)] min
90'
                  [... t]áb.táb-su síg sag.du-šú gub.gub-za giš gúr.gúr g[iš? xxx]
         Aii26
91'
                  [...] súd ina <sup>urudu</sup>šen.tur tu-ba-har sag.du-su [xxx]
92'
                  [...]x i.nun.na ina izi šeg<sub>6</sub>-šal [xxx]
         A_{ii28}
93'
         Aii29
                  [... i]š. urudu šimses kaš ti-ti i.nun.na ina izi šeg<sub>6</sub>[xxx]
94'
                  [... k_1] b-rit gir.pad.DU lú.u<sub>18</sub>.lu gir.pad.DU an[še<sup>?</sup> xx]
                  [... 1] na NE giškiši<sub>16</sub> sag.du-su [tuqattar]
95'
         A_{ii31}
96'
                  [én ...] gi i.bí ì i.bí hé-[en-xx]
         Aii32
97
         A_{ii33}
                  [... u]b.bi hé.e^{l}n x[xx]
98'
                  [... mu-u]n-na-mul-la [tu<sub>6</sub> én]
99'
         A<sub>ii35</sub>
                  [ka.inim.ma šumma amē lu ...]x-šú ú-|zaq-qat|-[su(x)]
100'
                  [...]x šid-nu ugu [xxx]
         Aii36
101'
         A_{ii37}
                  [...]x uh me kù ga [xxx]
102'
         Aii38
                  [\ldots]x gi<sub>4</sub> gi<sub>4</sub> [xxx]
103'
         A_{ii39}
                  [...]_X ka šu NE [(x)] X [xxx]
104'
                  [...] [ana] murub<sub>4</sub> ug[u-\check{s}\check{u}] š[id-(nu)(x)]
105'
         A_{ii41}
                  [xxx]x [xxx]x Ú KUR[.RA?/KUR?]
106'
                  [... lal]-ma ud 3 kam nu [duh]
         A#42
107'
         A_{ii43}
                  DIŠ ki. min ... ina a gaz]i<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš lál-su-ma [x]
108'
                  DIŠ ki.min u[\dots -n]u su-pa-lam ina kaš ta-là-a[\check{s}(x)]
         A<sub>ii44</sub>
109'
                  DIŠ ki.min sah-lé-e [... ni-ki]p-tam zì še.sa.a 1-niš gaz sim ina kaš [sila<sub>11</sub>-aš]
          A_{ii45}
110'
                  DIŠ ki.min 1/3 sìla saḥ-[lé-e ... sil]a<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab [xx]
         A<sub>ii46</sub>
111'
                  DIŠ ki.min 1/2 sìla [...] sila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab [xx]
         A<sub>1147</sub>
112'
         A_{ii48}
                  DIŠ ki.min 1/3 sì[la ... g]az sim ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab [xx]
113'
                  DIŠ ki.min ši [m ...] ina a gazi sar sila<sub>11</sub>-aš [xx]
         A_{ii49}
114'
                  DIŠ ki.min [...] ina kaš sila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab [xx]
         A<sub>ii50</sub>
115'
                   [... i] na a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-a\check{s} SAR-ab [xx]
         A_{ii51}
116'
                   [...] ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab [xx]
          Aii52
117
                   [...] ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab [xx]
 118'
                  [...] ina šur-šum-mi kaš sila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab [xx]
119'
                  [...]x Ú.KUR ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> luḥ-si 1/3 sìla <sup>giš</sup>maš.h[uš]
         A_{ii55}
 120'
                  x[\dots ga]z \sin ina a gazi^{sar} sila_{11}-a\check{s} sag.du-su u gaba-su lal-<math>i^{\dagger}[d]
          Aii56
                   DIŠ k[i.min ... z]ì.kum he.he ina a gazisar sila<sub>11</sub>-aš lal-id
 121'
          A<sub>ii57</sub>
 122'
          Aii58
                   DIŠ k[i.min ... z] i kum ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> ta-là-aš SAR-ab lal-ma ud 3 kam nu duh
 123'
                   DIŠ k[i.min xx ba(1)-l]u-ku 2 sìla^{ta.àm} he.he ina a gazi^{sar} u kaš sila_{11}-a\ddot{s} ki.min
          A;;59
 124'
                   DIŠ k[i.min xx]<sup>[ú]</sup>su-pa-lu ina ì sír-di u a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš ki.min
          A;i60
 125'
                   DIŠ na [sag.du]-su kúm.kúm-im SAR-ab zì ímgaga ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš ud 15 kam lál
          A_{ii61}
                                                                      gaz sim ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš ud 3 kam <sup>: ud 5 kam</sup> lál
 126'
          Aii62
                   DIŠ k[i.min im.]gú ud.da sá.sá
                                                                                              <sup>29</sup> lal-su-ma 3 ud<sup>meš</sup> nu duḫ ...
                   DIŠ ki.min im.gú ša ina ud.da di-kàt gaz [ ]
          E_{28}
 127
                   DIŠ [na ina<sup>?</sup> qer<sup>?</sup>-b]it sag<sup>!</sup>.du-šú; murub4 sag.du-šú ú-ba-[a]n tu-uṣ-ṣa rib-ki ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš ina ì eš<sup>meš</sup> lal
 128'
                                                           [ana kúm sa]g.du šu-ut-bi-i šika [i] m j.šu.rin.na zì.kum
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DIŠ na sag.du-su kúm dab-al ana kúm sag.du zi-hi
         B_{ii36}
                                                                                                                <sup>37</sup> šika ninindu sumun zì.kum
         Aii64b
                  ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš sag.du-su lal
         \mathbf{B}_{ii37}
                   ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub> sag.du-su[x(x)]
129'
                  [saḥ-lé-]e bu-tu-tam zì še.sa.a ina a gaz isar sila<sub>11</sub>- aš lal :Diš ki.min saḥ-lé-e sim li
                                                                                                                                                    ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup>
         B_{ii38}
                   saḥ-lé-e bu-ṭu-ut-ta
                                                               ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub> lal-id <sup>39</sup>
                                                                                                                   saḥ-lé-e sim li sim gúr. gúr ina a gazi sar
         Aii65h
                  sila<sub>11</sub>-aš lal
         B_{ii39}
                  sila<sub>11</sub> lal
130'
                   [xx]x hád.du gaz sim ina a gazisar sila<sub>11</sub>-aš lal
         A_{ii66}
131'
                   [dè ṣar²]-ba-te ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš lal : DIŠ ki.mi[n <sup>ú</sup>hal]-tap-pa-nam gurun <sup>giš</sup>maš.huš ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-
         A<sub>1167</sub>
                   <sup>ú</sup>qud-ra babbar min min <sup>ú</sup>hal-tap-pa-na <sup>giš</sup>maš. huš sila<sub>11</sub> lal
         B<sub>i40</sub>
                  [úgeštin sig7].a hád.a súd ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>- aš lal [:DIŠ ki.min] [ú]má.eriš.má.ra ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>- aš lal
132'
                                                                                                               <sup>ú</sup>má.eriš.má-lá-e min
                                                       ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub> lal
         B_{i41}
                   <sup>ú</sup>geštin sig<sub>7</sub>.a
                   DIŠ ki.min <sup>ú</sup>geštin sig<sub>7</sub>.a ḫád.du gaz sim ina a gazi<sup>sa</sup>[<sup>r</sup> ta-la-aš] <sup>37</sup> lal-su-ma 3 ud<sup>meš</sup> nu duḫ ...
         E36'
133'
         Aii69
                  [...]x^{u}za b [a.lam xx] ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš lal
134'
                  DIŠ [...] dè ṣar-ba-te ina a gazisar sila<sub>11</sub>-aš lal
         A_{iii1}
                  DIŠ [... <sup>š</sup>]<sup>im</sup>gúr.gúr ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>- aš lal
135'
         A<sub>iii2</sub>
136'
         A<sub>iii</sub>3
                   DIŠ [... zì.ku]m? he.he ina a gazisar sila<sub>11</sub>- aš lal
137'
                   DIŠ [...] zì.kum he.he ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš lal
         A_{iii4}
                  DIŠ [... ina a gazi<sup>s</sup>]<sup>ar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš lal : DIŠ ki.min KI.KAL še-el-le-bé-nu ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš lal
138'
         Aiii
139'
                  DIŠ [... dè sar-ba-te ina a gazisar sila<sub>11</sub>-aš lal
         A<sub>iii6</sub>
140'
                   [...] ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš lal
         A<sub>iii7</sub>
141'
                                                                                                       )] sag.du-šú i-šah-hu-uh zi sag.ki tuku.tuku
         A_{iii8}
                   DIŠ [na
                  DIŠ na
                                                 ud.da tab-ma
                                                                                                           sag.du-šú i-šah-hu-uh <sup>28</sup> zi sag.ki tuku.tuku
         \mathbf{B}_{ii27}
                                                                          <<tuku>> síg
         \mathbf{J^{ob}}_{18}
                                                        Tab-ma?
                                                                                           síg ta raš sag.du-šú i-šah-hu-uh 19
         G_{23}
                             sag].du-su ud.da tab-ma
                                                                                                           ugu-šú i-šaḥ-ḥu-ḥu
                                                                                                                                                                     ]-ši
142'
                   ana x[...] sag.du-su SAR-ab
                                          sag.du-su SAR-ab 1 gín \frac{29}{} u_5 argab^{\text{mušen}} ina ì.giš súd sag.du-su
         \mathbf{B}_{\ddot{\mathbf{u}}\mathbf{28}}
                                                                                                                 súd sag.du-su^{\lceil}SAR^{\rceil}-ab
                                                                       gí]n u<sub>5</sub> argab<sup>mušen</sup> ina ì
                                                                                                                           \frac{25}{3} salg?-su
          G_{24}
                                          sag.du-su SAR-ab 1 gín u5 ar[gab
                   tu-kas-sa lal-ma ud 3 kam nu duh
         Aiiigh
         B_{ii29}
                   šed7-ma
                                                        tin
         Ј<sup>оь</sup>20
                                ] [lal]-ma ud 3 kam nu duḫ
                    tu-kas-sa lal-ma ud 3 kam<sup>v</sup> nu [duh ...]
         G_{25}
                                                  10 gín] zì giš sur.mìn 10 gín zì giš MAN.DU 10 gín zì sim li 10 gín zì sim gúr.gúr
143'
         A_{iii10}
                                               ] 10 gín zì giš šur-min-nu 10 gín  zi  sim MAN.DU  \frac{22}{ }  [
                                                                                                                                                     <sup>š</sup>l<sup>im</sup> gúr <sup>l</sup>.gúr
         J<sup>ob</sup>21
                   [(x) 10 g]ín KU [(xx) ^{giš}] e ren 10 gín zì ^{giš}šur.mìn 10 g[ín ] ^{\underline{27}} [ x x ]x 10 gín KU ^{\check{s}im}BA[L<sup>?</sup>] 10 [ ]
         G_{26}
                                                     z] ì g ú.gal 10 gín zì gú.tur 10 gín bar zú.lum.ma 10 gín zà.hi.li
         A_{iii11}
                   10 gín zì gazi<sup>sar</sup> 10 gín zì gú.gal <sup>23</sup> [
          J^{ob}_{22}
                                                                                                        ] bar<sup>?</sup> zú.lum.ma 10 gín zà.hi. li
                                                                                        ]x 10 gín qí-líp zú.lum.ma 10 gí[n
          G_{27}
145'
          Aiii12
                   10 gín dida sig<sub>5</sub> 10 gín KU munu<sub>5</sub> 1-niš he.he
                                                                                                      ina kaš
                                                                                                                            sila<sub>11</sub>- aš gur-ma hád.a gaz sim
          J<sup>ob</sup>24
                                          10 g]ín KU mu[nu<sub>5</sub>] 1-ni\check{s} he.he
                                                                                                                            sila<sub>11</sub>- aš <sup>25</sup> [
                                                                                                                                                                  1 sim
                                                                                                      ina kaš
          G_{28}
                                                                    ] 1-niš
                                                                                         gaz sim ina kaš[(.sag) t]a-la[-aš
 146'
                  | s|ag-ka ú-kal ina šà 1/3 sìla ti-qé ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab lal-ma ki.min
          A_{iii13}
          J<sup>ob</sup>25
                   s[a]g-ka ú-kal ina šà 1/3 sìla ti-q\acute{e}^{26} [
                                                                                      [sag-k] a ú- kal ina šà 1/3 sìla ti-q\acute{e} [xx] xx [...]
          G_{30}
 147
                   [DIŠ k]i.min zà.hi.li àra-ti sim gúr.gúr naga si 1-niš súd ina kaš sila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab ki.min
```

```
148'
                  [DIŠ ki.m]in šimgúr.gúr šimli šim.dnin.urta numun úAB.GAB KA a.ab.ba šimses 1-niš súd ina kaš sila<sub>11</sub>-aš
        f 2<sub>338</sub>
                                   [<sup>ši</sup>]<sup>m</sup>gúr.gúr <sup>šim</sup>li šim. <sup>d</sup>maš
                                                                          numun <sup>ú</sup>[ ] <u><sup>34</sup></u> [
                                                                                                                             ta-]sàk ina kaš<sup>meš</sup> ta-la-aš
                                   ki.min
                  SAR-ab
        .<sup>4</sup>.∰15b
        G_{33b}
                  [S]AR-ab
                                   lal [ ]
                  [Dɪš ki.min <sup>š</sup>]<sup>im</sup>gúr.gúr <sup>šim</sup>li illu <sup>šim</sup>buluh zú.lum ì.udu éllag udu.níta 1-niš súd ina kuš SUR-re SAR-ab
149'
        A<sub>iii16</sub>
150'
                  [DIŠ na sag.d]u-su ud.da tab-ma u kuš-\check{su} gu_7-\check{su} sag.du-su nu-pu-u\underline{h} pa ^{\mathrm{gi}\check{s}}mes.má.kan.na
        A_{iii17}
        Hop 6.
                  DIŠ na sag.du-su ud.da tab-ma u kuš-\check{s}\acute{u} gu<sub>7</sub>-\check{s}\acute{u} [
151'
        Aiii18
                  [hád.du gaz s]im zì gú.gal zì gú.tur dabin in.nu.HA 1-niš ina šur-šum-mi kaš sila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab ki.min
        Hob7
                  hád.du gaz sim zì gú.gal zì gú.tur dab[in
                                                                                        ] \frac{8}{} ina šur-šum-mu kaš sila<sub>11</sub>-aš [xxx]
                                     [duḥ.še.giš.]ì ḥád.a-ti šimgúr.gúr šimli zì.kum ina šur-šum-mi kaš sila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-ab ki.min
152'
        A_{iii19}
                  DIŠ ki. <min> duḫ. še. giš. ì hád. du-ti šim gúr. gúr šim li k[i?.min?]
        H^{ob}_{9}
153'
                  DIŠ ki.min [(x)] [ú]? HAR. HAR šimgúr. gúr šimli zì. kum ina kaš sila<sub>11</sub>- aš SAR-a[b ki.min]
        A<sub>iii20</sub>
154'
                  DIŠ ki.min <sup>ú</sup>LAL hád.a <sup>méš</sup> ina a šed<sub>7</sub> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš SAR-a[b ki.min]
        Aiii21
155'
                  DIŠ na sag.du-su kúm-ma s[íg s]ag.du-su i-sah-hu-uh ana kúm sag.du[-su zi^{2}-ht^{2}]
         A;;;22
156'
                  u síg du-tam gub-zi^{[\hat{u}]}[ak-t]am^{\hat{u}}ši-ma-ha\hat{u} ú babbar 1-ni\check{s} súd ina a
                                                                                                                         he.he sag.du-su te-sir
         A<sub>iii23</sub>
                                                 <sup>ú</sup>ak-tam <sup>ú</sup>ši-ma-ḥa
                                                                                                          ina a kúm [
                                                                                                                                 \int \frac{15}{x} x[xx]x
        \mathbf{B}_{ii14}
                  ud 2 kam ina sag.du-šú i-mit-tì x x sag.du-su luḫ-si numun <sup>giš</sup>bi-ni
                                                                                                                                <sup>ú</sup>kám-ka-da
157'
         Aiii24
                                                                                              numun <sup>giš</sup> bi-nu numun <sup>ú</sup> kam-ka-du
         \mathbf{B}_{ii15}
                  [xx m]ar?
                             <sup>ú</sup>níg.gán.gán <sup>ú</sup>níg.gidru
                                                                        šika n[unuz ga.nu<sub>11</sub><sup>muš</sup>]<sup>en</sup> 1-niš súd ina ì he.he sag.du-su šéš-aš
158'
         Aii25
                                             \frac{1}{10} úníg.gidru sipa šika nunuz ga.nu<sub>11</sub> gaz si[m] \frac{17}{10} ina ì.giš he.he sag.du-su šéš-ma
        B<sub>ii15</sub>
                  numun <sup>ú</sup>[
                  sig gub-a[z(x)]
159'
         A:::26
                  én múnšub al.dúb.b[a] múnšub al.kala.ga
         B_{ii18}
                  én m[un]šub kala.ga
                                                     munšub kala.ga
160'
                  múnšub al.mú.da mú.da [m]únšub níg.gub.ba tu<sub>6</sub> én
         Aiii27
                  munšub mú.da
         B<sub>ii19</sub>
                                         mú.da
161'
                  ka.inim.ma síg sag.d[u] níg.gub.ba mú.da.kam
         A_{\ddot{u}\dot{z}28}
162'
         Aiii29
                  dù.dù.bi <sup>na4</sup>duḥ.ši.a <sup>na4</sup>gug <sup>na4</sup>za.gìn <sup>n</sup>[<sup>a4</sup>
                                                                                                         l <sup>na4</sup>igi.ku<sub>6</sub> <sup>na4</sup>šuba
                  d[ù.dù.bi] na4duḥ.ši.a na4gug na4za.gìn na4nír na4babbar.<min<sub>5</sub>> 28 na4[igi.ku]<sub>6</sub> na4šuba
         J<sub>27</sub>
                                               na4gug na4za.gin na4d[ulh.ši.a na4nír
         B_{ii20}
                  dù.dù.bi
                  <sup>na4</sup>šuba á.zi.da <sup>na4</sup>šuba á.gùb.b[u <sup>na4</sup>kur-nu dab <sup>n</sup>]<sup>a4</sup>muš.GÍR <sup>na4</sup>aš.gì.gì <sup>na4</sup>ugu.aš.gì.gì
163'
         Aiii30
                  <sup>na4</sup>šuba zi.da <sup>na4</sup>šuba gùb.bu <sup>29</sup> [<sup>na4</sup>]kur-nu dab <sup>na4</sup>muš[.GíR] <sup>na4</sup>aš.gì.gì <sup>na4</sup>ugu.aš.gì.gì
         J_{28}
         B_{ii21}
                  <sup>na4</sup>babbar.min<sub>5</sub> <sup>na4</sup>igi.ku<sub>6</sub> <sup>na4</sup>muš.GÍR <sup>na4</sup>aš.gì.gì <sup>na4</sup>ugu.aš.gì.gì <sup>22</sup> <sup>na4</sup>kur-nu dab <sup>na4</sup>šuba <sup>na4</sup>šuba á.zi.da
                  <sup>na4</sup>šuba á.gùb.bu
                                                                                                        ]x-ma síg du-tú ik-kal-la
164'
         A_{iii31}
                                                ina sighé.me.da è-ak [
                  13 ni-bi an-nu-ti
                  13 ni-bi an-nu-te <sup>30</sup> [ina <sup>sí</sup>] <sup>g</sup>hé.me.da è-ak ina síg
                                                                                              kešda<sup>(da)</sup>-ma síg du-tú ik-kal-la
         J<sub>29</sub>
         \mathbf{B}_{ii23}
                                                    ina síghé.med è ina síg-šú kešda
                                                                                                                    síg min
165'
         A_{iii32}
                  én at ta ba ra an gi zi ba an [x x x z]i im ba ra uz mi ia aš
166'
                  pa at ri un da kur ra ḫé-e[n]-x ḫ[é-en] x [ x x ] tu<sub>6</sub> én
         A_{iii33}
167
         A<sub>iii34</sub>
                  kìd.kìd.bi 7 ḥa-ru-bé-e šá IM.si.sá ti-qé ina izi ur-ba-te tur-ár ina i he.he én 7-šú
168'
         A_{iii35}
                  šid-nu 3-šú šéš-su 3-šú ta-ḫal-ʧa-sţu e-nu-ma ta-ḫal-la-ṣu-šú én 3-šú ana ugu sag.du-šú šid-nu
169'
                  én i-bi gi i-bi x[]hi? sag.ki.zí sag.ki.zí hé.en.zálag.ge sag.ki GIŠ sag.ki GIŠ
         Aiii36
170'
         A:::37
                  hé.en.zálag.g[e]x ma.al.lal i.di mu.ra.an.gub hul.bi hul.hul én
                  kìd.kìd[.bi ...] sag.du ígira<sup>mušen</sup> sag.du buru<sub>5</sub>.habrud.da níta <sup>giš</sup>u<sub>4</sub>.hi.in <sup>giš</sup>gišimmar [(x)]
171'
         A_{iii38}
172'
                  [...] én 3-šú ana šà šid-nu eš<sup>meš</sup>-su-ma síg du-tú ik-kal-la lu šá níta lu [šá munus]
173'
         A<sub>iii40</sub>
                  [én ...]x GI LIL šu.gi.e.dè šu.gi
174'
                  [kìd.kìd.bi xx ha-ru-b]é-e šá IM.si.sá ti ina izi tur-ár ina ì giš sur.mìn múd giš eren he.he eš meš -su-ma
                  si.sá-šar5
```

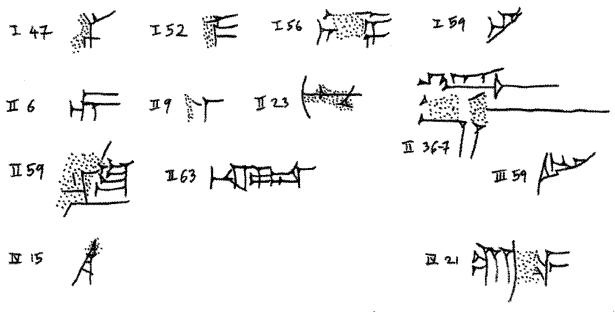
```
175'
                [én xxx] hul.a níg.nam-[x]-ma an[(x)]-zé-er-ta
176'
                [... n]i? ha ba ri eš ma ni ir ra an ni hal hal la ta la gu gim ma ti.la.šè
177'
                [...]x wa du ru na aš hu ri na ah mu un di hu na ha at tu ug tu<sub>6</sub> én
178'
                [ka.inim.m]a síg mú.da.kám
        Aii45
179'-80' Aiii46-7
                 <erased>
181'
                DIŠ na síg te<sup>meš</sup>-šú ma-gal i-šaḥ-ḥu-uḥ na bi dingir-šú <sup>d</sup>ištar-šú ki-šú ze-nu-u
182'
                kìd.kìd.bi ana igi mul maḥ-r[e]-e kešda kešda zú.lum.ma zieša dub-aq ninda.ì.dé.a làl ì.|nun.na| gar-an
183'
                udusiskur dù-uš uzuzag uzume.[hé uz]uKA.NE tu-ṭaḥ-ḥa kaš bal-qí GIŠ.GAN <sup>giš</sup>mļáļ. eriš eš-má-le-e
184'
                u<sub>5</sub> argab<sup>mušen ú</sup>igi.niš <sup>[ú]</sup>[š] e<sub>10</sub> má. |lah<sub>5</sub> ki ì he.he ina igi mul gar-an én an-ni-tam 3-šú šid-nu
185'
        Aiii52
                at-ta mul mu-nam-mir [... ina] qé-reb an-e ha-it ub meš
186'
                ana-ku nenni a nenni ina ge<sub>6</sub> an-né-e igi-ka kam-sa-ku di-ni di-in eš.bar-a-a kud-us
        Aiii53
187'
                ú<sup>bi.a</sup> ŠEŠ<sup>meš</sup> lip-si- su<sup>!</sup> lum-ni á.gú.zi.ga babbar-ma te<sup>meš</sup>-šú ta-kar
        Aiii54
                DIŠ ki.min GIŠ.GAN <sup>giš</sup>lú-a-nu <sup>[ú]</sup>eli-kul-la <sup>ú</sup>kur-ka-na-a DIŠ xx[x síg ] <sup>[</sup>mí.áš.gar <sup>]</sup> gìš.nu.zu ina gú-šú gar-an
188'
        Aiii55
189
                6 ka.inim.[m]a síg mú.da.kam
        Aiii56
190'
                DIŠ na ugu-šú a [ú]-[kal i]na šu.si-ka gal-ti a-šar a<sup>meš</sup> ú-kal-lu tag.tag-at šum-ma <sup>uzu</sup>GIŠ-šú
        Aiii57
191'
                be-e'-s[at a' gul-g]ul-li-sú it-tar-du bad-ma gul-gul-la-sú te-ser LAGAB A sa gul-gul-li-sú
        Aiii58
192'
                f[u²-še²-lam²-ma² túg² sig² a² l]uḥ-si ì.giš sud ana ugu gig gar-an KU.KU giš.kín zì báḥar súd ana ugu gig
                [gar-an ud n kam lal duh²-m]a túg sig¹ a luh-si ì.giš sud ana ugu gig gar-an túg na-al-ti-ip-ti
193'
                [... ud] n+2 kam lal duḥ-ma túg sig! a luḥ-si ì.giš sud ana ugu gig gar-an
194'
195
                [...-t]i gazi<sup>sar</sup> gibil-ti ki zì še.sa.a he.he ana ugu gig mar ud 1 kam lal duh-ma
                [xxx <sup>ši</sup>]<sup>m</sup>li gaz ki zì.kum he.he ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš lal igi gig tu-gal-lab adi ti.la lál
196'
197
                t[u-la]p-pat-ma šum-ma <sup>uzu</sup>GIŠ-šú la be-e'-šat ana li-mit sag.du-šú NE na<sub>4</sub> <sup>meš</sup> gar-an
198
                én u[r-b]a-tum ur-ba-tum ur-ba-tum sa-am-tum zi-am-ma ur-pa-ta sa5 ik-tùm IM.šèg sa5
199
                zi-[m]a ki-tam sa<sub>5</sub>-tum ir-hu a.zi.ga sa<sub>5</sub> zi-ma id sa<sub>5</sub>-tum im-la <sup>lú</sup>engar sa<sub>5</sub>
                giš [ma]r sa<sub>5</sub> giš dusu sa<sub>5</sub> íl-\check{s}i-ma a meš sa<sub>5</sub> meš li-is-kir giš ig-ma sa<sub>5</sub> giš sag.kul-mi sa<sub>5</sub>
200'
        Aiii67
201'
        A_{iii68}
                k á -šú-nu it-tu man-nu-um-ma šá i-pe-et-ta-ku-nu-ši i-ri-iš ma-ra i-ri-iš ma-ra tu<sub>6</sub> én
202
                ka.in[im.ma (šumma) amēlu mê gulgullišu] la ik-kal-lu-ú
        A_{iv1}
203
        A_{iv2}
                dù.dù.bi hal-lu- ta-na -a šá gìr è[me](MUNUS.[ANŠE]) nigin-mi ana šà hi-pe-e-ti gar-an
204'
        A_{iv3}
                 én 7-šú šid-nu ina túg ta-ḥad-di-iq [...]x-nu 7 KA.kešda kešda e-ma kešda
205
        A_{iv4}
                én šid-nu ina sag.ki-šú x[xxx] ina-eš
206'
        A_{iv5a}
                DIŠ na sag.du-su a
                                             ú-kal
                                                                                                       e-le-nu da-d[a-ni-šú
        \mathbf{B}_{ii7}
                DIŠ na sag.du-su a<sup>meš</sup> dab-al murub<sub>4</sub> sag.du-su u sag.ki<sup>II</sup>-su tag<sup>meš</sup>-su ugu da-da-ni-su ti-ik-ki-su
        Aiv5b
                [giše]|r[e]|n| hum-tám gar-an-ma a-šú ub-bal
        \mathbf{B}_{ii8}
                                   kúm
                                           gar-ma
207
        A_{iv6}
                DIŠ na ab-bu-ut-ta-šú a ú-kal kal u[d ... 1]na ud 7 kam lal
208
        A_{iv7}
                 ina ud 8 kam ab-bu-ut-ta-šú 3-šú te-[...]x-na-am lál
209
                 DIŠ na sag.du-su še-ḫa ú-kal [ ]xx ud<sup>?</sup> gar-an
                 DIŠ na sag.du-su it-te-né-ba-aš-šum[-ma xxx <sup>na4</sup>mu]š.GÍR <sup>na4</sup>dag.gaz <sup>na4</sup>gug.mar.ḫa.ši
210'
        A<sub>iv9</sub>
211'
        A_{iv10}
                 ^{\text{na4}}zú ge<sub>6</sub> ^{\text{na4}}nír ^{\text{na4}}an.za[.gu] 1.m e xx ^{\text{na4}}a]maš.pa.è 8 na<sub>4</sub> ^{\text{mes}}
212'
        A_{iv11}
                 an-nu-ti ina sighé.me.da síg babbar NU.NU [xxx ana] sag.ki<sup>II</sup>-šú tara-kás-ma ina-eš
213'
                 DIŠ na | sag.du-su| em-[ma ik²-ta²]-na-aṣ-ṣa šimgúr.gúr š[iml]i šimMAN.DU šim.šal šimBAL
        A_{iv12}
214'
                [ giš]eren.BAD giš si- hu giš a[ r-ga]-nu ba-ri-ra-tam gi dùg
        Aiv13
215'
                 [...]x ina ì.udu éllag udu.níta šá mun nu šub-u ina múd <sup>g</sup>[iš</sup>e]ren súd ina kuš SUR-re sag.du-su lal
        A_{iv14}
216'
        A_{iv15}
                 [\dots]x-tum <sup>šim</sup>buluḫ <sup>ú</sup> kur-ka-nu-u [(x) q] [(x) -ta]-ru šá sag.du
217'
        A_{iv16}
                [nap-\check{s}al-ti sa]g.du pi\check{s}_{10}.ditu_5 babbar u ge_6 ni-kip-ta nita u munus ^{na4}mu-[sa] [
                                                                                                                                         K][A a.ab.|ba
                 nap-šal-tu sag.du piš<sub>10</sub>. ditu<sub>5</sub> babbar ge<sub>6</sub> ni-kip-tam nita u munus<sup>42</sup> na<sup>4</sup> mu-sa na<sup>4</sup> zálag na<sup>4</sup> AN.NE KA tam-tim
        C<sub>41</sub>
        K_{7}
                 nap-šal-ti sag.du pi[š<sub>10</sub>.ditu<sub>5</sub>
                                                                                                                                     \frac{3}{8} [K]A a.ab.ba
```

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218'
                                 bi-n]i si dàra.bar gul-gul nam.lú.u<sub>18</sub>.lu
                                                                                                              ú<sup>ḫi.a</sup> an-nu-ti ur.bi [...]
                   numun <sup>giš</sup> bi-ni
                                                           43 gul-gul nam.lú.u<sub>18</sub>.lu si dàra.bar ú<sup>meš</sup> ŠEŠ
          C<sub>42</sub>
                                                                                                                                        1-niš súd
         Kg.
                    numun giš
                                                                                                                         1-ni|| \check{s}| ta-s\grave{a}k [...]
219'
                                                              ] sag.ki^{meš}-\check{s}\acute{u} [...]
         A_{iv18}
                    ina ì u múd giš eri- īni he.he-ma sag.ki meš - šú tu-lap-pat
          C44
220'
                                 s]ag.du <sup>ú</sup>KUR.KUR piš<sub>10</sub>. ditu<sub>5</sub> <sup>ú</sup>kur-ka-nam
         A_{iv19}
                                                                                                           ni-ki p-f a nita u munus]
         C_{45}
                    qu<sub>5</sub>-tār<sub>5</sub> sag.du <sup>ú</sup>KUR.KUR kib-rít <sup>ú</sup>kur-ka-nam <sup>46</sup> ni-kip-tu níta u munus
                                                           ] pi\check{s}_{10}. ditu<sub>5</sub> ditu<sub>5</sub> ditu<sub>5</sub> vikur-k[a-nam] \frac{13}{2} [
          G_{12}
                                                                                                                              nílta u munus
221'
                    [1-niš tu-d]ak-kak ina múd giš eren he.he
          A_{iv20}
                                                                                                 ina NE tu- qat-tar-šu
         C<sub>46</sub>
                                                          mú]d giš eri-īni he.he-ma ina NE SAR-šú
                    1-niš tu-dak-kak <sup>47</sup> [
         G_{13}
                                                  ina múd gišeren he.he [xxx]
                    1-niš tu-dàk-kak
222'
                    [DIŠ na sag.d]u-su gig <sup>ú</sup>sa-su-um-tam <sup>ú</sup>mur.dù.dù [ú] [p]i mu.un.zer
          A_{iv21}
223'
          A_{iv22}
                    [xx]x-su 1-niš súd ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš sag.du-su SAR-ab lal-ma ud 3 kam nu duh
224'
                    [DIŠ na sag.du-s]u dugud
                                                                         šimgúr.gúr šimli <sup>ú</sup>KUR.KUR šimses
          A_{iv23}
          B<sub>ii43</sub>
                    DIŠ na sag.du-su dugud ana tin-šú šim gúr.gúr šim li úKUR.KUR 44 šim ses Ú.KUR.RA
         A_{iv24}
                                                                 ì.udu éll]ag gu<sub>4</sub> he.he ina kuš
                                                                                                                       SUR-re sa[r-ab ud] n+4 kam lál
         B<sub>ü44</sub>
                    1-niš súd ki illu <sup>šim</sup>buluh u ì.udu
                                                                              \frac{45}{9} gu<sub>4</sub> he.he ina kuš.edin SUR
                                                                                                                                                                     lal-su
                    sag.du-su^{\frac{46}{6}} SAR-ab rib-ki ina a gazi<sup>sar</sup> kúm sila<sub>11</sub>
          B<sub>ii45</sub>
226'
                    [...]x \mid 15 \mid u \mid 2,30 \mid 3 \mid TA. AM \mid te \mid x[
          A_{iv25}
                                                                                   ina a gazi<sup>s</sup>]ar
                                                                                                                sila<sub>11</sub> ina ì šéš lal
227
          A_{iv26}
                                                                         ] x [
                                                                                                                                           -m] a ina zi-šú sag.du-su
          J<sup>ob</sup>31
                    DIŠ na ina si-li-'-ti-šú kúm ina sag.du-[šú ip]-pu-uš-ma 22 sag du-su dugud-ma ina zi-šú [sag.du-s] l
          B_{iii42}
                    DIŠ na ina líl-šú
                                                      kúm ana sag.du-šú ip-pu-uš-ma
                                                                                                                 sag.du-su dugud-ma^{\frac{43}{2}} ina zi-\check{s}\acute{u} sag.du-su
          Aiv27
                                                                                                                                                      <sup>na4</sup>n]a.zà.hi.li súd
                                                                   li ^{\text{sim}}li ^{\text{sim}} mar-gu-şú ^{\text{sim}} ses ^{\text{ú}} u^! (text: ^{\text{su}})-nu-qu [ina] ^{34} ^{\text{na4}}na.zà.^{\text{hi}}.li súd
          Ј<sup>оь</sup>32
                    ana igi-\check{s}\check{u} gíd.da-su^{\frac{33}{2}}
                    ana igi-šú gíd.[d]a-su<sup>44</sup> ana tin-šú <sup>šim</sup>li <sup>ú</sup>mar-gu-sa
                                                                                                           <sup>ú</sup>ur-nu-q[a ina
                                                                                                                                                     <sup>(na4)</sup>]ur-sa
          Biii43
229
          A<sub>iv28</sub>
          Ј<sup>оь</sup>34
                    ana šà ì u kaš šub sag.du-su eš<sup>mėš</sup>-ma kúm ana sag.du-šú i-tel-li
          B_{iii45}
                    ina líl ì.sumun šub sag.du-su šéš-ma kúm
                                                                                               sag.du i-tel-[1]i
230'
          A_{iv29}
                    [...]x sag.du-su eš<sup>meš</sup>
231'
                    DIŠ na [...] im hád.a gaz
          A_{iv30}
232'
          A_{iv31}
                    sim KI x[...]x-ma ud 3 kam nu duh
233'
                                                                                                                                    ana igi]-[šú] gíd.da-su
          A_{iv32}
                    DIŠ na sag.d[u-su
                            \int sag.d^{1}u-su pa-nu-šú igi^{II}-šú g[i]r^{II}-šú su_{6}-šú mú^{meš}-hu^{36} sa[g.du-su] ana igi-šú gíd-su
234
                    \check{\mathbf{s}}\mathbf{u}^{\mathrm{II}}-\check{\mathbf{s}}\check{\mathbf{u}} \quad u \, \mathbf{g} \hat{\mathbf{r}}^{\mathrm{II}}-\check{\mathbf{s}}\check{\mathbf{u}}^{\mathrm{I}}
                                                                                                           \check{s}im-m]a-tam tuku ana t[i-\check{s}ú(x)] \check{s}imgúr.gúr
          Aiv33
                    šu^{\text{Ilmeš}}-\check{s}\check{u} u gìr^{\text{II}}-\check{s}\check{u} gu_{7}-\check{s}\check{u} \overset{37}{m} m-na-tu-\check{s}\check{u} tab-ka su-\check{s}\check{u} \check{s}im-[m]a-tam tuku^{\text{meš}} ana ti-\check{s}\check{u} \overset{38}{s} \overset{3im}{g}gúr.gúr
235'
          Aiv34
                                                                                                   ] gišíldag gazi<sup>s</sup>[ar z]ì še.sa.a
          J^{ob}_{37}
                    šimli <sup>ú</sup>KUR.KUR numun <sup>ú</sup>ÁB.GAB <sup>38</sup> [s] aḥ-lé-e àra-ti pa <sup>giš</sup>íldag gazi<sup>sar</sup> zì še.sa.a
236
                                                                                          ı]na a gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš
          Aiv35
                    kaš dída sig<sub>5</sub> šim dmaš šim si.sá 1-niš gaz sim 41 ina a.gazi<sup>sar</sup> sila<sub>11</sub>-aš
          J<sup>ob</sup><sub>40</sub>
237'
          Aiv36
                    sag.du-s[u SAR-ab
                                                                                                                lál-m]a ud 7 kam nu duh
          J<sup>ob</sup>41
                    sag.du-su SAR-ab^{-1}42 suhuš (text ì.giš) su-su sag.du-su šéš lál-ma ud 7 kam nu duh
                    DIŠ ki.min <sup>ú</sup>[...]<sup>meš</sup>-ma ina-eš
238'
          A_{iv37}
239'
          A<sub>iv38</sub>
                    DIŠ na murub<sub>4</sub> sag[.du-šú
                                                                                                                                  ı]-ta-na-ah gaz šà
          J<sup>ob</sup>43
                    DIŠ na murub<sub>4</sub> sag.du-\check{s}\check{u} \check{u}-zaq-qa-\check{s}u \check{b}ir-ka-\check{s}u dugud \check{u}-ta-\check{b}[a-ka] \overset{44}{=}[e]-ta-na-a\check{h} gaz šà
                    tuku<sup>meš</sup>-ši él[lag-šu
240'
          Aiv39
                                    é[ll]ag-šu e-ta-na-ba l 45 [ ] i-ṣa-nam-mu ik-ka-šu ik-te-né-[er-ru]
241'
                    ana gig z[i²-hi²
                                                                                                           kaš didla ina a gazi sar
          A_{iv40}
```

	[ ] gi dùg <sup>ú</sup> KUR.KUR [ ] <sup>giš</sup> še.nú.[a] <sup>2'</sup> [ <sup>kaš</sup> ]dida <i>ina</i> a gazi <sup>sar</sup>				
242'	$A_{iv41}$	zì še.s[a.a $sila_{11}$ - $a\check{s}$ lal]- $id$			
	Jrv <sub>2</sub> ,	zì [ ] <sup>ú</sup> níg.gidru <sup>3'</sup> [ <i>ina</i> ] utu ḥád.a gaz sim <i>ina</i> a gazi <sup>sar</sup> sila <sub>11</sub> -aš lal- <i>ma</i>			
243'ff	A <sub>iv42f</sub>	[]			
249"	A <sub>iv48</sub> ,	[ num]un $^{!}$ gada numun $^{u}$ x[			
250"	$A_{iv49}$	[ ina k]aš sag lu ina geštin nag [xxx]			
	$\mathbf{D_{iv1'}}$	[ ZI]B <sup>? [</sup> lu-ú ina kaš sag [ ]			
251"	$A_{iv50}$	[DIŠ na sag.k]i.dab.ba tuku.tuku numun <sup>ú</sup> ú ku jš.LAGAB			
	$D_{iv2}$	[ sa]g.ki.dab.ba tuku.tuku			
252" A <sub>iv51'</sub> [dub 1] kam Dīš na ugu- <i>šú</i> kúm <i>ú-kal</i>					
	$\mathbf{D_{iv3}}$	[ ]- <i>šú</i> kúm [ ]			
253"-	9" A <sub>iv52</sub>	Standard Aššurbanipal Colophon, type 9 (see Hunger 1968, n. 329+)			

#### **Collations**

I 7 At the end of the line 7 the lacuna includes more space than the copy suggests



## UGU 1 in translation<sup>1</sup>

- If the crown of a man's head is feverish, †he gets a throbbing sensation in his temporal 1 arteries<sup>†</sup>, and it affects (lit. 'kills') his eyes, with his eyes †being clouded by<sup>†</sup> (any one of) birratu, ipītu, išītu, murdinnu,  $q\bar{u}q\bar{a}nu$ , and/or constantly shedding tears, then grind †1/3 of a litre of cress<sup>2</sup> and terebinth (nuts<sup>2</sup>)†4 on the lower millstone, and sieve; the preparation awaits your attention: †take from it 1/3 litre<sup>†</sup>, knead (it) in kasû-water, shave (J, B: his head), and bind on; do not untie for three days.
- 5 †Knead 1/3 of a litre of cress and 1/3 of a litre of ††flour of ††<sup>6</sup> parched corn in kasûwater<sup>†</sup>, shave (B: his head), bind on, and not untie for three days.

B: †his t[em]p[oral] arteries throb, [...]†.

B: omits (probably unintentionally, see note to line 2). J: †2 litres of cress? and terebinth (nuts?)†; B: † [1/3? litre? terebinth? (nuts?)] and cress†.

Italics indicate uncertainty.

B: †stir in 3 litres of cress<sup>2</sup>, myrrh, and four litres of ground cress<sup>2</sup> or †stir myrrh and four litres of ground cress<sup>2</sup> into 3 litres of the cress?; the preparation awaits your attention.

B: †If ditto stir in 1/3 of a litre of cress and 1/3 of a litre of flour of parched corn, knead in kasû-water†.

7 8 10 13 14	†Mix myrrh and <i>emesallim</i> -salt in equal proportions, pound in butter <sup>†</sup> , da[ub onto] his eyes, [and he will recover].  Knead 1/3 litre of cress <sup>?</sup> , 1/3 litre of oven-sherd, 10 shekels of diluted be[er] in <i>kasû</i> -water, shave, bind on, and [do not untie] for ? days.  After these poultices, he shall gather up with (B: warm emmer) bread 10 shekels of cress <sup>?</sup> from the mouth of a mor[tar which has not discarded sher]ds (B: into the cress) and has not come into contact with †salt or <sup>†9</sup> vinegar, (B: as well as five shekels of cress) (and) he shall eat (it); †beat 5 sh[ekels of ground cress <sup>?</sup> ] in beer <sup>†</sup> , give him it to drink, [he will bring it up and vomit. Cress bandages for the eyes.]  On the first day, po[und] <i>anzaḥḥu</i> []  Pound and sieve 10 shekels of fruit of <i>kalbānu</i> , [], juniper, 1/3 litre [], [knead] (it) in <i>kas[ū]</i> -water, [shave, bind on; do not untie for] three days.  Ko[hl]  [] crush and si[eve]			
13 14 16	water, shave, bind on, and [do not untie] for ? days.  After these poultices, he shall gather up with (B: warm emmer) bread 10 shekels of cress? from the mouth of a mor[tar which has not discarded sher]ds (B: into the cress) and has not come into contact with †salt or†9 vinegar, (B: as well as five shekels of cress) (and) he shall eat (it); †beat 5 sh[ekels of ground cress?] in beer†, 10 give him it to drink, [he will bring it up and vomit. Cress bandages for the eyes.]  On the first day, po[und] anzahhu []  Pound and sieve 10 shekels of fruit of kalbānu, [], juniper, 1/3 litre [], [knead] (it) in kas[û]-water, [shave, bind on; do not untie for] three days.  Ko[hl]  [] crush and si[eve]			
13 14 16	from the mouth of a mor[tar which has not discarded sher]ds (B: into the cress) and has not come into contact with †salt or† vinegar, (B: as well as five shekels of cress) (and) he shall eat (it); †beat 5 sh[ekels of ground cress?] in beer†, 10 give him it to drink, [he will bring it up and vomit. Cress bandages for the eyes.]  On the first day, po[und] anzaḥhu []  Pound and sieve 10 shekels of fruit of kalbānu, [], juniper, 1/3 litre [], [knead] (it) in kas[û]-water, [shave, bind on; do not untie for] three days.  Ko[hl]  [] crush and si[eve]			
14	Pound and sieve 10 shekels of fruit of <i>kalbānu</i> , [], juniper, 1/3 litre [], [knead] (it) in <i>kas</i> [ <i>û</i> ]-water, [shave, bind on; do not untie for] three days.  Ko[hl]  [] crush and si[eve]			
16	kas[û]-water, [shave, bind on; do not untie for] three days.         Ko[hl]         [] crush and si[eve]			
	[] crush and si[eve]			
15				
17				
19	[] ten shekels of flour of d[ried] sesame residue []			
20	Ten shekels of flour of dried sesame residue [] bind his breast for one day; his head [] sprinkle onto his head; in a hou[se]			
23	1 shekel of spur of bat, 1/2 sh[ekel of]			
24	1/3 litre of seed of purslane <sup>?</sup> , 1/3 litre of seed of tur[nip <sup>?</sup> ]			
25	1/3 litre of coarse flour, 1[0 she]kels of d[ate]-skins []			
26-29	[]			
30	(E: If ditto) 1/3 litre of branch of f[ig which was cut in the month of Nisan shave his head, bind on], dry again []			
32	(E: If ditto) 1/3 litre of (E: powder of) $b\bar{u}\bar{s}\bar{a}nu$ , 1/3 litre of (E: powder of) seed of $qudru$ []			
33	'horned' alkali []			
34	1/3 [litre]			
35-34	[]			
40'	[] pound and ru[b in].			
41'	[] shave, bind on, he will recover.			
42'	[], crush, sieve, knead in <i>kasû</i> -water; shave, bind on, di[tto]. [] †knead† <sup>11</sup> in fat from a long [bone] []†pound†, <sup>12</sup> daub on †† <sup>13</sup> .			
43'	[] pound [] and gazelle dung, daub on.			
44'	[] [kne]ad, shave and bind on; do not untie for three days.			
45'	[] [sha]ve, bind on; ditto.			
46' 47'	[] pound [] in mountain [ho]ney, gold patina, daub on.			
48'				
49'	[] knead [] in <i>kasû</i> -water, shave, bind on; do not untie for three days. [] knead [ in o]r in boiled beer-dregs, shave, bind on; do not untie for three days			
50'	[] remove their best part, pound in honey, rub in.			
51'	[If ditto] crush, sieve th[eir best pa]rt, knead in kasû-water, shave, and bind on; do not untie for three days.			
52'	Crush, sieve, and knead [ re]d [plant] in <i>kasû</i> -water; do not untie for three days.			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> B: †Pound myrrh and *emesallim*-salt in butter†.

<sup>9</sup> B: omits.

<sup>10</sup> B: †crush 5 shekels of cress with 1/2 litre of beer†.

<sup>11</sup> M: omits

<sup>12</sup> M: omits (probably erroneously).

<sup>13</sup> M: †x[...]†.

53'	Pound spur of bat in honey, daub it on.			
54'	(E: If ditto dry,) crush, sieve, and [knead] 1/3 litre of twigs of r[ose]mary? in <i>kasû</i> -water, [sh]ave (E: his head), bind on; do not untie for three days.			
55'	(E: If ditto) †knead boiled gypsum in olive oil†, 14 shave (E: his head), bind on, ditto.			
56'	Pound sh[erd] and fine anointing oil which has fungal mould in oil and pat[ina], daub on.			
57°	(E: If ditto) crush, sieve, and [knead] †juniper†, 15 (E: dried) cress? in beer dregs, [sh]ave (E: his head), and bind on; do not untie for three days ††. 16			
58'	(E: If ditto) crush and [sie]ve <i>haltappānu</i> and (E: dried fruit of) <i>kalbānu</i> , knead in dregs of beer and <i>kurunnu</i> -beer, shave (E: his head), and bind on; do not untie for three days.			
59'	Pou[nd] juniper, <i>kukru</i> , <i>baluḫḫu</i> , cress <sup>?</sup> , (and) "horned" alkali, [wa]sh, knead in milk, shave, bind on; do not untie for three days.			
60'	Pound patina [() in ho]ney, daub on.			
61'	[] knead 1/3 litre of cress?, 1/3 litre of <i>bil[latu</i> ], shave, and bind on; do not untie for three days.			
62'	[ k]nead 1/3 litre of cres[s?], shave, and bind on; do not untie for three days.			
63'	[po]und slag <sup>?</sup> , an[zaḥḥu], daub on.			
64'	[] 1/3 litre of flour of le[ntils] (or: ch[ick peas]) [ bind on]; do not untie for three days.			
65' <sub>(ii.1)</sub>	Take, crush, and sieve fresh $kas\hat{u}$ , knead in beer-dregs, shave, and bind on; do not untie for three days.			
66' <sub>(ii.2)</sub>	Squeeze out fresh 'dog's tongue' seed, press its juice into a porous bowl, leave it until it is dry; when it has dried, pound in oil and patina, daub on.			
68' <sub>(ii.4)</sub>	Take as much as looks right to you of 'white plant', spur of bat, (J: in) <sup>17</sup> fat of <i>kanaktu</i> , <i>sumlalû</i> , seed of <i>šurdunû</i> , †tamarisk fungus, seed of <i>maštakal</i> , <sup>18</sup> † 'dog's tongue', branches of tamarisk, <i>emesallim</i> salt, ammi <sup>?</sup> , black cumin, crush, pound in oil, wash his eyes in "horned" alkali, daub on until he has finished crying; <i>while you bandage him, daub it on.</i> Afterwards do not release him [from] his sea[t]; boil juice of 'chaste tree', collect (it) up into a porous pot, let (it) stand overnight under the stars; in the morning [an]oint his head, drip the boiled juice of 'chaste tree' onto his head, sprinkle his head, tie a bandage of carded wool, pour [ lit]re of oil onto his head, lodge him in a house which offers shelter. Do this for three days.			
74' (ii.10)	[If the crown of a man's h]ead is continually hot, mix [together] gypsum, "horned" alkali, IN.DAR, sulphur, bone, "horned" alkali, rancid oil, fish oil, (and) fumigate his head over embers of camelthorn?			
76' (ii.12)	[If a man's head] gets a fever, and his eyes become dim (and) contain blood, pound and sieve 1/3 litre of cress <sup>?</sup> , knead in <i>kasû</i> -water, shave his head, bind on; do not untie for three days.			
78' (ii.14)	Knead 1/3 litre of cress <sup>?</sup> , 1/3 litre of coarse flour in vinegar, shave his head, bind on; do not untie for three days.			
79' (ii.15)	[Knead] 1/3 litre of fig branches in milk [ If ditto] knead 1/3 litre of būšānu branches in milk, shave ditto (i.e. his head, bind on, do not untie for three days).			
80' (ii.16)	[] knead 1/3 litre of fe[nnel <sup>?</sup> ] in milk, shave ditto.			
81' (ii.17)	[] knead 1/3 litre of ṣadān[u i]n milk, shave ditto.			
<u> </u>	[] knead samannu [], shave ditto.			

<sup>14</sup> E: †crush and sift boiled gypsum, [mix] with oil and [...]†.
15 E: †būšānu†.
16 E: †[...] saḫlû and 'white plant' in water [...]†.
17 Corrupt. See note to 68'.
18 J: †fungus, seed of flax, "horned" alkali, maštakat† (probably a misreading, see note).

83° (ii.19)	[If] the crown of a ma[n's] head bur[ns] with sētu-fever [and his eyes flicker], knead [] boiled leftovers, juniper, † kukru†, 19 baluḥḥu, cress², se[same] residue, wormwood² in milk, †shave ditto†. 20				
85' (ii.21)	[If the cro]wn [of a man's head] is inflamed with $s\bar{e}tu$ -fever and [his eyes flick]er and are full of blood, crush together [] asa-foetida, [], cress <sup>?</sup> , rosemary <sup>?</sup> , sift, mix in <i>billatu</i> , shave [() b]ind on.				
87' (ii.23)	[1/3 litre of cre]ss <sup>?</sup> , 1/3 litre of flour of cedar, 1/3 litre of juniper, 1/3 litre of [] 1/3 litre of wormwood, 1/2 litre of [], [2] litres of [s]esame [residue], †flour of† <sup>21</sup> chickpeas <sup>?</sup> , †pulv[erised <sup>?</sup> † <sup>22</sup> mal]t, †boiled <i>billatu</i> , [the preparation awaits your attention], take [2 litres]. [] take [], knead in <i>kasû</i> -water, shave, [di]tto.				
90' (ii.26)	[If] causes him stinging pain (and) the hair of his head stands upright, [] pound [] kukru, [], heat in a small cooking vessel, [] his head []				
92' (ii.28)	[] cook [] butter over a fire []				
93' (ii.29)	[] cook [ pa]tina, myrrh, <i>tīṭu</i> beer, butter, over a fire []				
94' (ii.30)	[ su]lphur, human bone, don[key]-bone, [ fumigate] his head over embers of camelthorn.				
96' (ii.32)	[Charm <sup>7</sup> ] may the incense reed and the incense oil [][it will] shine for him [recital of the charm].				
99' <sub>(ii.35)</sub>	[Incantation: If a man]'s [] causes him stinging pain.				
100' (ii.36)	[] you will recite [ ], the crown of his head []				
101' (ii.37)	(fragmentary Sumerian incantation)				
103' (ii.39)	[] his mouth an inflammation []				
104' (ii.40)	[] you will re[cite the incantation $t$ ] $o$ the middle of his head []				
105' (ii.41)	[] $at\bar{a}'i[\check{s}u^2$ and bind on]; do not [untie] for three days.				
107' (ii.43)	If ditto, knead [ in kasû-wat]er, and bind him []				
108' <sub>(ii.44)</sub>	If ditto, [] kne[ad] juniper in beer [].				
109' (ii.45)	If ditto, crush together and sieve cress?, [ euph]orbia, flour of parched grain, [knead] in beer.				
110' (ii.46)	If ditto, [kne]ad 1/3 litre of cre[ss?], shave []				
111' <sub>(ii.47)</sub>	If ditto, knead 1/2 litre[], shave, []				
112' (ii.48)	If ditto, crush and sift 1/3 li[tre of], knead in kasû-water, shave, []				
113' (ii.49)	If ditto, knead [] in kasû-water, []				
114' (ii.50)	If ditto, knead [] in beer, shave, []				
115' (ii.51)	[] knead [] in kasû-water, shave, []				
116' (ii.52)	[] knead [] in <i>kasû</i> -water, shave [] [] knead [] in <i>kasû</i> -water, shave [] [] knead [] in beer-dregs, shave []				
119' <sub>(ii.55)</sub>	[] wash [] ammi <sup>?</sup> in <i>kasû</i> -water, [ cru]sh and sift, 1/3 litre <i>kalbānu</i> , [], knead in <i>kasû</i> -water, bind his head and his breast.				
121' (ii.57)	If d[itto], mix and knead [, pa]rched corn in kasû-water, bind on.				
122' (ii.58)	If d[itto], mix and knead [, parch]ed corn in kasû-water, shave, and bind on; do not untie for three days.				
123' (ii.59)	If d[itto], mix two litres each of [] (and) [bal]luku, knead in kasû-water and beer, ditto.				
124' (ii.60)	If d[itto], knead [], juniper in olive-oil and kasû-water, ditto.				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> F: †*sumlalû*†.

<sup>20</sup> F: †bind on, and he will live†; B: †ditto†.

<sup>21</sup> B: omits.

<sup>22</sup> B: †[gr]ound<sup>?</sup>†.

- 125' (ii.61) If a man's [head] continually has a temperature, shave, knead emmer in *kasû*-water, bind for 15 days.
- 126' (i.62) If d[itto], crush, sieve, and knead silt †which has been exposed to the open air † 23 in kasû-water, †bind for 3 or 5 days † 24

  [If] a protuberance comes forth [from the ce]ntre: from the middle of [a man]'s head, knead an infusion in kasû-water, anoint in oil, bind on.
- (B: If a man's head is feverish,) to †unseat†<sup>25</sup> an inflammation of his head: knead (B: old) [o]ven-sherd and coarse flour in *kasû*-water, bind his head.
- Knead [cre]ss<sup>?</sup>, terebinth, †flour of†<sup>26</sup> parched grain, in *kasû*-water, bind on. †If ditto†,<sup>27</sup> knead cress<sup>?</sup>, juniper (B: *kukru*) in *kasû*-water, bind on.
- 130' (ii.66) [...] dry, crush (and) sieve [...] in kasû-water, bind on.
- 131' (ii.67) Knead [ash of po]plar in kasû-water, bind on. If ditt[o], knead haltappānu and fruit of kalbānu in kasû-water, bind on.
- (E: If ditto,) †dry and ††pound††<sup>28</sup> [fre]sh [grapes], knead in *kasû*-water†,<sup>29</sup> bind on. †[If ditto], knead rosemary<sup>2</sup> in *kasû*-water, bind on†<sup>30</sup> (E: do not untie for three days. (If ditto,) [...] seed of camelthorn<sup>2</sup> [...].)
- 133' (ii.69) [...] knead jun[iper ...] in kasû-water, bind on.
- 134' (iii.1) If [...] knead [...] ash of poplar in kasû-water, bind on.
- 135' (III.2) If [...] knead [...] kukru in kasû-water, bind on.
- 136' (iii.3) If [...] mix [... coarse fl] our, knead in kasû-water, bind on.
- 137' (iii.4) If [...] mix [...] coarse flour, knead in kasû-water, bind on.
- 138' (iii.5) If [...] knead [... in kas] $\hat{u}^2$ -[water], bind on. †If ditto, knead grass and  $\check{s}elleb\bar{e}nu$ -grass in  $kas\hat{u}$ -water, bind on.
- 139' (iii.6) If [...], knead [... ash of p]oplar in kasû-water, bind on.
- 140' (iii.7) [...] knead [...] in  $kas\hat{u}$ -water, bind on.
- If [a man †'s head†<sup>31</sup> burns with sētu-fever and †the hair] of (G: the crown of) his head falls out†<sup>32</sup> and he repeatedly suffers pulsating arteries in the temples, †to [cure him ...]†<sup>33</sup> shave his head, pound one shekel of bat spur in oil, (J: shave and) cool down his head, and †bind on; do not untie for three days†.<sup>34</sup>
- If di[tto], †mix together†<sup>35</sup> [10 shekels of flour of cedar], 10 shekels of flour of cypress, 10 shekels †of flour of sedge(-tubers²), 10 shekels of flour of juniper, 10 shekels of flour of kulæru, 10 shekels of flour of [kasû], [10 shekels of] (pulverised²) peas, 10 shekels of flour of lentils†, 36 10 shekels of date-skins, 10 shekels of cress², 10 shekels of good billatu, 10 shekels of malt, knead in beer, dry (it) again, pound, sieve; the preparation awaits our attention: take from it 1/3 litre, knead in kasû-water, shave, and bind on, ditto.
- 147' (iii.14) [If di]tto, pound together ground cress?, kukru, and 'horned' alkali, knead in beer, shave, ditto.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> E: †which has been removed from (exposure to) the open air†. I owe this translation to Mark Geller.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> E: †bind him, and do not untie for three days. (If ditto) pound lupin?, [...] in water [...]†.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> B: †remove†.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> B: omits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> B: omits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> E: ††crush and sieve††.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> B: †knead fresh grapes in *kasû*-water†.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> B: †rosemary? ditto†.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> G: present; B: absent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> J: †hair falls out from the top of his head† (corrupt<sup>?</sup> see note).

<sup>33</sup> G and B: omit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> B: he will recover.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> G: †crush and sieve†.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> G: † [...] 10 shekels of flour? of ballukku? [...]†.

- 148' (iii.15) †[If dit]to†, 37 pound together *kukru*, juniper, spurge?, seed of *kammantu*, algae, myrrh, knead in *kasû*-water, shave, ditto.
- 149' (iii.16) [If ditto], pound together kukru, juniper, buluhhu-resin, date, fat of male sheep's kidney, rub in with leather, shave, ditto
- 150° (III.17) [If a man's he]ad burns with \$\sigma \text{tu}\$-fever and his skin hurts him, his head being swollen, [dry, crush, sie]ve branches of Magan-tree, knead flour of chick peas, flour of lentils, \$\text{tappinnu}\$-flour, \$\text{ennenu}\$-cereal together in beer dregs, shave, ditto.
- 152' (iii.19) [If ditto ...] knead [...] dried [sesam]e [residue], kukru, juniper and coarse flour in beerdregs, shave, ditto.
- 153' (iii.20) If ditto, knead [...] thyme?, kukru, juniper and coarse flour in beer-dregs, shav[e, ditto].
- 154' (iii.21) If ditto, dry ašqulālu, knead in cold water, shav[e, ditto].
- If a man's head is inflamed and the ha[ir of his he]ad falls out, to [remove] the inflammation of his head and cause the falling hair to remain attached, †pound together [akt]am, boxthorn, and 'white plant', mix in water, smear his head, on the second day [...] on his head on the right [...] wash [...] his head†, 38 †pound together† 39 seed of tamarisk, (B: seed of) kamkadu, (B: seed of) egemgirû, 'shepherd's staff plant', shell of [ostrich] e[gg], mix in oil, anoint his head (B: and the hair will stay in place).
- 159' (iii.26) Charm. The hair is mighty, the hair is strong, the hair is growing, the fallen hair is growing (back). Charm.
- 161' (iii.28) Incantation for making fallen head-hair grow back.
- Its ritual: string †quartz, carnelian, lapis-lazuli, [hulālu-stone, ††papparmīnu-stone††<sup>40</sup>], 'fish-eye'-stone, šubû, 'šubû of the right', 'šubû of the lef[t', magnetic iron ore,], serpentine², arsenic², uguašgigi†, <sup>41</sup> †these 13 small pieces†<sup>42</sup> on red wool, [tie onto †his†<sup>43</sup> hair] and the falling hair †will be stayed†.
- 165' (iii.32) (Abracadabra incantation)
- 167' (iii.34) Its ritual procedure: take seven carob trees of the north, parch (them) over a fire of rushes, mix in oil; recite the incantation seven times, anoint him three times, comb him three times; while you are combing him recite the incantation over his head three times.
- Charm. Smoke, reed, smoke, ... [...] ... your temples, your temples, it will brighten; the temples, the temples are well, the temples are well, it will brighten, [the illness] will diminish for me, the furious one will stand there for you, its (the disease's) evil shall be obliterated. Charm.
- Its ritual proced[ure]: [ ...] head of heron, head of male rock-partridge<sup>?</sup>, fresh dates from a date-palm [...], recite the incantation three times over the heart, anoint him, and the falling hair will be held back, whether of man or of woman [...]
- 173' (iii.40) [...] ... must be grey, is grey
- 174' (iii.41) [Its ritual procedure:] take [seven car]ob trees of the North, parch over a fire, mix in cypress oil and cedar 'blood', and anoint him; he will be well.
- 175' (iii.42) (Abracadabra incantation, part Sumerian)
- 178' (iii.45) [Incantati]on to make hair grow.
- 179'-80' <erased>

<sup>38</sup> B:  $\dagger$ [...] aktam and boxthorn in hot water [...] $\dagger$ .

<sup>39</sup> B: †crush and sift†.

<sup>40</sup> Emending J to <sup>na4</sup>babbar.<min<sub>5</sub>>. See note to 162'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> G: omits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> B: same ingredients as J (and presumably A) but in a different order: †carnelian, lapis-lazuli, quartz, <u>ħulālu</u>-stone, papparmīnu-stone, 'fish-eye'-stone, serpentine', arsenic', ugu.aš.gi.gi, magnetic iron ore, šubû, 'šubû of the right', 'šubû of the left'†.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> B: omits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> J: omits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> B: †ditto†.

- 181' (iii.48) If the hair on a man's cheeks is very loose, this man's god and goddess are angry with him.
- 182' (III.49) Its ritual: set up a ritual arrangement before the 'foremost' star, strew dates and saskû flour, lay down a mersu-cake, honey, and butter, make a sacrifice: offer a shoulder, fatty tissue, and roast meat, libate beer, mix GIŠ.GAN, rosemary<sup>2</sup>, spur of bat, imhur-ešrâ (and) 'sailor's dung plant' with oil, set it before the star, recite this incantation three times:
- 'You, O star, who illuminate [...], who inspect the (world's) edges [from] inside heaven. I, so-and-so son of so-and-so, am bowed down before you on this night. Pass my verdict, take the decisions concerning me! May these herbs cancel my misery.' (When) morning is bright rub (the preparation) on his cheeks.
- 188' (iii.55) If ditto, [...] GIŠ.GAN, amīlānu, elikulla, kurkanû, [...], place [... hair] of virgin female kid on his neck.
- 189' (iii.56) Six incantations to make hair grow.
- If the crown of a man's head is watery, palpate the watery spot with your thumb. If his ear smells bad (and) his skull's [fluids] have descended, open (i. e. make an incision) and rub his skull; r[emove] all the fluid of his skull [...]; [w]ash [a thin bandage] in water, sprinkle (it) with oil, place (it) on the wound; pound powder of kiškanû-tree (and) potter's dross, (and) [place] (them) on the wound, bind on for [n] days, untie, wash a(nother) thin bandage in water, sprinkle (it) with oil, and place (it) on the wound; the bandage of [...] you bind on for n+2 days, remove; wash a(nother) thin bandage sprinkle (it) with oil, and place (it) on the wound; [...] mix [...] (and) fresh kasû with flour of parched corn, daub onto the wound, bind on for one day, and untie; crush [...] (and) juniper, mix with coarse flour, knead in kasû-water, shave the sick place, bind on until he recovers, p[alp]ate (again) and, if the ear does not smell bad, you place hot stones all around his head.
- Charm: a w[o]rm, a worm, a red worm has risen and covered the red cloud. Red rain has risen and inseminated the red earth. Red high water has risen and filled the red river. A red farmer has risen carrying a red [spa]de and a red hod so that he may dam the red waters, saying '(I obstruct them with) red door and red bolt'. What sign is their gate? The one who will open (it?) for you wants a spade, wants a spade. Recital of the charm.
- 202' (iv.1) Incan[tation: (if) a man's skull fluids] are not retained.
- Its ritual: wrap up tuft(s) of black hair from a female [donkey]'s leg, and place it on the troubled spot. Recite the incantation seven times, press (it) in the cloth, [...] set up seven ritual arrangements, and each time you set one up recite the incantation. You [...] on his temples, [...] he will recover.
- 206' (iv.5) If a man's head is watery, (B: rub the middle of his head and temples thoroughly), place thoroughly that [ce]dart above his ne[ck], and the tit will remove his watert. 46
- 207' (v.6) If a man's forelock is watery, each d[ay ...] on the seventh day bind on; on the eighth day, you sha[ll ...] his forelock three times, [...] ... bind on.
- 209' (iv.8) If a man's head is 'windy', [...] place [...]
- 210' (iv.9) If a man's head constantly throbs [... ser]pentine<sup>?</sup>, a small block of stone, carnelian from Marhash, black obsidian, chalcedony, anza[gulme, ... a] bašmû-stone spin these eight stones onto a red thread and a white thread, [...] and bind onto his temple, and he will recover.
- 213' (iv.13) If a man's head is hot, [and then becomes c]old all over [...] kukru, j[unipe]r sedgetubers?, box-tree, ballukku-substance, [...] old cedar, wormwood, a[rgān]u, sagapenum?, sweet reed.
- 215' (iv.14) [...] pound [...] in fat of male sheeps' kidney which has not been preserved in salt, and in cedar 'blood', rub in with leather, bind on.
- 216' (iv.15) [...] baluḥḥu, kurkanû, [... fu]migants of the head.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> B: †embers†.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> B: †he will recover†.

- 217' (iv.16) [Salve for the h]ead: sulphur black and white, euphorbia male and female, muṣa-stone, [zalāqu-stone, saltpeter], sea [al]gae, [seed of tamarisk], †horn of stag, human skull†: 47 crush these ingredients together, mix in oil and cedar 'blood', smear onto his temples.
- **220'** (iv.19) [Fumigant for the h]ead: crush together atā'išu, sulphur, kurkanû, euphorbia male and female, mix in cedar resin, fumigate him over a fire.
- 222' (iv.21) If a man's head is diseased, pound together sasumtu, murdudû, supālu [...] knead in kasûwater, shave his head and bind on; do not untie for three days.
- [If a man's head] is heavy, (B: to cure him) [pound together] *kukru*, juniper, *atā'išu*, myrrh, †ebony, *baluḥḥu*†, <sup>48</sup> mix with *baluḥḥu* resin and ox †kidney† fat, rub in with †leather†, <sup>50</sup> †shave†, <sup>51</sup> bind on for ? days, (B: shave his head, knead an infusion in cold *kasû*-water, bind on).
- 226' (iv.25) [...] right and left, three each, [...] knead [in kasû-wate]r, anoint with oil, bind on.
- 227' (v.26) If through a man's infection an inflammation spreads to his head, his head is heavy, and when he gets up his head draws him forwards, to cure him pound juniper, margūṣu, and urnuqqu in a mortar, throw on oil and beer, anoint his head, and †the inflammation of his head will depart†. 52
- 230' (iv.29) [...] anoint his head.
- 231' (iv.30) If a man [...] dry [...] ..., crush, sieve, [mix] with [...]; do not untie for three days.
- 233' (iv.32) If a man's head, face, eyes, feet, (and) *chin* are swollen, his head draws him forwards, his hands and feet hurt him, his limbs are flat out and his body gets paralysis, to he[al him] you crush together *kukru*, juniper, *atā'išu*, seed of *kammantu*, ground cress, branches of *adāru*, *kasû*, parched corn, sweet *billatu*, spurge<sup>?</sup>, *šurdunû*, sieve, knead in *kasû*-water, shave his head, anoint his head with liquorice †root†, 53 bind on, and do not untie for seven days.
- 238' (iv.37) If ditto, [...] and [...]; he will recover.
- 239' (iv.38) If the middle of a man's head causes him stinging pain, his lap is heavy, he excretes a lot, he is constantly tired, he repeatedly has 'heartbreak', and it constantly affects his kidneys [...] he is constantly thirsty, he is short of breath, to [remove] the illness, [knead] sweet reed, atā'išu [...] 'chaste tree', [...] billatu in kasû-water with par[ched grain], blanch [...] 'shepherd's staff plant' in the sun, crush, sieve, knead in kasû-water, bind on.
- 243'-8' [...]
- **249'** (iv.48') [...seed of] flax, seed of [...]
  - [...] he will drink [... in] [b]eer or in wine [...]
- 251' (iv.50') If a man constantly has 'seizure of the temples', ...

  [1st] tablet (of the series) 'If the crown of a man's head holds fever ...'

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> C: †human skull, horn of stag†.

 $<sup>^{48}</sup>$  B: †*Ammi* $^{\circ}$ †.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> B: omits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> B: †the skin of a wild ass†.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> B: omits.

<sup>52</sup> J: see note.

<sup>53</sup> Emending J's text 'oil'. See note.

## Notes (by cumulative line number)

**1-3** The string of eye-symptoms would be remarkably particularised if they were all supposed to affect the patient simultaneously, and accordingly, they should be interpreted as a chain of alternate possibilities.<sup>54</sup> Thus the symptoms in the first prescription are: fever, throbbing sensation in the temples, and eye-trouble, the latter consisting in visual impairment and/or weeping.

1 umma ukâl: the phrase is also used of other body parts, including the stomach (libbu), the penis (išaru), the epigastrium (rēš libbi) (see for these Heeßel 2000:252 14 and 254 31), and the feet (see BAM 120 iii 1: šumma awīlu šēpāšu um-ma ú-kal-la-ma 'if a man's feet are feverish'). It is not yet clear what difference, if any, there is between umma kullu and umma rašû (for which expression see CAD R 201<sup>a</sup>). On muḥḥu as 'crown of the head' see JMC 2 (2003):2<sup>1</sup> and George 2003:855. For the translation 'to be feverish' see Kinnier Wilson 1965:142, followed by Heeßel 2000:265.

šer'ān(sa) tīb(zi) nakkapti(sag.ki): the constructions šer'ānū(sa) nakkapti(sag.ki)-šú magal tebû (Ebeling 1922-23:64 35\*) and...-šú tīb(zi) (BAM 6:1 and 7) would lead one to expect tīb šer'ān nakkapti (as in BAM 11:20, ana ti-ib šer'ān(sa) nakkapti(sag.ki)<sup>55</sup>) rather than the attested šer'ān tīb nakkapti, though tīb(zi) nakkapti(sag.ki) is attested as a phrase in its own right (e.g. Labat 1959:10,14). Note that in the text published by Labat 1956, the verbal endings reveal that the logogram sa stands for the plural šer'ānū (see especially rev. 10 and 12).

For the likelihood that *tīb nakkapti* 'rising of the temples' was an idiom for the quickening of the pulse in the temporal arteries, see Oppenheim 1962, Kinnier Wilson 1962:60-2 and 1996:135, Stol 1989:163-4, and Fincke 2000:91<sup>700</sup> and 139. Haussperger (2000:441) suggests ingeniously that medical texts' insistence on the temples as the seat of headache has less to do with the fact that headaches in the temples were particularly frequent than with the universal habit of indicating headache by clasping a hand to the temples or forehead. This view is however somewhat undermined by *BAM 6* (edition forthcoming in this journal), which deals with pulsing arteries in the right and left temples separately, prescribing different treatments for them.

**2** On the eye conditions mentioned (*birratu*, *ipītu*, *išītu*, *murdinnu*, *quqānu*) see now Fincke 2000 (on *amurdinnu* see also Haussperger 2000:442-5, and on *qūqānu* cf. Stol 1998:344).

a- $\check{s}\acute{a}$ -a: as noted by Fincke (2000:96), this spelling and related ones are polysemous. a- $\check{s}\acute{a}$ -a could represent: (a) the feminine plural stative of  $e\check{s}\acute{u}$  'to confuse', with the foregoing illnesses as internal accusatives, and the patient's eyes as subject; (b) the infinitive of the same verb, in the accusative, as object of  $ittanadd\^a$ , with the foregoing diseases being objects of the same verb. Fincke (see footnote 54) interprets the form as (b) infinitive accusative, object of  $ittanadd\^a$ . However, as  $nad\^u$  in connection with tears means 'to secrete, shed', it would be awkward for it to take any of the other foregoing words as objects, and a- $\check{s}\acute{a}$ -a is perhaps better interpreted as (a), stative. Admittedly, if the scribe of BAM 3 omitted a- $\check{s}\acute{a}$ -a deliberately, then he cannot have regarded it as stative, but a careless omission is perhaps at least as likely.

murdinnur. this word appears both with and (as here) without an initial a. The loss of an initial vowel or syllable ('aphesis', 'aphairesis') is a phenomenon well attested cross-linguistically, but rare in Akkadian words with a parent verb (GAG §14a), because given the economy of Semitic morphology, the loss of a root modifier would severely reduce one's ability to identify a word. Nonetheless, Akkadian does offer not few examples of aphesis/aphairesis in loanwords, and as plant words are often lacking an Akkadian etymology, aphesis/aphairesis is common in plant names. Some examples of this were collected by Köcher (1995:211b). To these we might add: abiyāru &

55 On the relation of fib šer'ān nakkapti and fib nakkapti see Stol 1989:163 and Attia and Buisson 2003:16 note to 66.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> Thus also Fincke (2000:91), translating the passage as follows: 'Wenn eines Menschen obere Kopfpartie *ummu*-Fieber festhält, das 'Sich-Erheben der Adern' seine Schläfe erhalten hat und (die Krankheit) seine Augen (folgendermaßen) 'geschlagen hat': Seine Augen sind durch *birratu, ipītu, išītu, murdinnu* ('Rose') und/oder *quqānu ešû* sowie von Tränen(fluß) befallen.'

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> The accusative of the disease  $as\hat{u}$  (for which see Fincke 2000:99-102), as object of *ittanaddâ*, is ruled out by the context: it would be exceptional for the disease  $as\hat{u}$  to affect the eyes exclusively (and the difficulty explained above would apply additionally).

bi'āru (?), (a)bulīlu, (a)darānu,<sup>57</sup> (a)kuṣīmānu, (a)ladiru, (a)lappānu, (al)lu'tu (?),<sup>58</sup> (a)murrānu, (a)naniḥu, (a)ṣuṣimtu, (a)šarmadu, (e)gemgirû.

**4** The identity of the plant  $kas\hat{u}(gazi^{sar})$  is debated. See the recent discussions by Geller 2000 and Heeßel and Al-Rawi 2003:236. A culinary text edited by Bottéro (1995:42-3) includes a recipe for  $m\hat{e}$   $kas\hat{i}$  (a meat broth). Bottéro ad loc. and Köcher (1995:211<sup>a</sup>) are sceptical that this is the same as  $m\hat{e}$   $kas\hat{i}$  of medical texts, which Köcher believes to have been a cold extract ('extract' is also the translation of  $CAD \times 250^a$ ).

On the idiom  $r\bar{e}$  is kullu (lit. 'to hold the head') see Wilcke 1987:83. Emendation to  $\acute{u}$ -qa'(KAL)-a-a on Manuscript B (BAM3) with CAD K 517 $^{b}$  and Q 331 $^{b}$ .

- **6** On the plant name gúr.gúr // kukru see now Kinnier Wilson 2005:48, who discovers a connection with an onomatopoeic word similar to English 'croak' in the association with muṣârānu 'frog' in a botanical text
- **9** The cadence (qaqqassu) tugallab tarakkas/taṣammid, 'shave and bind (his head)', appears frequently in this and other therapeutic medical texts. Note the similarity with a Neo-Assyrian letter (Parpola 1993, SAA X 335) describing a treatment which has been effected:
- 2'  $ma-a \operatorname{sag.d}[u-su]$  'his head
- 3' nu-gal-li-[ib xx] we shaved [...]
- 4' *și-in-di* [xxx] a bandage [...]
- 5' ni-ir-k[u-us] we bound on'

**10-12** I have interpreted hul-qu on BAM 3 (Manuscript B) as a purs- form from  $hal\bar{a}qu$ , the context suggesting it is a collective noun meaning 'lost (i.e. chipped) bits' (of the mortar). AHw 1433<sup>a</sup> emends hul to ar (ar-qa-nu  $nad\hat{u}$ ), which one could also change into ar-qa  $l\bar{a}$ (nu)  $nad\hat{u}$  (I owe this suggestion to M. Stol).  $sahl\hat{u}$  was often mentioned, used, roasted and stored together with salt (see CAD S  $62^a$ - $65^a$ ), so the specification that the  $sahl\hat{u}$  should not have come into contact with salt is understandable.

tab, which normally stands for  $e \not = pu$  'to add' is used in BAM 3 i 17 as a rebus writing for  $e \not = pu$  'skim off, decant, scrape, gather up', which has an allomorph  $e \not = pu$  ( $CAD \to 330^b$ ).

12 Stol (1994:161-4) has shown that in certain contexts kaš and kaš.sag were used interchangeably, and that kaš.sag (which can be read *šikaru rēštû* 'prime beer') could stand simply for *šikaru* 'beer'. A Neo-Assyrian scholar quoting a ritual to the king glosses kaš.sag as *ši-ka-ru* (Parpola 1993, SAA X 74:15). This, together with the presence of kaš (not kaš.sag) on manuscripts B and D, suggests that *šikaru* is the reading of kaš.sag here.

At the end of the line there does not seem to be sufficient space to restore the full text of MS B, but the traces at the end of MS D are compatible with ú, so perhaps the text of UGU 1 should be restored [ú-za-ka i-par-ra-ma ti].

- **16** The restoration  $\tilde{s}$ im. $\tilde{b}$ i.[r][i.da ...] is also possible. For a hypothesis about the connection between  $\tilde{u}$ .KUR.RA and  $\tilde{s}$ im. $\tilde{b}$ i.ri.da (which are both logograms for Akkadian  $n\bar{t}$ n $\hat{u}$ ) see Kinnier Wilson 2005:50f.
- **22** For the end of the line cf. line 73' (house offering shelter); or perhaps *AMT* 88,2:6 ud 3 kam *ina* é *ašib*, 'let him remain indoors for three days'.
- **41'** The traces at the end of the line would also fit k[i.min], but 'ditto' would not give good sense here.
- **43'** For  $u_5$  argab<sup>mušen</sup> see the discussions by Biggs (1967:25f.), Civil (1984:5-9) and Finkel (2000:151). Cf. also Heeßel and Al-Rawi 2003:237 *ad* ii 10.
- **44'** The text of BAM 480 (collated) reads itti(ki)  $sab\overline{\imath}ti(maš.da)$ , 'with gazelle'. However, 'gazelle' with no closer specification is unusual as an ingredient, KI is better read as u and  $se_{10}$  written close together, giving the more satisfactory u  $z\bar{e}$   $sab\bar{\imath}ti$  'and gazelle dung'.
- **50'** On *dišpu* (perhaps 'date syrup' rather than 'honey') see recently Heeßel and Al-Rawi 2003:238 *ad* ii 38.

<sup>57</sup> The dictionaries do not recognise the identity of the two forms, but a relation should be considered.

Unsure. allu'tu is so far attested as a plant name, lu'tu as a disease, and the two words are entered separately in the dictionaries. Since, however, plants and diseases often have related names (see provisionally Stol 1998:344), the two words may be connected.

- 51' The reason for suggesting the restoration [dumuqši]na is that the ingredients in this tablet have a tendency to occur in groups, and in this case dumuqšina occurs in the preceding line.
- **52°** For the reading [S]A<sub>5</sub> see the collated copy and compare the copies in AMT 2,2 Rev. 10 with BAM 480 i 52. For ú.sa<sub>5</sub> see BAM 578 iv 14, CAD S 128°, and 377° (Ú.SA<sub>5</sub> = ú zú.lum.ma).
- **55'** The restoration [... tuballal] is suggested because in therapeutic texts the preposition itti(ki) is normally followed by bullulu 'to mix' (though see 11-12 B: itti 1/2 qa šikari taḥaššal 'crush with 1/2 litre of beer).
- **56°** kipšam 'husks' and kibšam 'dung' are other possible, but much less likely, readings. For the restoration iš.[urudu] (Akkadian šuhtu) compare lines 60' and 67'.
- 57' For ú babbar (*šammu peṣû* 'white plant') see the *Practical Vocabulary of Assur* (Landsberger and Gurney 1957-8:329) line 109, equating it with *bīl ṣarbate*, and likewise *Uruanna* I 225 ff: ú *a-ri-bu*, ú babbar, ú *šá-mu pe-ṣu-ú*: ú illu *ṣar-be-te* (both cited *CAD* Ṣ 108<sup>a</sup>, lex. section).

The erased vertical wedge after *šur-šum*- suggests that the scribe had begun to write *-me* (*šur-šum-me*), but decided to switch to *-mi* (*šur-šum-mi*), a historically 'purer' form, instead.

- 58' The restoration kaš [šeg<sub>6</sub>.g]á // šikari bašli 'boiled beer' is also possible (cf. line 49').
- **63'** The restoration an.[zah ...] has in its favour that it is a kind of glass, and that the preceding ingredient (kù.kan) is glass-related. Other possibilities include AN.[NE] (saltpetre) and an.[dah.šum<sup>sar</sup>](a plant).
- **68'** (ii.4) A Late Babylonian commentary makes it clear that *kamūn bīni* '*kamūnu* of tamarisk' is a single ingredient (see Kinnier Wilson forthcoming in this journal). This was, however, apparently not clear to the Jastrow scribe, who turned the signs giš šinig (šinig = gad naga) numun into numun gad naga si. Probably he was copying from a damaged *Vorlage* (a hypothesis consistent with the puzzling presence of *ina* in the same line of UGU, J ob. 9), but the failure to read the traces as giš šinig after *ka-mun* and the misreading which led to the insertion of *ina* suggest he was not au fait with the phrase, which in turn suggests that he was not expert in cuneiform medical literature (see also the notes to 141', 162', 229' and 237'). I owe the suggestion to interpret *pušikku* as a bandage to Mark Geller.
- **69' (ii.5)** Campbell Thompson's translation (1937:224) 'as much as the glance of thine eyes will take', makes 'the glance of thine eyes' subject of the verb. Following *CAD* M i 148<sup>b</sup> and N ii 296<sup>b</sup>, however, the construction should be taken as analogous to *mala libbika*. Note similarly the use of *mala sibûtika* in medical texts (*AHw* 1099<sup>a-b</sup>).

According to Uruanna III 9 ( $\dot{U}$  bu-'-šá-nur. Aš eme.ur.gi<sub>7</sub>, cited CAD B 350<sup>b</sup>), 'dog's tongue' is a cover name for the plant  $b\bar{u}\bar{s}\bar{a}nu$ ; according to Uruanna III 39 ( $\dot{U}$  ni-kip-ti. Aš še<sub>10</sub>.ur.gi<sub>7</sub> eme.ur.gi<sub>7</sub> gir.pad.DU.ur.gi<sub>7</sub>, cited CAD L 209<sup>a</sup>) it is, along with 'dog's excrement' and 'dog bone' a cover name for the plant nikiptu.

- **70'** (ii.6) Collation confirms Köcher's copy *ina* i súd against Campbell Thompson's *sa-rat*. Later in the same line, the text is not fully satisfactory, and a reading of *te-qé* ud-*ma* as *te-qí-tam-ma* 'ointment' does not seem to help. The translation (which presumes a reading *adi baká*(ér) *parsu*(tar<sup>su</sup>) teqqe inūma taṣammidu(lal)šu teqqe) is tentative and provisional. The text may be corrupt.
- 71' (ii.7) The restoration [ina] parakki([b]ára) lā(nu) tapaṭṭar(duh)-šú 'you shall not release him from his seat' follows Scurlock (2003:16 line 13).
- **72'** (ii.8) The difference between my translation and Campbell Thompson's reflects the differences between the copies in *CT* and *BAM*, confirmed by collation. The determinative ú on síg.ga.ríg.ag.a // pušikku is unexpected. Possibly it originated with a misreading of tarakkas(kešda=SAR) as the herb determinative sar by a scribe who was unfamiliar with the logogram for pušikku, though this does not fully account for its presence on both manuscripts (A and J).
- **74'** (ii.10) Campbell Thompson observed (1937:224) that the ingredient  $u h \bar{u} l u (naga) q a r n \bar{a} n u (si)$  is repeated, and regarded this as mistake (erroneous repetitions are rare in medical texts, but nonetheless attested, e.g. BAM 494 i 63' (edited by Kinnier Wilson 1994:113), where a repeated occurrence of sahar še.giš.ì 'sesame powder' has been partly erased by the scribe. However, the first occurrence of naga si in our passage is followed by the obscure signs IN.DAR, and it is possible that naga si IN.DAR belongs together as a phrase. This hypothesis would have the attraction of eliminating the repetition.

- **75'** (ii.11) As shown by Stol (1998:350f), in view of syllabic spellings such as *i-na pe-en-ti* ašāgi(giškiši<sub>16</sub>) a reading NE (abbreviation of NE.SI.A) // pēmtu is preferable to izi // išātu 'fire' (thus Campbell Thompson 1937:224) and dè // tikmēnu 'ashes'. Cf. however the notes to 131' (sarbatu) and 167' (urbatu).
- **76'-77'** (ii.12-13) The symptoms described in this entry are a drastically abbreviated version of the complex symptomatology described in the first entry, treatments for which seem to take up most of the first column of the tablet. It is, therefore, logical enough that the remedy prescribed (the application onto the shaven head of a bandage of  $sahl\hat{u}$  crushed, sifted, and kneaded in water of  $kas\hat{u}$ ) should use the ingredient which occurs most frequently in the first column, i.e.  $sahl\hat{u}$ . On abbreviation cf. the note to 206'.
- **80'** (ii.16) The writing with  $U_5$  is standard.  ${}^{\dot{u}}U_5$  [...] also possible; cf. Civil 1984, MSL XIV:292.
- 83' (ii.19) For literature on the disease *himit sēti* see Heeßel (2000:186-7).
- **85'** (ii.21) M. Stol pointed out the desirability of a restoration which makes -ra the end of a dual or feminine plural stative (parallel with diri-a //  $mal\hat{a}$  'are full'), and nothing better occurs to me. Though admittedy space is short ([igi]<sup>II</sup>- $<\check{s}\hat{u}>$  is not a satisfactory solution), this still seems preferable to reading [ku-r]a-ra u  $d\bar{a}ma$ (múd) mali(diri.a) '(his head) is full of  $kur\bar{a}ru$ -boils and blood':  $kur\bar{a}ru$  is not otherwise attested as an object of  $mal\hat{u}$  'to be full', and 'to be full of blood' is a standard symptom for eyes (see Fincke 2000:126-8), but not for the head.
- 87' (ii.23) Here and elsewhere (143' = iii.10, 213' = iv.12) the signs MAN.DU //  $su'\bar{a}du$  could conceivably be read as Akkadian min.du, a plant name which is only once written unequivocally (see CAD M ii  $86^a$ ).
- **88'** (ii.22) The reading of KU in KU buqli(munu<sub>3,4,5</sub>) is uncertain. AHw 1535<sup>b</sup> maintains that KU buqli as a drug in medical texts mostly stands for  $q\bar{e}m$  buqli 'flour of malt', an opinion tacitly supported by the reference to BAM 547:8' in Stol 1998:328<sup>b</sup>. The discussions in CAD I 194<sup>b</sup> and Z 151<sup>b</sup>, on the other hand, argue on the strength of the Practical Vocabulary of Assur (Landsberger and Gurney 1957-8:330) 196,  $\S e_{10}$  munu<sub>4</sub> mes = ze-e min (bu-qu-lu), that when preceding buqli in rituals and medical texts KU should be read  $\S e_{10}$  //  $z\hat{u}$  (literally: 'excrement', i.e.) 'refuse', a view further supported by the evidence of Köcher 1955: 8 i 14,  $\S e_{10}$ ].munu<sub>4</sub> = ze-e buqli(munu<sub>4</sub>) (cited CAD Z 151<sup>b</sup>, AHw 1535<sup>b</sup>).
- **94'** (ii.30) 'Human bone' is a cover name for the plant <u>hatti</u>  $r\bar{e}$ 'î 'shepherd's staff' (Köcher 1995:204b).
- 96'-98' (ii.32-34) I owe the interpretation of this incantation to Mark Geller.
- 99' (ii.35) For an example of incantation rubrics beginning 'ka.inim.ma šumma' see AMT 93,3:12 (ka.inim.ma šum-ma amēlu(lú) idi šumēli-šú i-šam-ma-am-šú 'incantation: if a man's left side is paralysed' I owe this translation to M. Stol). Such rubrics could incorporate symptoms from therapeutic texts verbatim: compare ka.inim.ma šumma(diš) amēlu(na) uznāšu i-šag-gu-[ma] 'incantation: if a man's ears roar' (AMT 38,2:8) with šumma amēlu uznāšu i-šag-gu-ma 'if a man's ears roar' (AMT 33,1:38 and 40); and ka.inim.ma šumma(diš) amēlu(na) mi-šit-ti lēti(te) irašši 'incantation: if a man gets paralysis of the cheek' (AMT 76,5:4) with the symptom on line 9 of the same tablet: šumma amēlu mi-šit-ti lēti maruş 'if a man is ill with paralysis of the cheek'.
- **108' (ii.44)** For reading and restoration *ta-là*-[*aš*] cf. 122'.
- 119' (ii.55) Ú.KUR is the reading of *CAD* N ii 241<sup>b</sup>. [...zūta t]u-šam-maṭ ' wipe away [the sweat] ' is unlikely.
- **120-21'** (ii.56-57) The edition follows the copies. Collation reveals that, the tablet edge having eroded slightly, part of lal and all of -id is now lost in both these lines.
- **123'** (ii.59) The edition follows the copies. Collation reveals that the initial *lu* is now lost. For ta.àm corresponding in Akkadian to a status absolutus see George 2003: 209 and 212.
- **125' (ii.60)** BAM 480 is overwhelmingly fond of writing tasammid as lal (not lál), and prescribing that bindings should be kept on for three days. This entry differs in both respects, by using lál instead of lal and prescribing that the binding should be kept for 15 days. This suggests that the compiler of UGU 1 switched sources at this point.
- **126' (ii.62)** Cf *CAD* Ş 152<sup>b</sup>.
- 127' (ii.63) The interpretation of this line is extremely tentative. Nonetheless, the restoration [qer-b]it qaqqadi 'centre of the head' is supported by the gloss murub<sub>4</sub> (Akk. qablu), as qablu and qerbītu are near synonyms, and qabal qaqqadi 'middle of the head' is a standard phrase in medical texts.

 $ub\bar{a}nu$  'finger' is used in transferred senses to describe parts of the liver and lungs (see AHw 1339<sup>a</sup>), and so here it could represent some sort of protuberance. (w)aṣû 'to come out, stick out' is used of body parts (AHw 1477<sup>b</sup>). Though  $qerb\bar{t}t$  qaqqadi might suggest that the protuberance protrudes from inside the interior of the head, the phrase qabal qaqqadi is unequivocally attested as designating an external area, perhaps the top flat part of the head (see the references in CAD Q 8<sup>b</sup>). If the reading  $ub\bar{a}n(u)$  tuṣṣa is correct, this is a noteworthy occurrence of the Assyrian 3rd fem. sing. verbal prefix, rare in medical texts. For another Assyrianism in BAM 480 see line 174' with note.

**131' (ii.67)** This line and 139' are restored on the strength of 134'. The reading dè // tikmēnu seems preferable to NE // pēmtu here as it is easier to imagine ashes being kneaded than hot embers.

141' (iii.8) As noted by Campbell Thompson (1937:230<sup>70</sup>), the text of *BAM* 3 ii 27 (*šumma awīlu ṣēta*(ud.da) *ḥamiṭ*(tab)-*ma irašši*(tuku), 'if a man burns with *ṣētu* fever and gets') is corrupt, for *irašši* 'he gets' lacks an object. Deleting tuku is the simplest solution, as it does not figure on the duplicates (*BAM* 9 and Jastrow), though in principle one could emend tab-*ma* to kúm¹, giving: *šumma amē/īlu ṣēta u/emma irašši* 'if a man gets *ṣētu* fever and an inflammation', or less plausibly 'if a man gets hot *ṣētu* fever'.

The phrase  $r\bar{a}\dot{s}$  (i.e. $r\bar{e}\dot{s}$ ) qaqqadi(sag.du)- $\dot{s}\dot{u}$  'top of his head' on Manuscript J (Jastrow) is suspect.  $r\bar{e}\dot{s}u$  is regularly used with the meaning 'top' in connection with several body parts, but the dictionaries cite only one other instance of  $r\bar{e}\dot{s}$  qaqqadi 'top of the head', in a physiognomic text: ina  $r\bar{e}\dot{s}$ (sag) qaqqadi(sag.du)- $\dot{s}\dot{u}$  (Kraus 1939 number 44:8 cited CAD R 284b). A duplicate to this text has instead ina  $uru\dot{b}$ (dilib)<sup>59</sup> qaqqadi(sag.du)- $\dot{s}\dot{u}$  'on the hair of his head' (Kraus 1939 number 63 Obv. 5'), so the physiognomic text may be corrupt. If this were the case, the Jastrow attestation would be hapax and, given the scribe's apparent inexpertise in medical literature (on which see the notes to 68', 162', 229' and 237') should perhaps be emended (possibly to murub<sub>4</sub> qablu 'middle').

143' (iii.10) zì sim Gí[R] is also possible instead of KU sim BA[L].

**144'** (iii.11) On a point of historical interest, this is the passage where comparison of duplicates first enabled Köcher to determine that KI.KAL in medical texts should be read *qí-líp* (see Köcher 1963).

**149' (iii.16)** On *hīl baluḥḥi* see Heeßel and Al-Rawi 2003:237 *ad* i 21.

157' (iii.24) I owe the suggestion to read *i-mit-ti* to M. Stol.

**158'** (iii.25) The author of a Neo-Assyrian letter (Dietrich 2003, *SAA* XVII 147) has been asked by a correspondent who is ill to dispatch ostrich eggs to him. Since, as this passage itself shows, ostrich eggs are used as *materia medica*, it is attractive to suppose that the sufferer requested them to be sent because he required them for treatment.

160' (iii.27) I owe the reading of SAR as mú 'to grow' (Akkadian equivalent uncertain) here and in similar contexts to M. Stol.

**162'** (iii.29) The text of UGU 1 is unfortunately broken at the relevant point, but *BAM* 3 (Manuscript B) suggest that NA<sub>4</sub> UD written by the Jastrow scribe corresponds to an original na<sup>4</sup>babbar.min<sub>5</sub>(NA<sub>4</sub>.UD.AŠ.AŠ). The omission of min<sub>5</sub> could simply be due to carelessness, but since *papparmīnu* is a relatively rare ingredient and the Jastrow scribe seems not to have been an expert in medical matters (cf. the notes to 68', 141', 229' and 237'), he may deliberately have suppressed min<sub>5</sub> as signs he did not understand, and written na<sub>4</sub> babbar thinking of 'white stone'.

**167'** (iii.34) While the reading NE //  $p\bar{e}mtu$  'coals, embers' is preferable with other ingredients (see the note to 75'), a syllabic writing in a bilingual incantation suggests that in connection with *urbatu* 'rushes' NE should be read izi //  $i\bar{s}\bar{a}tu$  'fire': ki-ma i- $\bar{s}at$  u-ba-te bi-li-ti ina ra-ma-ni- $\bar{s}u$  lib-li 'like an extinguished brush fire, may it be spontaneously extinguished' (Lambert 1970:44 15).

**169'f (iii.36f)** The translation 'your temples' follows a suggestion by Irving Finkel that Z1 could stand phonetically for Sumerian -zu 'your'. The translation 'the furious one' supposes that I.DI might stand phonetically for idim (Akkadian *ekdu*).

172' (iii.39) The specification that the treatment will be effective for both men and women deserves comparison with the incantation rubrics on the obverse of AMT 3,2, which specify that the treatment is intended specifically for women: ka.inim.ma šārat(síg) qaqqad(sag.du) sinništi(munus) i-šaḥ-ḥu-uḥ 'incantation (for when) the hair of a woman's head is loose' (line 6) and [ka.inim.ma ana šārat(s]íg)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> Kraus reads DILIB, and it is not immediately clear from his discussion (page 12, note 5) what sign this represents. Unfortunately, the text in question was not made available in cuneiform copy. In the index, however, he cross-refers between *uruhhu* and DILIB, which suggests that he has in mind SAG\*ŠID, read today as dìlib.

qaqqad(sag.du) sinništi(munus) ka-le-e '[incantation for] preventing the hair of a woman's head from falling out' (line 15). For an example of gender-specific treatment of ailments other than premature whitening of the hair, see the instruction which appears at the end of a recipe for a disease of the airways: ana zikari(nita) teppuš(dù-uš) ana sinništi(munus) lā(nu) teppuš(dù-uš) 'do it to a man, (but) do not do it to a woman' (BAM 555 ii 14).

173' (iii.40) šu.gi is a logogram for words connected to ši'ābu 'to become old'. In the context of treatments for hair, it suggests that the incantation, most of which is now lost, was supposed to prevent premature whitening of the hair, and probably stands for šībtu 'greyness'. Compare a recipe which begins [šumma amēlu ina ṣe-eḥ]-ru-ti-šú sag.du-su še-bé-te [mali] '[If while a man is y]oung his head [is full of] greyness' (AMT 4,1:7),<sup>61</sup> and another later on the same tablet which ends šéš<sup>meš</sup>-su-ma šib-tum lā(nu) ibašši(gál) 'anoint him thoroughly, and there will be no greyness' (AMT 4,1:25).

**174'** (iii.41) For the restoration cf. line 167'. si.sá-šar<sub>5</sub>(IM) i.e. eššar 'he will get well' is an Assyrian form (equivalent to Babylonian eššir). Cf. note to line 127'. On the reading of NE see note to 221'.

**176'** (iii.43) I owe the reading ti.la.šè // ana bulluṭi/balāṭi 'to cure him/that he may live' to Irving Finkel.

182' (iii.49) The restoration  $mab_f[e]-e$  and translation follow Reiner (1995:58). Collation suggests that f[e] is slightly more likely than s[e], but the latter is not excluded, and I here record a suggestion alternative to Reiner's which may (or not) be validated by future textual finds. Our passage shares important similarities with Biggs 1967 no. 11: in both there is talk of stars (*Ištar kakkabī* in Biggs 1967); in both an "dussikur 'sacrifice' is offered for which it is prescribed that you kaš(.sag) bal-qi 'libate (prime) beer', "zuzag "zu me.hé "zu KA.NE tu-tab-ha 'offer shoulder, fatty tissue, roast meat' (breaks ignored in transliteration); in both, the address to the star culminates in an unusual appeal that herbs might dispel the suppliant's trouble (*lipsisū lumnī & liṭrudū ruḥêja*). Given these similarities, we might well expect an equivalent in our passage of a niknakku(nig.na) 'censer' which figures in Biggs's text. This would appear if one read mab-s[e]-e tušarra(sar.sar) 'you shall set (the contents of) a mabsû alight', mabsû being a rare word for a metallic cup, attested in ritual use (see Dossin 1938:2 i 35).

**183'** (iii.50) GIŠ.GAN (also in line 188') is difficult. M. Stol kindly supplied me with the additional attestations in AMT 91,1 rev. 5 and 92,4:10, where it occurs after ú.HAR.LUM.BA.ŠIR. The former passage is a treatment for  $šimmat zuq\bar{a}q\bar{v}pi$  'paralysis produced (as if ) by a scorpion (sting)'. The latter is broken, but enough is preserved to suggest that the two passages may be duplicates.

GIŠ.GAN may simply be an extremely rare ingredient whose Akkadian reading we cannot yet hope to penetrate. Alternately, it could be an abbreviated writing of the much better-known *kiškanû*, mixing the logographic and syllabic spellings (giš.kín and, inter alia, *kiš-kan-nu-û*). Another possibility is that, since giš.gan normally stands for *kannu* 'pot (stand)', and in Neo-Assyrian vernacular this could well have become *ka'(')u*, it is possible that giš.gan is a rebus writing for the plant name *ka'u* (itself possibly deriving from *kammu* 'truffle') listed in *Uruanna* III 337 (cited *CAD* K 409<sup>a</sup>). A reading <sup>giš</sup>šita i.e. *kakku* 'thorn' encounters the difficulties that such a writing is not otherwise attested in monolingual Akkadian texts (Borger 2004:327); and it would leave unexplained *AMT* 91,1 rev. 5 (where it is followed by ka *tam-tim*).

**187'** (iii.54) Compare *šammū u napšaltu ša ina pānīka kunnū lipsisū arnūja* 'may the herbs and salve which are set up before you cancel my sin' (King 1896:12 rev. 76, edited by Ebeling 1953:80).

**188'** (iii.55) *šārat*(síg) *unīqi*(munus.áš.gar) *lā petītu*(gìš.nu.zu) 'hair of virgin kid' may be a cover name for *ṣaṣumtu*. Compare the equation <sup>giš</sup> *ṣa-ṣu-un-tú*: Aš *šārat laḫrr*²(u<sub>8</sub>) *lā petīti* '*ṣaṣumtu*: cover name for hair of virgin female sheep' cited by *CAD* Ṣ 116<sup>a</sup>, lex. section. For GIŠ.GAN see note to 183'.

**189'** (iii.56) The six foregoing incantations mentioned in the rubric are probably: (1) 159'-60' (iii.26-27), with following rubric and ritual; (2) 165'-66' (iii.32-33), with following ritual; (3) 169'-

 $<sup>^{60}</sup>$  The AMT texts dealing with hair mentioned in the notes to 172' and 173' were translated, but not transliterated, by Campbell Thompson 1924.

<sup>61</sup> Restored on the strength of AMT 5,1:5 which reads šumma awīlu ina ṣeḫēri(tur)-šú qaqqad(sag.du)-su še-bé-tú mali(diri) ana šārti(síg) ṣalimti<sup>2</sup>(ge<sub>6</sub>) [xxx] 'if while a man is young his head becomes full of greyness, for [...] black(ening<sup>2</sup>) hair ...'.

70' (iii.36-37), with following ritual; (4) 173' (iii.40), with following ritual; (5) 175'-77' (iii.42-44), with following rubric and ritual; (6) 185'-87' (iii.52-54). The uneven distribution of rubrics across the six incantations suggests that the compiler of UGU 1 (or of an intermediate text) excerpted them from different tablets, importing the rubrics from the tablets when they were present, but not supplying them when they were not.

**190'-7'** (iii.57-64) These important and difficult lines are one of a small number of surgical prescriptions preserved in the medical corpus. <sup>62</sup> Campbell Thompson's translation was much improved on by Labat (1954:212-14), whose persuasive interpretation of the passage was that it directs the practitioner to scrape the skull bone in the case of an abscess which has attacked it. I suggest minor changes in points of detail, but they do not alter the overall sense as conceived by Labat. The passage has also been tackled by Stol 2004:75-6.

**190'** (iii.57) For the translation 'be watery' (literally: 'to have water') see Kinnier Wilson 1956:265, followed by Heeßel 2000:359. 'Wateriness' is a condition associated with skin diseases and with setu-fever, cf. Heeßel 2000:353 14ff. *ubānu rabītu* 'big finger' was translated 'thumb' following AHw 1398<sup>b</sup>, CAD L 91<sup>b</sup> and CAD R 30<sup>a</sup> in preference to the older translation 'index finger' of CAD B 4<sup>b</sup>.

UZU GIŠ ŠÚ: Thompson read  $\check{s}\bar{t}ru(uzu)$   $gi\check{s}-\check{s}\acute{u}$ , translating 'touched flesh'. This was effectively discredited by Labat (1954:213¹), who proposed instead  ${}^{uzu}gi\check{s}-\check{s}\acute{u}$  'protuberance'.  $gil\check{s}u/gi\check{s}\check{s}u$  is now however known to mean 'hip' rather than 'protuberance' (CAD G 73), and while this meaning was applied to the passage by AHw (94², 288b), it does not yield good sense. The better reading is that of CAD B 4b:  ${}^{uzu}Gi\check{s}-\check{s}\acute{u}$  'his ear', which is corroborated by similar passages, and enjoys lexical support (CT 12, 29b ii 15, cited AHw 1447b). GIŠ presumably stands for geštug, perhaps as an abbreviation.

**191'** (iii.58) Campbell Thompson read the line thus:

be-e'-š[at ina gul-g]ul-li-šú iṭ-ṭar-du dāmū(múd)-ma gul-gul-la-šú te-ser būšān(lagab) mé(a) ša gul-gul-li-šú

...if the touched flesh 'smells evil, [and from] his skull blood is expelled, then thou shall bind his skull: the "foetor of the water of his skull..."

Labat instead read:

be-e'-š[at šarku(lugud) ina gul-g]ul-li-šú iṭ-ṭar-du tepette(bad)-ma gul-gul-la-šú te-ser-rim mê(a) ša gul-gul-li-šú <sup>192</sup> t[u-še-lam-ma]

...if, the protuberance giving way (under the pressure of the finger), [pus] is expelled from the skull, make an incision, scrape, and [puncture] out the liquid<sup>63</sup>

Labat derived be-e'-šat from bėšu 'to remove oneself, depart', but now that the subject is known to be the ear, Campbell Thompson's derivation from ba'āšu 'to be malodorous' is more convincing. Labat argued for his reading tepette-ma ... teserrim ... t[ušelâmma] on the strength of AMT44 ii 13 (now = BAM 580' iii' 25'), which contains the same three verbs in the same sequence. He proposed that, while the normal sense of sarāmu is 'to cut', here it should be a technical term for the treatment of bones with the sense of 'to scrape' ('rogner, racler').

Labat's reading of bad-ma as tepette-ma is more convincing that Campbell Thompson's  $d\bar{a}m\bar{u}$ (múd)-ma 'blood', as the word order envisaged by Campbell Thompson [ina g]ulgullišu  $ittard\bar{u}$   $d\bar{a}m\bar{u}$  'blood is expelled from his skull' would be unusual.

The reading it-tar-du ( $war\bar{a}du$  perfect) is, with CAD (G 127 $^{b}$  and S 172 $^{a}$ ) preferable to Labat and Campbell Thompson's it-tar-du ( $tar\bar{a}du$  N preterite). For another example of  $war\bar{a}du$  being used with  $m\hat{u}$  'water' in a medical context, compare the symptom  $m\hat{e}(a)$   $l\bar{a}(nu)$  u-še-rid (Š  $war\bar{a}du$ ) literally '(if ...) he does not 'send down' 'water' (probably urine; cf. Heeßel's note on page 168') ' (Heeßel 2000:153 51').

Labat's proposal te-ser-rim has had a mixed reception in the dictionaries. CAD G 127<sup>b</sup> accepted the reading but translated gulgullašu teserrim as 'you cut (into) his skull', retaining the usual meaning of

<sup>62</sup> On surgery in Mesopotamia see Labat 1954, Majno 1975:52f, Fincke 2000:294-98. The evidence for caesarean sections is now discredited; see Stol 2000:127f.

63 'Si, la protubérance cédant (alors sous le doigt), [du pus] est chassé hors du crâne, tu inciseras, tu racleras le crâne et tu en [ponctionneras] le liquide' (Labat 1954:212-3; his transliteration appears on page 213 note 2).

en [ponctionneras] le liquide' (Labat 1954:212-3; his transliteration appears on page 213 note 2). <sup>64</sup> The verb *bêšu* also has a specialised sense of 'to fork, to divide', amply attested of body parts (see *CAD* B 214<sup>b</sup>), but that does not seem appropriate here.

the verb. 65 More recently, Campbell Thompson's reading te-ser (from sêru) has also found favour, though his translation 'bind' has now given way to 'smear'. Curiously, CAD S cites the passage under both sarāmu 'to cut' and sêru (pp. 172ª and 229ª) without cross-reference, and AHw does the same (1028<sup>a</sup> and 1038<sup>b</sup>). CAD Q 102<sup>a</sup> opts for sêru, referring to Nabnītu VII (Finkel 1982:112) 262ff: sag.du.tag.tag.ga, sag.du.ti.ti.ak.a, sag.du.šu.ak.a = min (=se-e-ru) ša qaq-qa-di which establishes the meaning 'to rub'.

While Labat's adduction of AMT 44 (BAM 580) is pertinent and alluring, if one reads te-ser in line 191' an even closer parallel to the passage may be found in BAM 3 ii 7f (edited as Manuscript B of UGU 1: 206') (cf. Stol 2004:76). The symptoms in the two passages are very similar, 'If (BAM 3: the crown of) a man's head is watery'. Lines 190'-97' of BAM 480 first instruct the practitioner to rub the watery spot and ascertain whether the patient's ear smells bad, which BAM 3 omits, but then, reading gulgullašu te-ser, to rub his skull; rubbing the skull corresponds to qaqqassu u nakkaptašu tulappataššu (tag<sup>meš</sup>-šú) 'rub his head and temples thoroughly' in BAM 3. BAM 480 proceeds to give complicated directions for applying successive dressings, which BAM 3 again omits, and then prescribes the placing of a 'fire of stones' ana limīt qaqqadišu 'all around his head'. Both these expressions are unusual and their precise import is unclear, but it is obvious that they have their counterparts in BAM 3: 'fire of stones' corresponds to NE 'embers', and ana limīt qaqqadišu to eli dâdānīšu tikkišu 'on his neck-tendons and neck'. Thus, with the reading te-ser the structure of both recipes is identical: symptom = water on head, treatment (1) = rubbing, followed by treatment (2) = heat on neck/around head.

The similarity is such that one might be tempted to regard the recipe in BAM 3 as directly derivative of that preserved on UGU 1 lines 190'-97', perhaps constituting a conscious attempt to simplify it in both language and procedure (the unusual eli dâdānīšu tikkišu is less perplexing if it represents a paraphrase of the obscure ana limīt qaqqadišu). Be that as it may (for in the present state of the evidence the genealogical connections between the recipes must remain speculative), the neat parallel produced by the reading te-ser argues strongly in favour of that reading against te-ser-

This is far, however, from signifying that Labat's overall interpretation of the passage is discredited. Having brought sarāmu into play, he then had to go out of his way to assign it the hapax meaning of 'scrape', which is close to that of 'to rub' demonstrated for sêru by Nabnītu, to fit in with his Thus the reading te-ser, which produces the required meaning without special pleading, actually strengthens Labat's interpretation. petû 'to open' can, therefore, retain Labat's ad hoc meaning of 'to make an incision', 66 and indeed the complexity of the medications following the rubbing is such that it is hard to eschew a surgical reading of the passage.

This leaves one wondering how to deal (and how the authors of the dictionary entries reading sêru dealt) with the following difficult LAGAB A ša gulgullišu. Campbell Thompson interpreted LAGAB A as  $b\bar{u}\bar{s}\bar{a}n(\text{HAB})$   $m\hat{e}(a)$ , giving "foetor of the water" of his skull', but this is not fully convincing. The transliteration follows a suggestion by Irving Finkel that LAGAB (read nigin) could stand for napharu 'totality'. I tentatively record an alternative suggestion whose validation must await future textual finds. According to Nabnītu XIV (Finkel 1982:135) 78, LAGAB\*A (=SUG, i.e. umun<sub>11</sub>) can stand for hammu 'pond'. hammu is also the name of a disease known from the Therapeutic Vademecum (BAM 1 i 44: Ú ku-si-bu [ú] ha-am-me súd ina ì.giš šéš 'kusību : plant for the hammudisease; grind and anoint the patient with it in oil'), and CAD H 69<sup>b</sup> had already wondered whether this might be the same word as hammu 'swamp'. Given that the ailment in our passage involves the head 'having water', it would be quite fitting for the hammu- or swamp-disease to be involved. Accordingly, one might read hamma (umun<sub>x</sub>=LAGAB.A) ša gulgullišu [tušelâmma '] 'you will [drain away'] the 'swamp' of his skull.

iptenette (bad.bad-te) (Heeßel 2000:200 54), which with Heeßel's note ad loc. (p. 214) must mean 'he constantly bares his

breast' (i.e. exposes it by removing his clothes).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>65</sup> Trepanation would certainly not be inconceivable a priori. It was successfully practised since at least 10.000 BC (references in Lisowski 1967 and Majno 1975:24-28; on the history of trepanation see recently the collection of essays edited by Arnott et al. 2003) and a trepanned skull has been recovered from early 2<sup>nd</sup> millennium Syria (see Wolska 1994). <sup>66</sup> The exact nuance may be 'to expose' (the bone to be rubbed). For this meaning see particularly Lambert 1969:40 43, where petû is paired (i.e. contrasted) with katāmu 'to cover' (though AHW 464ª questions this), and compare iran(gaba)-su

193' (iii.60) Labat saw that the group of signs which Campbell Thompson had read túg hab a 'the bandage of the foetor of the water' could instead be read *lubāru*(túg) *qatnu*(sig) 'thin bandage', with  $m\tilde{e}(a)$  'water' as an internal accusative of the verb. Labat's reading was followed in the transliteration, and translation. The word *naltiptu/naštiptu* is not otherwise attested in medical texts, and excepting a Neo-Babylonian letter cited *AHw* 1577<sup>b</sup>, outside lexical texts. *AHw* 725<sup>a</sup> reads *ṣubāt*(túg) *na-al-ti-ip-ti*. I have preferred to assume that <sup>túg</sup> *naltipti* is a construct form.

197' (iii.64) Previous discussants have supposed that the passage contains two alternative prescriptions, one (the longer and more complex) to be followed if the ear smells, the other (a fumigation) to be followed if it does not. The strongest case was made by Guido Majno, a fully qualified medical doctor, who read the line of thought as follows: 'If you can feel a collection of pus, then cut: if the abscess is not yet ripe, bring it out with heat' (1975:59). Ceteris paribus, this would be convincing enough. In practice, however, this interpretation makes it extremely difficult to restore anything sensible at the beginning of the line 197', where one would expect a verb such as 'he will recover'. It is possible instead that the two treatments are supposed to be sequential: first one palpates and checks whether the ear smells (perhaps as a result of palpation); if it does not, matters end there and the recipe offers no further advice; if it does, one is instructed to give the first treatment, the lengthy and complex set of procedures involving several medications; after this first treatment is finished, and the patient should have recovered, one palpates again, and checks again whether the ear smells: providing it does not, one gives the second treatment, consisting in a This idea of sequential treatments allows the restoration f(u-la)p'-pat-ma and is supported by the parallel with BAM 3, but I leave the question open to discussion. interpretation of NE in BAM3 (MS B) as 'embers' was proposed by Stol 2004:76.

**198'-201'** (iii.65-68) The incantation has previously been edited by Finkel (2000:81<sup>10</sup>), with references to previous literature, and a partial translation appears in *CAD* S 131<sup>b</sup>. I follow the overall interpretation of Thompson (1937:235<sup>106</sup>): the incantation, its rubric and ritual belong together with the preceding (surgical) treatment. The central problem in both the surgical treatment and the incantation is the non-retention of fluids. Accordingly, actions associated with stoppage of fluids are favourable to the patient and those associated with release unfavourable. Thus, being the original cause of running fluids, the *urbatu* worm in the incantation is the source of the affliction and the patient's enemy, while the 'red farmer' is an ally who seeks to contain the fluids' advance, and shouts 'red door, red bolt' (symbols of stoppage). The last line is difficult, see the note.

**201'** (iii.68) The reading *ma-ra* (*marra*) 'spade' is new, and tentative. This line introduces an anonymous third party who wants to undo the red farmer's damming-work (and therefore do the patient harm). The logic of the incantation may be that if the third party is characterised as needing a spade, then the patient is safe, for the natural possessors of spades are farmers, and the farmer in the piece is the patient's ally. The precise import of the beginning of the line eludes me, however. Further discussion of this tricky text is invited.

**203'** (iv.2) ana libbi hi-pe-e-ti tašakkan is difficult. CAD H 196<sup>a</sup> reads hi-pe-e-ti (f. plur. of hipītu 'breach, hole', normally used of walls etc.) and assumes a hapax meaning 'sherd', translating 'you place it in the sherds(?)'. Given however that hepû 'to break' is now attested in connection with facial features (GUL: he-pu-u: šá zi-me-šú he-p[u-u] 'GUL: a 'broken one', i.e. one whose features are "broken", Civil 1979, MSL XIV, 288:3, cited AHw 1561<sup>a</sup>), the meaning in line 203' could be 'breakage', i.e. 'damaged spot, wound': ana libbi hipēti (gen. sing. of hipītu) tašakkan 'place it on the damaged spot'.

- **205'** (iv.4) This is the first occurrence on the (preserved portions of the) tablet of the verb  $ni'\bar{a}\bar{s}u/n\hat{e}\bar{s}u$ , which like  $bal\bar{a}tu$  has the nuance of recovery. Another text uses both verbs within a single sentence (BAM 393: 14-18):
- 14. šumma (360+40) a-wi-lum ge-er-gi-ša-am ma-li ku-ku-uš-ša4-am ša bu-uq-li-im
- 15. i-na hi-il-și-im ma-la ana ma-la
- 16. tu-uš-te-te-ma ta-ša-ka-an-ma i-ni-aš
- 17. šumma (360+40) la ib-lu-ut ši-im-tam e-mé-tam ta-ša-k[a-an-m]a i-ni-a-aš
- 18. šumma (360+40) la ib-lu-uţ tu-hi em-mu-tim ta-ša-ka-an-ma [i-ni-a-aš]

'If a man is covered with the red skin complaint *gergiššu*, slowly mix malt flour into filtered oil, and apply it. He will recover (*ni'āšu*). If he does not recover (*balāṭu*), apply warm paint, and he will recover (*ni'āšu*). If he does not recover (*balāṭu*), apply warm *tuḥḥu* (beer dregs), and he will recover (*ni'āšu*).

In this text *ni'āšu* seems to express the more desirable outcome, but whether this desirability is due to greater speed or completeness of recovery, or other factors, is hard to tell. In any case, any attempt to derive a general principle from this text is complicated by the fact that its authenticity (it is ostensibly Old Babylonian) is suspect on orthographic grounds (see Finkel forthcoming).

**206'** (iv.5) The recipe in BAM 3 is startlingly similar to the difficult passage BAM 480 190'-97', and helps to elucidate it. Cf. note to 191'. BAM 480 206' is more compact than BAM 3, omitting the instruction to rub the head and temples.

**214' (iv.13)** gi du<sub>10</sub> normally stands for *qanû ṭābu* "sweet reed", a phrase found also in biblical Hebrew, though one lexical text (Landsberger 1959, MSL VII, 24, 258f, cited AHw 839a) equates gi.du<sub>10</sub>.ga with Akkadian *passu* (a type of reed) (see von Schuler 1988:248).

Annie Attia and Gilles Buisson alert me to the fact that the restoration a[r-ga]-nu is almost certain because  $s\bar{\imath}hu$ ,  $arg\bar{a}nu$  and  $barir\bar{\imath}tu$  are ingredients which frequently appear together; cf. Kinnier Wilson 2005:47.

**217'** (iv.16) According to Reiner (1995:34) the *zikar u sinniš* 'male and female' distinction refers to different strengths or concentrations, but it can also be interpreted more simply as a designation of botanical gender (see Kinnier Wilson forthcoming in this journal).

**221' (iv.20)** The reading of NE is uncertain. It is often interpreted as izi // išātu 'fire', but Stol (1998:350) has suggested that in the phrase ina NE tuqattaršu 'fumigate him over NE' it could be NE // pēmtu 'hot coals, embers'. The same thought can be entertained for the phrase ina NE turrar 'parch over NE' in line 174', though there izi is perhaps more likely in the light of the similarity with 167' (see note ad loc.).

**222' (iv.21)** The sign [p]i has been ineffectually erased. Probably the scribe began by writing pinzer but changed his mind to munzer. The reading of munzer as  $sup\bar{a}lu$  is encouraged by a passage in HAR-ra = hubullu XVII (MSL X), where the proximity of  $sup\bar{a}lu$  with asusimtu and  $murdud\hat{u}$  recalls our text:

44 munzer(Ú.KI.<sup>d</sup>NANNA)<sup>67</sup> su-pa-lu 45 munzer(Ú.KI.<sup>d</sup>NANNA) a-ṣu-ṣi-im-tú 46 ú.mur.dù.dù mu-ur-du-du-u 47 ú.aš.tál.tál áš-ta-til-lu

I owe this observation to J. V. Kinnier Wilson.

**224'** (iv.23) In a recent study of the *kurāru* disease, Barbara Böck (2003:183) has suggested that the pharmaceuticals prescribed for an illness can give clues about its nature: 'die Verwendung der Drogen gibt uns nicht nur Einblick in die Vorstellung von Krankheit und ihrer Behandlung, sondern liefert uns einen wertvollen Hinweis auf ein Symptom, das in den Texten nicht genannt wird'. For instance, she deduces that *kurāru* involves fever because the plant *nīnû*, which elsewhere is said to be a plant for fever, is prescribed for it. This is a new and important idea, and in the long run it is bound to lead to good things. Applied to the duplicate *BAM* 3 ii 43, for instance, it might suggest that fever is a symptom of the 'heavy head' condition. Until it has received extensive evaluation (which cannot happen before the publication of *Uruanna* and related texts) and corroboration, however, the principle should perhaps be treated with caution, for it relies on the assumption of a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>67</sup> For the reading of Ú.KI. NANNA as munzer see Civil 1996:123f.

homogeneity in ancient nomenclature, practice, schooling and theory which is better demonstrated than presumed.

**225' (iv.24)** The translation of Manuscript B as 'with the skin of a wild ass' tentatively follows *AHw* 1389<sup>a</sup>'s suggestion that kuš.edin is an abbreviated writing of kuš.anše.edin (cf. *HAR-ra* = *hubullu* XI (Landsberger 1959, *MSL* 7:125) 46 kuš.anše.edin.na = min (*ma-šak*) *sér-re-mu*), and stands for *mašak senēmi*.

**229' (iv.28)** The Jastrow *ana* is unexpected: one expects *ina* (*ummu ina qaqqadišu itelli* 'the fever will depart from his head) or nothing (*ummi qaqqadišu itelli* 'the fever of his head will depart), and may represent an inexpert interpolation by the scribe (cf. the notes to 68', 141', 162', and 237'). On the merging of the prepositions *ana* and *ina* in Neo-Assyrian see Luukko 2004:173-74.

**237'** (iv.36) The Jastrow variant *šaman*(i.giš) *šūši* for *išid*(suhuš) *šūši* is surprising ('oil of liquorice' is not otherwise attested, while 'root of liquorice' is standard), and probably represents a misreading by the scribe (perhaps due to damage on the *Vorlage*), suggesting he was not an expert in medical matters (cf. the notes to 68', 141', 162', and 229').

**239'-42' (iv.38-41)** Jastrow Rev. 3' could also read [ina]  $\bar{u}m$  ... 'on the day that ...'.

**250° (iv.49)** For the alternatives, cf. *šumma kuṣṣu ina šuršum šikari šumma ummālu ina mê kasî tubaḥḥar* 'heat in beer-dregs if (it is) cold (i.e. winter), in *kasû*-water if (it is) hot (i.e. summer)' (Heeßel and Al-Rawi 2003:225 28-29 // Labat 1959:10 Obv. 12 f., and see Labat's note 1 with further references to season-dependent prescriptions). It is possible that similar considerations would have determined the choice of carrier in UGU 1, but were left unexpressed. Cf. also UGU 2 iii 46' (edited by Attia and Buisson 2003), where the same possibility applies.

#### Index of words in the text.

Square brackets mean the word is partly damaged; an underlining means the word is lost on *BAM* 480 but fully preserved on at least one duplicate tablet; an underlining within square brackets means the word is lost on UGU, and only partially preserved on all the duplicates.

Note: providing at least some of a word is damaged on BAM 480, an attestation in square brackets appears in the index even if the word is fully preserved in a duplicate passage.

<i>abālu</i> D	hád.du, hád.a (.meš)	to make dry	du: <u>54</u> , 130, <u>151</u> ; a: 31, 132, 145, 154 (méš), 231, <u>242</u> (in the sun)
abā lu	hád.du	to become dry	67
abbuttu	1	forelock?	207, 208
ablu	hád.du	dried	66 (adi ablu); see also kalbānu ,kupsu, sahlû
abnu	na <sub>4</sub>	stone	197 (see note), 211 (these eight)
adāru (or ildakku)	giš.íldag(=A.AM)	<a tree=""></a>	235 ( <u>foliage</u> )
ajjālu	dàra.bar	deer	see qarnu
akal kunāši	ninda ímgaga(=ÁŠ.AN.NA)	emmer bread	11 (gather up in, warm)
akalu	ninda	bread	11 (gather up in)
akā lu	gu <sub>7</sub>	(a) eat (b) hurt	(a) 11 (b) 150 (skin <sup>2</sup> ), 234 (hands and feet)
aktam, atkam		<a plant=""></a>	[156]
aliktu	du- <i>tú</i> / níg.gub.ba	loose, fallen (of hair)	156, 164, 172 / 160, 161
alpu	gu <sub>4</sub>	ox	see <i>lipû</i>
amašpû	na <sub>4</sub> .amaš.pa.è	<a stone=""></a>	[211]
amē/wīlu	na	a man	1, [74 <sup>2</sup> ], [76 <sup>2</sup> ], [83], [85 <sup>2</sup> ], 125, [127 <sup>2</sup> ], <u>128</u> , [141], [150], 155, 181 (*2), 190, 206, 207, 209, 210, 213, [222 <sup>2</sup> ], [224], <u>227</u> , 231, 233, [239], [251 <sup>2</sup> ], 252
ana bulluțišu	ana ti(n)-šú	to cure him	176 (see note),224, 228, [234] (ti)
ana libbi	ana šà	thereto, thereupon	<u>10</u> , 172, 203, <u>229</u>
<i>anāḫu</i> Gtn		to be very tired	[239]
annanna	nenni	so-and-so	186 (*2)
anzahhu	an.zaḫ	<a glass="" kind="" of=""></a>	$[13, [63]^2]$
arg/kabu	argab <sup>mušen</sup>	bat	see <i>rikib argabi</i> bat dung
argānu		<a plant=""></a>	[214] (see note)
arka	egir	after	10, 70 (after this)
arku	gíd.da	long	see <i>eṣemtu</i>
arqānu / arqu		vegetables	(see note to 10-12)
arqūssu (arqūt+šu)	sig <sub>7</sub> .(a/-su)	while it is fresh	66 (-su), 132 (.a)
asu	šim.gír	myrtle	(see note to 143')
<i>ašābu</i> Š	tuš	to make (s/o) live	73
ašāgu	giš.kiši <sub>16</sub> (=Ú.GÍR)	camelthorn?	embers ( <i>pēmtu</i> ) of: 75, 95
ašgigû	na <sub>4</sub> .aš.gì.gì	arsenic?	163

ašqulālu	ú.LAL	<a marine="" plant=""></a>	154
atā'išu	ú.KUR.KUR	<a plant=""></a>	[105 <sup>?</sup> ], 220, 224, <u>235, 241</u>
atānu	ème (MUNUS.ANŠE)	female donkey	[203] (tuft of hair from leg of)
aw/mīlānu	giš.lú- <i>a-nu</i>	<a plant=""></a>	188
aw/mīlūtu	lú.u <sub>18</sub> .lu, nam.lú.u <sub>18</sub> .lu	human	94, 218 (nam); <construed as="" dependent="" genitive=""></construed>
bābu	ká	gate	[201]
<i>balālu</i> D	he.he	to mix	7, 75, 121, 123, 136, 137, 145, 195, 196, 225; in cedar
Oalala D	ije.ije	to mix	'blood': 221; in <i>billatu</i> : [86]; in water: 156 (hot); in oil:
	1		158 ( <u>i.giš</u> ), 167, 184; in cypress oil and cedar 'blood': 174,
			219
balātu	ti.la / tin	recover (see note to 205')	176 (see note), 196 (until) / 7, [41], <u>84, 142, 206</u>
balātu D	ti.la	recover (see note to 203)	see ana bullutišu
ballukku	šim.BAL	<aromatic plant="" substance=""></aromatic>	[123], 143 <sup>2</sup> , 213
baluhhu	šim.buluh	<aromatic plant=""></aromatic>	59, [84], 216, 224 see also <i>hīl baluḥḥi</i>
barāru	Sincourag	to flicker	eyes: 76, 83, [85 <sup>?</sup> ]
barīratu	1	Sagapenum <sup>2</sup>	87, 214
bašālu Š	I Xaa		
bašlu	Šeg <sub>6</sub>	to cook, to heat boiled, cooked	71, 92, 93
	šeg <sub>6</sub> .(gá)	<del>- i</del>	49, 55, 72, [83]
be'ēšu	<u> </u>	to smell bad	[191], 197
bi'ātu Š		put out for the night	71 (under stars)
bikītu	ér(=A.IGI)	tears	3, 70 (until stopped)
billatu	(kaš).dida(=BI.Ú.SA),	<a beer="" product=""></a>	[61], 86 (mix in), 88 (boiled), [241]
	kaš.dída(=BI.UŠ.SA)		sweet: 145, [236] (dída)
<u>bīnu</u>	giš.šinig	tamarisk	68 (kamūnu of), 69 (foliage), [218]; seed: 157, 218
birku		lap, penis	239
binatu		<an disease="" eye=""></an>	2
bītu	é	house	[22 <sup>?</sup> ], 73 (with shade)
<i>եսիիսrս</i>	l	to heat	91
buqlu	munu₅(=ŠE.BÙLUG)	malt	powder (on reading of KU see note to 88'): [88], 145
burāšu	šim.li	<a> juniper</a>	59, 83, 87, 129, 143 (powder), 148, 149, 152, 153, [196],
		, ,	[213], 224, 228, 235
bu'šu   būšānu	HAB	stench	of water of skull (in line 191'? see note to 190'-197')
būšānu	ú.hab	<a plant=""></a>	32, <u>57</u> , (see note to 69'), 79
buţu(m)tu		terebinth?	3, 129
dadânu	i	neck tendon	[206]
dakāku D	i	to crush	[221] (together)
dâku	i	to affect, to trouble	
daltu	giš.ig	door	200 (red)
dām erēni	múd giš.eren	<pre><cedar 'blood'=""></cedar></pre>	174, 215, <u>219</u> , 221
damqu	sig <sub>5</sub>	sweet	see billatu
dāmu∕ū	múd	blood	in eyes: 76 ( <i>kullu</i> ), 85 ( <i>malû</i> )
dannu	kala.ga / al.kala.ga	strong	1 159 / 159
dekû	Kalaiga / alikalaiga	to remove	126 (silt from open air)
dīna dânu		to make a judgement	1 186
dišpu	l làl	honey, date syrup	182; pound in: 50, 53, [60]
dišip šadî	làl kur	mountain honey	[ [47]
duhšû	na <sub>4</sub> .duḥ.si.a	quartz	162
dumqu	l Ha4.duij.St.a	'goodness' (of plants)	50, [51]
egemgirû	ú.níg.gán.gán	Eruca sativa	158 (seed?)
ekdu	idim (I.DI <sup>?</sup> )		170 (see note)
elikulla	1 MIIII (1.D1 )	fearsome <a plant=""></a>	1 170 (see note)
ellu	ì.giš	I ~a piant/	see <i>šamnu</i>
<i>emēmu</i> Gtn	kúm.kúm	to be hot constantly	74, 125
emēmu Gui	kúm	to be not constantly	head: 155, [213] ( <i>em-ma</i> )
етти	kúm	hot	
epēšu	L KUIII	1101	11 (bread), 156 (water), 206 (cedar²), 225 (mê kasî)
	di)	to make I to be	
	dù dù dù	to make / to be active	183 (sacrifice) / 227 (inflammation)
<i>epēšu</i> Gtn	dù.dù	to make, to do regularly	73
epēšu Gtn epuštušu	dù.dù dù.dù.bi	to make, to do regularly its ritual	73 162, 203
epēšu Gtn epuštušu eqû	dù.dù dù.dù.bi mar	to make, to do regularly its ritual to daub on, apply	73   162, 203   [7],[40], 43, 44, 47, 50, 53, 56, 60, 63, 67, 70(*2)
epēšu Gtn epuštušu eqû eqû Gtn	dù.dù dù.dù.bi mar mar.méš	to make, to do regularly its ritual to daub on, apply do. repeatedly, thoroughly	73 162, 203 [7],[40], 43, 44, 47, 50, 53, 56, 60, 63, 67, 70(*2) 7
epēšu Gtn epuštušu eqû eqû Gtn erē nu	dù.dù dù.dù.bi mar	to make, to do regularly its ritual to daub on, apply do. repeatedly, thoroughly cedar	73 162, 203 [7],[40], 43, 44, 47, 50, 53, 56, 60, 63, 67, 70(*2) 7 [87] (powder), [143], [206] (hot); see also: dāmu
epēšu Gtn epuštušu eqû cqû Gtn erē nu erēru D	dù.dù dù.dù.bi mar mar.méš	to make, to do regularly its ritual to daub on, apply do. repeatedly, thoroughly cedar to parch	73   162, 203   [7],[40], 43, 44, 47, 50, 53, 56, 60, 63, 67, 70(*2)   7   [87] (powder), [143], [206] (hot); see also: dāmu   167 (over embers of poplar), 174
epēšu Gtn epuštušu eqû cqû Gtn erē nu erēru D erēšu	dù.dù dù.dù.bi mar mar.méš giš.eren	to make, to do regularly its ritual to daub on, apply do. repeatedly, thoroughly cedar to parch to want	73 162, 203 [7],[40], 43, 44, 47, 50, 53, 56, 60, 63, 67, 70(*2) 7 [87] (powder), [143], [206] (hot); see also: dāmu 167 (over embers of poplar), 174 201(*2)
epēšu Gtn epuštušu eqû eqû Gtn erē nu erēru D erēšu erşetu	dù.dù dù.dù.bi mar mar.méš giš.eren	to make, to do regularly its ritual to daub on, apply do. repeatedly, thoroughly cedar to parch to want earth	73   162, 203   [7],[40], 43, 44, 47, 50, 53, 56, 60, 63, 67, 70(*2)   7   [87] (powder), [143], [206] (hot); see also: dāmu   167 (over embers of poplar), 174   201(*2)   199 (red)
epēšu Gtn epuštušu eqû eqû Gtn erē nu erēru D erēšu erşetu erû	dù.dù dù.dù.bi mar mar.méš giš.eren ki na <sub>4.</sub> ur <sub>5</sub>	to make, to do regularly its ritual to daub on, apply do. repeatedly, thoroughly cedar to parch to want earth grindstone	73   162, 203   [7],[40], 43, 44, 47, 50, 53, 56, 60, 63, 67, 70(*2)   7   [87] (powder), [143], [206] (hot); see also: dāmu   167 (over embers of poplar), 174   201(*2)   199 (red)   3
epēšu Gtn epuštušu eqû eqû Gtn erē nu erē ru D erēšu erşetu erû esē pu, eşē pu	dù.dù dù.dù.bi mar mar.méš giš.eren ki na <sub>4.</sub> ur <sub>5</sub> tab (see note to 11)	to make, to do regularly its ritual to daub on, apply do. repeatedly, thoroughly cedar to parch to want earth grindstone collect, gather	73   162, 203   [7],[40], 43, 44, 47, 50, 53, 56, 60, 63, 67, 70(*2)   7   [87] (powder), [143], [206] (hot); see also: dāmu   167 (over embers of poplar), 174   201(*2)   199 (red)   3   11 (drugs with bread), 71 (liquid into vessel)
epēšu Gtn epuštušu eqû eqû Gtn erēnu erēru D erēšu erşetu erû esēpu, eşēpu eşemtu	dù.dù dù.dù.bi mar mar.méš giš.eren ki na <sub>4.</sub> ur <sub>5</sub> tab (see note to 11) gìr.pad.da/DU	to make, to do regularly its ritual to daub on, apply do. repeatedly, thoroughly cedar to parch to want earth grindstone collect, gather bone	73   162, 203   [7],[40], 43, 44, 47, 50, 53, 56, 60, 63, 67, 70(*2)   7   [87] (powder), [143], [206] (hot); see also: dāmu   167 (over embers of poplar), 174   201(*2)   199 (red)   3   11 (drugs with bread), 71 (liquid into vessel)   [43] (long), 74, 94 (human), 94 (donkey <sup>2</sup> )
epēšu Gtn epuštušu eqû eqû Gtn erē nu erē ru D erēšu erşetu erû esē pu, eşē pu eşemtu ešē ru	dù.dù dù.dù.bi mar mar.méš giš.eren ki na <sub>4.</sub> ur <sub>5</sub> tab (see note to 11) gìr.pad.da/DU si.sá	to make, to do regularly its ritual to daub on, apply do. repeatedly, thoroughly cedar to parch to want earth grindstone collect, gather bone to be, to get, in good order	73   162, 203   [7],[40], 43, 44, 47, 50, 53, 56, 60, 63, 67, 70(*2)   7   [87] (powder), [143], [206] (hot); see also: dāmu   167 (over embers of poplar), 174   201(*2)   199 (red)   3   11 (drugs with bread), 71 (liquid into vessel)   [43] (long), 74, 94 (human), 94 (donkey <sup>?</sup> )   174 (see note)
epēšu Gtn epuštušu eqû eqû Gtn erē nu erē ru D erēšu erşetu erû esē pu, eşē pu eşemtu ešē ru eššu	dù.dù dù.dù.bi mar mar.méš giš.eren ki na <sub>4.</sub> ur <sub>5</sub> tab (see note to 11) gìr.pad.da/DU	to make, to do regularly its ritual to daub on, apply do. repeatedly, thoroughly cedar to parch to want earth grindstone collect, gather bone to be, to get, in good order fresh	73   162, 203   [7],[40], 43, 44, 47, 50, 53, 56, 60, 63, 67, 70(*2)   7   [87] (powder), [143], [206] (hot); see also: dāmu   167 (over embers of poplar), 174   201(*2)   199 (red)   3   11 (drugs with bread), 71 (liquid into vessel)   [43] (long), 74, 94 (human), 94 (donkey?)   174 (see note)   65, 195 (see kasû)
epēšu Gtn	dù.dù dù.dù.bi mar mar.méš giš.eren  ki na4.ur5 tab (see note to 11) gìr.pad.da/DU si.sá gibil	to make, to do regularly its ritual to daub on, apply do. repeatedly, thoroughly cedar to parch to want earth grindstone collect, gather bone to be, to get, in good order fresh to confuse, blur	73   162, 203   [7],[40], 43, 44, 47, 50, 53, 56, 60, 63, 67, 70(*2)   7   [87] (powder), [143], [206] (hot); see also: dāmu   167 (over embers of poplar), 174   201(*2)   199 (red)   3   11 (drugs with bread), 71 (liquid into vessel)   [43] (long), 74, 94 (human), 94 (donkey²)   174 (see note)   65, 195 (see kasû)   2 (see note)
epēšu Gtn epuštušu eqû eqû Gtn erēnu erēnu D erēšu ersetu erû esēpu, eşēpu eşemtu ešēru eššu	dù.dù dù.dù.bi mar mar.méš giš.eren ki na <sub>4.</sub> ur <sub>5</sub> tab (see note to 11) gìr.pad.da/DU si.sá	to make, to do regularly its ritual to daub on, apply do. repeatedly, thoroughly cedar to parch to want earth grindstone collect, gather bone to be, to get, in good order fresh	73   162, 203   [7],[40], 43, 44, 47, 50, 53, 56, 60, 63, 67, 70(*2)   7   [87] (powder), [143], [206] (hot); see also: dāmu   167 (over embers of poplar), 174   201(*2)   199 (red)   3   11 (drugs with bread), 71 (liquid into vessel)   [43] (long), 74, 94 (human), 94 (donkey?)   174 (see note)   65, 195 (see kasû)

	šim.bi.zi.da	kohl	[16]
guḥlu	Sim.oi.zi.da	skull	[191], 191(*2), (see note); human, as ingredient: 218
gulgullu	SAR	to shave	tugallab: 125, 196 (affected spot), [225]
gullubu	J. III	lo snave	tugallab []: 110, 111, 112, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118
	[		tugallab taṣammid: 4, 5, 9, 41, 42, [45], [46],48, 49, 51,
			52, [54], 55, [57], 58, 59, 61, 62, 65, [86], 122, 146, 148,
	1		see also 196, 225
			qaqqassu tugallab: 142, 225, [237]
			qaqqassu / rēssu tugallab taṣammid. 4, 5, 77, 78, 223/30,
			32, 54, 55, [57], [58]
hadāqu		to press together	204
hā'it kibrāti	h. ub.meš	he who scans the four	185
ya ii Moran		sides (of the world)	
halāşu		comb out, filter	[168], 168
hallūru	gú.gal	chick <sup>?</sup> peas	flour: [64 <sup>?</sup> ], [88], [144], 151
hallutanû		tuft of hair	203 (from leg of female donkey)
haltappānu		<a plant=""></a>	58, [131]
hamātu	tab	to burn with (a fever)	see <i>ṣē ta ḥamātu</i>
hammu	LAGAB.A?	'pond'-disease?	(see note to 191')
ḥarūbu ša iltāni	<i>h ša</i> IM.si.sá	carob tree of the North	167, [174]
ha/esû D	3 50 111151131	squeeze out	66
hasbu	šika	shard	[56]
haşab pelî lurni	šika nunuz ga.nu <sub>11</sub> .mušen	shard of ostrich egg	[158]
haşab tinüri	šika im.šu.rin.na	oven shard	8, [128] ( <u>old</u> )
hašālu	gaz	to crush	12, 32 (2*), 196
цазата	B	to or asir	tahaššal tanappi: 15, [18], 42, 51, 52, 54, 55, [57], 65, 76,
			86, 109, [112], [120], 126, <u>132</u> ,145, [151], [ <u>158</u> ], 231,
	1		236, 242
hašû	ú.HAR.HAR	thyme?	153
hatti rē 'î	ú.níg.gidru.(sipa)	<a plant=""></a>	(see note to line 94'), 158, <u>158</u> (sipa), <u>242</u>
hīl baluhhi	illu šim.buluh	baluhhu resin	149, 225
himētu	ì.nun.(na)	butter, ghee	7 (pound in), 92, 93, [182]
himsu	uzu.me.hé	fatty tissue	[183]
hīp libbi	gaz šà	'heartbreak'	239
hipītu	gaz sa	sherd? "break"?	203 (see note)
			[8]
hīqāte bulālu	(	diluted beer chalchedony?	162, 211
hulālu 	na <sub>4</sub> .nír(=ZA.GÍN)		
<u>hulqu</u>	117	'lost bits'	10 (see note)
<u>humțu</u>	kúm <sup>7</sup>	heat, something hot	206
<u>h</u> urāșu	KUG.GI	gold	47 (patina of)
igirû	ígira(=KI.SAG.MUNUS).mušen	heron	171 (head of),
igulû	ì.gu.la	fine anointing oil	56 ('which has')
ikkaru	lú.engar	farmer	199 (red)
ikku		temper	240
ildakku 			see adāru
ilu	dingir	(personal) god	181
imbu' tâmti	KA a.ab.ba	algae	148, [217]
imē ru	anše	donkey	see eṣemtu
imhur ešrā	ú.igi.niš	'catch twenty' plant	184
imittu	. 15	right (opposite of left)	157 <sup>?</sup> , [226]
imittu	uzu.zag	shoulder	183
immeru	udu.níta(.meš)	(male) sheep	see lipi kalīt immeri
imnû	(á).zi.da	'of the right'	see <i>šubû</i>
โท กนักเ	na <sub>4</sub> .igi.ku <sub>6</sub>	'fish eye' stone	162, <u>163</u>
ina libbi	<i>ina</i> šà	therefrom	4, 146
ina maški țerû	<i>ina</i> kuš SUR	rub in with leather	149, 215, 225 (of <u>onagre</u> ?)
īnān	igi.II	(two) eyes	1, 2, 7, <u>12</u> (bandage of), 70, 76, <u>83</u> , <u>233</u> ; see also <i>nīš īni</i>
inbu	gurun		see kalbānu
inninnu	in.nu.HA	<a> cereal</a>	151
inūma	ud- <i>ma</i>	when	<u>10,</u> [67], 70, 168
ipītu		clouding over (an eye	2
4 -		disease)	
irrû	ú.úkuš.LAGAB	colocynth?	251 (catchline of tablet 2) (seed)
irtu	gaba	breast	21 (bind for one day), 120
isqūqu	zì.kum	<a coarse="" flour=""></a>	25, 78, [121], [122], 128, [136 <sup>2</sup> ], 137, 152, 153, 196
işşür hurri	buru <sub>5</sub> (=HU.ERIM).habrud.da	rock-partridge?	25, 76, [121], [122], 126, [130], 137, 132, 133, 196  171 (head of male)
išātu	izi	fire	cook over: 92, 93; parch over:167 (of rushes) (see note),
*0414			174 <sup>2</sup> (see note); fumigate over 221 <sup>2</sup> (see note)
išid šūši	<del></del>	root of liquorice	237!
išītu	+	blurring (an eye disease)	25/1:
iš/ltānu	IM.si.sá	the North	carob tree ( <i>harūbu</i> ) of: 167, [174]
ištar	d.ištar	(personal) goddess	
ाठावा -	u.istai	(personar) goddess	181

Steelins				
	ištēniš	1- <i>niš</i> , ur.bi	together	
188				
Sign   Sign   201   158, 170 (mura.an.gub)   1562222 GB   20b   10 make stand upright   158, 170 (mura.an.gub)   1562222 GB   20b   10 make stand upright   156   200			1	
	išû	tuku	to have	
	ittu	1	sign	201
	izuzzu	gub	to stand upright	158, 170 (mu.ra.an.gub)
Addition	<i>izuzzu</i> Š	gub	to make stand upright	156
	<i>izuzzu</i> Gtn	gub.gub	to stand upright constantly	90
Stakkbu	kahātu	dugud		224 227 239
Samashus				. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Salinu   ellag   Skiney   (240]; see also lipi kalit		-:		
Manus   Man		ellag	<del></del>	
	<i>kalû</i> N		to be held back (hair)	164, 172, 202
Kamkadu	kamā su		to kneel	186
	ka(m)mantu	ú.ÁB.GAB	<a plant=""></a>	seed: 148, <u>235</u>
Annaktu   Sim gig	kamkadu		<a plant=""></a>	157 (seed)
Amauktu   Sim gig   San incense bearing tree   68 (fat of)	kamīn hīni	i		
Eannum		1		
		-	<u> </u>	:
		•		183, 188 (see note to 183')
Sexibit	kannu šahanu	dug.kan sáhar	pourous pot	•
Aziru	karānu	ú.geštin	grapes	132 (fresh)
	karānu	<del></del>		
		ī	·	
Assail   sazi.sar		i	<del></del>	
		l gazi car		
kaştî Otn         to become cold all over         [213] (the head)           kaştî D         Sed-         to make cool         [142] (the head)           kaştî         cold         [154] (water)           kastîdu         sâ.sá         to be exposed to         [126] (silt to open air)           katîmu         (over         198           katîmu         (see note to 183*)         (see note to 183*)           kibritu         piŝ <sub>10</sub> (=KLA), fitu;         sulphur         [74], [94], 217 (white and black), 220           kibritu         piŝ <sub>10</sub> (=KLA), fitu;         sulphur         [74], [94], 217 (white and black), 220           kibsu         dung         (see note to 56)           kibsu         fungal mould         56 (had by fine oil)           kibsu         gi         neck           kibsu         gi         neck           kibsu         gi         neck           kibkuña         giš/sim.gūr.gūr <a tree="">         129 (KUKL), powder), s</a>			<del></del>	
kaşû         \$ed-7         to make cool         142 (the head)           kaşû         cold         154 (water)           kašādu         \$d.\$a\$         to be exposed to         126 (silt to open air)           katāmu         cover         198           katāmu         (over         198           katāmu         (over         198           kābrātu         ub.me\$         sides, corners (of the earth)         185           kībrātu         turuflle*         (see note to \$6*)         (see note to \$6*)           kībātu         kitāklubi         ritual procedure         167, [171], [174], [174], [182         kitāklubis         kitāklubis         (see note to \$6*)         (see no		Kesda( -)		
kaṣāl         cold         154 (water)           kaṣādu         ṣá.ṣá         to be exposed to         126 (silt to open air)           karāmu         cover         198           ka'u         gis.gan '         truffle'         (see note to 183')           kibrātu         ub.meš         sides, comers (of the earth)         158           kibrātu         piš₁n(=KLA).⁴itus         sulphur         [74], [94], 217 (white and black), 220           kibsu         dung         (see note to 56')           kibsu         fungal mould         56 (had by fine oil)           kikkiṭitišu         kid.kid.bi         ritual procedure         167, [17], [174], [182           kipšu         husks         (see note to 56')           kisādu         gū         neck         188 (place hot ecdar on)           kiškunū         qiš.kin <a tree="">         192 (KU.KU, powder), see also note to 183'           kitū         flax         68 (see note), 249 (seed off)           kuk(u)ru         giš/šim.gūr.gúr         <an aromatic="" tree=""> (see         6, 59, 83, 90 (giš), 122, [135], 143 (powder), 147, 148, [149], 152, 153, 213, 224, 234           kulhu         to have, to hold         see dāma kullu, mū (mē kullu), rēška ukāl, šē ha kullu, uma kullu, uma kullu, uma kullu, uma kullu, uma kullu, uma kullu, mū (mē kullu), rēška uk</an></a>			<del>_</del>	<u> </u>
Sa.\$\frac{3}{2}du	<i>kaşû</i> D	šed <sub>7</sub>	to make cool	142 (the head)
Ratāmu	kaşû		cold	154 (water)
Ratāmu	kašādu	sá.sá	to be exposed to	126 (silt to open air)
ka'u         giš.gan 7         truffle'         (see note to 183')           kibrātu         ub.meš         sides, corners (of the earth)         185           kibrātu         piš.10(=KLA).⁴tu₂         sulphur         [74], [94], 217 (white and black), 220           kibšu         dung         (see note to 56')           kibšu         flugal mould         56 (had by fine oil)           kikkitūšu         kid.kid.bi         ritual procedure         167, [171], [174], [182]           kipšu         husks         (see note to 56')           kišādu         gū         neck         188 (place hot cedar on)           kiškanū         giš.kin <a tree="">         192 (KU.KU, powder), see also note to 183'           kiū         flax         68 (see note), 249(seed off)           kuk(u)ru         giš/sim.gūr.gūr         <an aromatic="" tree=""> (see note), 249(seed off)           kullu         to have, to hold         see dāma kullu, mū (mē kullu), rēška ukāl, šēļa kullu, umma kullu           kullu         Aš.A.N.N.A(=imgaga)         emmer         125 (flour), see also akal kunāši           kursanū         Aš.A.N.N.A(=imgaga)         emmer         125 (flour), see also akal kunāši           kuranīu         kurunna         (a beer&gt;         see šuršummī kurunni           jā petī</an></a>	katāmu			
		giš gan ?		
Ribstu				
kibšu         dung         (see note to 56')           kibšu         fingal mould         56 (had by fine oil)           kikkinās         kid.kid.bi         fingal mould         56 (had by fine oil)           kikkinās         kid.kid.bi         fingal mould         56 (had by fine oil)           kijšūu         husks         (see note to 56')           kišādu         gú         neck         188 (place hot cedar on)           kiškanū         giš.kin <a tree="">         192 (KU.KU, powder), see also note to 183'           kitū         flax         68 (see note), 249((seed off))           kuk(u)nu         giš/šim.gúr.gúr         <an aromatic="" tree=""> (see note to 56')           kuk(u)nu         giš/šim.gúr.gúr         <an aromatic="" tree=""> (see note to 56')           kuk(u)nu         giš/šim.gúr.gúr         <an aromatic="" tree=""> (see note to 56')           kullu         to have, to hold         see dāma kullu, mû (mê kulhu), rēška ukāl, šē þa kullu, umma kullu         see dāma kullu, mû (mê kulhu), rēška ukāl, šē þa kullu, umma kullu           kurbanā         A.S.AN.NA(=imgaga)         emmer         125 (flour), see also akal kunāši           kurkanā         A.S.AN.NA(=imgaga)         emmer         125 (flour), see also akal kunāši           kurkanā         A.S.AN.NA(=imgaga)         to have, to hold</an></an></an></a>				
kibšu         fungal mould         56 (had by fine oil)           kikkintūšu         kid.kid.bi         ritual procedure         167, [171], [174²], 182           kipšu         husks         (see note to 56°)           kišādu         gú         neck         188 (place hot cedar on)           kišādu         giš.kín <a tree="">         192 (KU.KU, powder), see also note to 183°           kiū         flax         68 (see note), 249(seed off)           kuk(u)nu         giš/šim.gúr.gúr         <a na="" romatic="" tree=""> (see note to line 6)         6, 59, 83, 90 (giš), 129, [135], 143 (powder), 147, 148, fl49], 152, 153, 213, 224, 234           kullu         to have, to hold         see dāma kullu, mû (mê kullu), rēška ukâl, šē ha kullu, umma kullu           kunāšu         Aš.A.N.N.(=imgaga)         emmer         125 (flour), see also akal kunāši           kupsu         duh,še.giš.i         (sesame) bran         [84], [88], dried:19 (powder), 20 (powder), [152²]           kurkanū         <a palmt="">         188, 216, 220           kurunna         kurunna         <a beer="">         see šuršummī kurunni           lā pērtu         giš.nu.zu         virgin         188           lamū         nigin         to wrap         203           laptu         tag.meš, tag.tag         to bring into contact with to</a></a></a></a>		pis <sub>10</sub> (=ki.A). itu <sub>5</sub>		
kikkittūšu         kid.kid.bi         ritual procedure         167, [171], [174³], [182           kipšu         husks         (see note to 56°)           kišādu         gū         neck         188 (place hot cedar on)           kišāmū         gīš.kin <a tree="">         192 (KU.KU, powder), see also note to 183°           kitū         flax         68 (see note), 249([seed of])           kuk(u)ru         gīš/šim.gūr.gūr         <an aromatic="" tree=""> (see note to line 6)         6, 59, 83, 90 (gīš), 129, [135], 143 (powder), 147, 148, note to line 6)           kullu         to have, to hold         see dāma kullu, mū (mē kullu), rēška ukâl, ‰ha kullu, umma kullu         see dāma kullu, mū (mē kullu), rēška ukâl, ‰ha kullu, umma kullu           kunāšu         ÅŠ.AN.NA(=imgaga)         emmer         125 (flour), see also akal kunāši           kurkanā         <a plant="">         188, 216, 220           kurunnu         kurunnu         kurunnu         kurunnu         a beer&gt;         see šuršummī kurunni           lā petītu         gīš.nu.zu         virgin         188           lapātu Š         tag,tag         to bring into contact with plulhul         to destroy         170           lapātu D         tag,meš, tag,tag         to palpate, rub / to smear         190, 197, 206 / 219           laptu /labnu</a></an></a>			<u> </u>	·
kipšu         husks         (see note to 56')           kiššadu         gú         neck         188 (place hot cedar on)           kiškanû         giš.kín <a tree="">         192 (KU.KU, powder), see also note to 183'           kitû         flax         68 (see note), 249([seed of])           kuk(u)ru         giš/šim.gúr.gúr         <an aromatic="" tree=""> (see note to line 6)         6, 59, 83, 90 (giš), 129, [135], 143 (powder), 147, 148, [149], 152, 153, 213, 224, 234           kullu         to have, to hold         see dāma kullu, mû (mê kullu), rēška ukâl, šē ha kullu, umma kullu           kunāšu         Áš.AN.NA(=imgaga)         emmer         125 (flour), see also akal kunāši           kupsu         duḥ,še.giš.i         (sesame) bran         [84], [88]; dried:19 (powder), 20 (powder), [152']           kurunnu         kurunna         <a plant="">         188, 216, 220           kurunnu         kurunna         (a beer)         see šuršummī kurunni           lā petīu         giš.nu.zu         virgin         188           lamû         nigin         to wrap         203           lapātu Š         tag.tag         to bring into contact with plul to destroy         170           lapātu D         tag.meš, tag.tag         to palpate, rub / to smear         190, 197, 206 / 219           laptu /</a></an></a>			fungal mould	
kišādu         gú         neck         188 (place hot cedar on)           kiškanû         giš.kin <a tree="">         192 (KU.KU, powder), see also note to 183'           kitû         flax         68 (see note), 249([seed off])           kuk(u)ru         giš/šim.gúr.gúr         <a a="" romatic="" tree=""> (see note) a romatic tree&gt; (see note) (see note to line 6)         6, 59, 83, 90 (giš), 122, [135], 143 (powder), 147, 148, 149], 152, 153, 213, 224, 234           kullu         to have, to hold         see dāma kullu, mû (mê kullu), rīška ukâl, sē ha kullu, umma kullu           kunāšu         ÁŠ.AN.NA(=imgaga)         emmer         125 (flour), see also akal kunāši           kupsu         duḥ.še.giš.i         (sesame) bran         [84], [88]; dried:19 (powder), 20 (powder), [152]           kurunnu         kurunna         <a plant="">         188, 216, 220           kurunnu         kurunna         <a beer="">         see šuršummī kurunni           lā petīu         giš.nu.zu         virgin         188           lamû         nigin         to wrap         203           lapātu Š         tag.tag         to bring into contact with to destroy         170         197, 206 / 219           laptu         lu.úbsar         turnip         [24<sup>2</sup>] (seed)           laptu         pa         leaf, foliage         see: ad</a></a></a></a>	kikkiţţûšu	kìd.kìd.bi	ritual procedure	167, [171], [174 <sup>?</sup> ],182
kiškanû         giš.kín <a tree="">         192 (KU.KU, powder), see also note to 183'           kitû         flax         68 (see note), 249([seed off))           kuk(u)ru         giš/šim.gúr.gúr         <a aromatic="" na="" tree=""> (see note of line 6)         6, 59, 83, 90 (giš), 129. [135], 143 (powder), 147, 148, note to line 6)           kullu         to have, to hold         see dāma kullu, mû (mê kullu), rēška ukâl, šē ha kullu, umma kullu           kunāšu         AŠ.AN.NA(=imgaga)         emmer         125 (flour), see also akal kunāši           kursunu         duḥ.še. giš.i         (sesame) bran         [84], [88]; dried:19 (powder), 20 (powder), [152²]           kurunnu         kurunna         <a plant="">         188, 216, 220           kurunnu         kurunna         <a beer="">         see šuršummī kurunni           lā petītu         giš.nu.zu         virgin         188           lamû         nigin         to wrap         203           lapātu Š         tag.tag         to bring into contact with bullul         11         12           lapītu         lu.úb.sar         turnip         [24¹] (seed)           laptu labtu         še.sa.a         see adānu, būnu, minš maru, musukkannu, tittu           lāšu         sila<sub>11</sub>         to knead         ina mê kasî 'in kasû-water': 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [43²], 48, 51</a></a></a></a>	kipšu		husks	(see note to 56')
Riskanû   giš.kin	kišādu	gú	neck	188 (place hot cedar on)
kitû         flax         68 (see note), 249([seed of])           kuk(u)ru         giš/šim.gúr.gúr <an aromatic="" tree=""> (see note to line 6)         6, 59, 83, 90 (giš), 122, [135], 143 (powder), 147, 148, [149], 152, 153, 213, 224, 234           kullu         to have, to hold         see dāma kullu, mû (mê kullu), rēška ukâl, šē ļa kullu, umma kullu           kunāšu         ÅŠ.AN.NA(=ímgaga)         emmer         125 (flour), see also akal kunāši           kupsu         duḥ.še.giš.i         (sesame) bran         [84], [88]; dried:19 (powder), 20 (powder), [152²]           kurtanû         kurunna         <a plant="">         188, 216, 220           kurunnu         kurunna         <a beer="">         see šuršummī kurunni         lā petītu           lā petītu         giš.nu.zu         virgin         188           lamû         nigin         to wrap         203           lapātu D         tag.tag         to bring into contact with to destroy         170           lapātu D         tag.meš, tag.tag         to palpate, rub / to smear         190, 197, 206 / 219           laptu         lu.úb.sar         turnip         [24²] (seed)           laptu         ja         ja</a></a></an>	kiškanû	l giš kín		: <del>- \</del>
kuk(u)ru         giš/šim.gúr.gúr <an aromatic="" tree=""> (see note to line 6)         6, 59, 83, 90 (giš), 122, [135], 143 (powder), 147, 148, [149], 152, 153, 213, 224, 234           kullu         to have, to hold         see dāma kullu, mû (mê kullu), rēška ukâl, šē ha kullu, umma kullu           kunāšu         ĀŠ.AN.NA(=imgaga)         emmer         125 (flour), see also akal kunāši           kupsu         duh, še. giš.i         (sesame) bran         [84], [88]; dried:19 (powder), 20 (powder), [152²]           kurkanû         <a plant="">         188, 216, 220           kurunnu         kurunnu         kurunnu         jiš.nu.zu         virgin         188           Japētīu         giš.nu.zu         virgin         188         18           Japātu Š         tag,tag         to bring into contact with to destroy         11         170           Japātu D         tag,meš, tag,tag         to palpate, rub / to smear         190, 197, 206 / 219         190           Japtu/Jabtu         še.sa.a         see qalītu         see adāru, bīnu, minišmaru, musukkannu, tittu           Jašu         sila₁1         to knead         ina mē kasî in kasû-water : 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [43²], 48, 51         52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, 225 (hot), [226²], 236, [241?], 242;</a></an>		I gionni	•	
note to line 6)		l gič/čim gýr gýr	- <del>-</del>	
kullu         to have, to hold         see dāma kullu, mû (mê kullu), rēška ukâl, šē ha kullu, umma kullu           kunāšu         Áš.AN.NA(=imgaga)         emmer         125 (flour), see also akal kunāši           kupsu         duh,še.giš.i         (sesame) bran         [84], [88]; dried:19 (powder), 20 (powder), [152³]           kurunū         kurunna         kurunna         kurunnā         ≤a plant>         188, 216, 220           kurunnu         kurunna         kurunnā         ≤a beer>         see šuršummī kurunni           lā petītu         giš.nu.zu         virgin         188           lamû         nigin         to wrap         203           lapātu Š         tag.tag         to bring into contact with bu destroy         11           lapātu D         tag.meš, tag.tag         to palpate, rub / to smear         190, 197, 206 / 219           laptu         lu.úb.sar         turnip         [24³] (seed)           laptu/labtu         še.sa.a         see qalītu           larû         pa         leaf, foliage         see: adāru, bīnu, minišmaru, musukkannu, titu           lāšu         sila <sub>11</sub> to knead         ina mē kasî 'in kasû-water': 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [43²], 48, 51         52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 1	KUK(U)IU	gis/siiii.gui.gui		
kunāšu         ÁŠ.AN.NA(=ímgaga)         emmer         125 (flour), see also akal kunāši           kupsu         duḫ.še.giš.i         (sesame) bran         [84], [88]; dried:19 (powder), 20 (powder), [152²]           kurunū         kurunnu         kurunnu         kurunnu         kurunnu           kurunnu         kurunnu         kurunnu         kurunnu         kurunnu         jul.jul.jul         jul.jul.jul.jul         jul.jul.jul.jul         jul.jul.jul.jul.jul         jul.jul.jul.jul.jul.jul.jul.jul.jul.jul.		<u> </u>		
kunāšu         ÁŠ.AN.NA(=ímgaga)         emmer         125 (flour), see also akal kunāši           kupsu         duh.še.giš.ì         (sesame) bran         [84], [88]; dried:19 (powder), 20 (powder), [152²]           kurkanû <a plant="">         188, 216, 220           kurunnu         kurunna         <a beer="">         see šuršummī kurunni           lā petītu         giš.nu.zu         virgin         188           lamû         nigin         to wrap         203           lapātu Š         tag.tag         to bring into contact with to destroy         170           lapātu D         tag.meš, tag.tag         to palpate, rub / to smear         190, 197, 206 / 219           laptu         lu.úb.sar         turnip         [24²] (seed)           laptu/labtu         še.sa.a         see qalītu           larû         pa         leaf, foliage         see: adāru, bīnu, minišmaru, musukkannu, tittu           lâšu         sila<sub>11</sub>         to knead         ina mê kasî 'in kasû-water': 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [43²], 48, 51         52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, 225 (hot), [226²], 236, [241?], 242;</a></a>	kullu		to have, to hold	
kupsu         duḥ,še.giš.ì         (sesame) bran         [84], [88]; dried:19 (powder), 20 (powder), [152²]           kurkanû <a plant="">         188, 216, 220           kurunnu         kurun.na         <a beer="">         see šuršummī kurunni           lā petītu         giš.nu.zu         virgin         188           lamû         nigin         to wrap         203           lapātu Š         tag.tag         to bring into contact with to destroy         170           lapātu D         tag.meš, tag.tag         to palpate, rub / to smear         190, 197, 206 / 219           laptu         lu.úb.sar         turnip         [24²] (seed)           laptu/labtu         še.sa.a         see adāru, bīnu, minš maru, musukkannu, tittu           larû         pa         leaf, foliage         see: adāru, bīnu, minš maru, musukkannu, tittu           lâšu         sila<sub>11</sub>         to knead         ina mê kasî 'in kasû-water': 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [42³], 48, 51         52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, 225 (hot), [226²], 236, [241?], 242;</a></a>				
kurkanû           <a plant="">          188, 216, 220           kurunnu           kurunna           <a beer="">            see šuršummī kurunni           lā petītu           giš.nu.zu           virgin           188           lamû           nigin           to wrap           203           lapātu Š           tag.tag hul.hul           to bring into contact with to destroy           170           lapātu D           tag.meš, tag.tag           to palpate, rub / to smear           190, 197, 206 / 219           laptu           lu.úb.sar           turnip           [24²] (seed)           laptu/labtu           še.sa.a           see qalītu           larû           pa           leaf, foliage           see: adāru, bīnu, minš maru, musukkannu, tittu           lâšu           sila<sub>11</sub>           to knead           ina mê kasî 'in kasû-water': 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [42²], 48, 51           52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, 225 (hot), [226²], 236, [241?], 242;</a></a>	kunāšu	ÁŠ.AN.NA(=ímgaga)	emmer	125 (flour), see also akal kunāši
kurunmu         kurunna         ⟨a beer⟩         see šuršummī kurunni           lā petītu         gìš.nu.zu         virgin         188           lamû         nigin         to wrap         203           lapātu Š         tag.tag hul.hul         to bring into contact with to destroy         11           lapātu D         tag.meš, tag.tag         to palpate, rub / to smear         190, 197, 206 / 219           laptu         lu.úb.sar         turnip         [24²] (seed)           laptu/labtu         še.sa.a         see qalītu           larû         pa         leaf, foliage         see: adāru, bīnu, minš maru, musukkannu, tittu           lâšu         sila <sub>11</sub> to knead         ina mê kasî 'in kasû-water': 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [43²], 48, 51           52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, 225 (hot), [226²], 236, [241?], 242;	kupsu	duḫ.še.giš.ì	(sesame) bran	[84], [88]; dried:19 (powder), 20 (powder), [152 <sup>?</sup> ]
kurunnu         kurunna <a beer="">         see šuršummī kurunni           lā petītu         giš.nu.zu         virgin         188           lamû         nigin         to wrap         203           lapātu Š         tag.tag hul.hul         to bring into contact with to destroy         11           lapātu D         tag.meš, tag.tag         to palpate, rub / to smear         190, 197, 206 / 219           laptu         lu.úb.sar         turnip         [24²] (seed)           laptu/labtu         še.sa.a         see alātu           larû         pa         leaf, foliage         see: adāru, bīnu, minš maru, musukkannu, titu           lâšu         sila<sub>11</sub>         to knead         ina mê kasî 'in kasû-water': 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [42²], 48, 51           52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, 225 (hot), [226²], 236, [241?], 242;</a>	kurkanû		<a plant=""></a>	188, 216, 220
lā petītu         giš.nu.zu         virgin         188           lamû         nigin         to wrap         203           lapātu Š         tag.tag hul.hul         to bring into contact with to destroy         11 170           lapātu D         tag.meš, tag.tag         to palpate, rub / to smear         190, 197, 206 / 219           laptu         lu.úb.sar         turnip         [24²] (seed)           laptu/labtu         še.sa.a         see qalītu           larû         pa         leaf, foliage         see: adāru, bīnu, miriš maru, musukkannu, tittu           lâšu         sila <sub>11</sub> to knead         ina mê kasî 'in kasû-water': 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [43²], 48, 51           52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, 225 (hot), [226²], 236, [241?], 242;		kurun.na		• • •
Iamû         nigin         to wrap         203           Iapātu Š         tag.tag hul.hul         to bring into contact with to destroy         11 170           Iapātu D         tag.meš, tag.tag         to palpate, rub / to smear         190, 197, 206 / 219           Iaptu         lu.úb.sar         turnip         [24²] (seed)           Iaptu/labtu         še.sa.a         see qalītu           Iarû         pa         leaf, foliage         see: adāru, bīnu, miriš maru, musukkannu, tittu           Iâšu         sila <sub>11</sub> to knead         ina mê kasî 'in kasû-water': 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [42²], 48, 51           52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, 225 (hot), [226²], 236, [241?], 242;		i	-	
lapātu Š         tag.tag hul.hul         to bring into contact with to destroy         11 170           lapātu D         tag.meš, tag.tag         to palpate, rub / to smear         190, 197, 206 / 219           laptu         lu.úb.sar         turnip         [24²] (seed)           laptu/labtu         še.sa.a         see qalītu           larû         pa         leaf, foliage         see: adāru, bīnu, miniš maru, musukkannu, tittu           lâšu         sila <sub>11</sub> to knead         ina mê kasî 'in kasû-water': 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [42²], 48, 51           52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, 225 (hot), [226²], 236, [241?], 242;		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
hulhul   to destroy   170   lapātu D   tag.meš, tag.tag   to palpate, rub / to smear   190, 197, 206 / 219   laptu   lu.úb.sar   turnip   [24²] (seed)   laptu/labtu   še.sa.a   see qalātu   see: adāru, bāru, miriš maru, musukkannu, tittu   lāšu   sila11   to knead   ina mê kasî 'in kasû-water': 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [43²], 48, 51   52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, 225 (hot), [226²], 236, [241?], 242;		<del></del>		
Iapātu D         tag.meš, tag.tag         to palpate, rub / to smear         190, 197, 206 / 219           Iaptu         lu.úb.sar         turnip         [24³] (seed)           Iaptu/labtu         še.sa.a         see qalītu           Iarû         pa         leaf, foliage         see: adāru, bīnu, miriš maru, musukkannu, tittu           Iâšu         sila <sub>11</sub> to knead         ina mê kasî 'in kasû-water': 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [43²], 48, 51           52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, 225 (hot), [226²], 236, [241?], 242;	тараш 5	1 5 5	1 5	
laptu         lu.úb.sar         turnip         [24³] (seed)           laptu/labtu         še.sa.a         see qalītu           larû         pa         leaf, foliage         see: adāru, bīnu, miniš maru, musukkannu, tittu           lâšu         sila <sub>11</sub> to knead         ina mê kasî 'in kasû-water': 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [42³], 48, 51           52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, 225 (hot), [226²], 236, [241?], 242;				
laptu/labtu         še.sa.a         see qalītu           larū         pa         leaf, foliage         see: adāru, bīnu, miniš maru, musukkannu, tittu           lāšu         sila <sub>11</sub> to knead         ina mê kasî 'in kasû-water': 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [43²], 48, 51           52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, 225 (hot), [226²], 236, [241?], 242;				
Jarû         pa         leaf, foliage         see: adāru, bīnu, miniš maru, musukkannu, tittu           Jâšu         sila <sub>11</sub> to knead         ina mê kasî 'in kasû-water': 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [43], 48, 51           52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, 225 (hot), [226], 236, [241?], 242;	laptu	lu.úb.sar	turnip	[24 <sup>7</sup> ] (seed)
Jarû         pa         leaf, foliage         see: adāru, bīnu, miniš maru, musukkannu, tittu           Jâšu         sila <sub>11</sub> to knead         ina mê kasî 'in kasû-water': 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [43], 48, 51           52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, 225 (hot), [226], 236, [241?], 242;	laptu/labtu	še.sa.a		see qalītu
Jâšu     sila <sub>11</sub> to knead     ina mê kasî 'in kasû-water': 4, 5, 9, [15], 42, [42], 48, 51 52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, 225 (hot), [226], 236, [241?], 242;		i	leaf, foliage	·
52, [54], [77], 89, [107], 112, 113, 115, 116, 117, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, <u>225</u> (hot), [226 <sup>7</sup> ], 236, [241?], <u>242</u> ;				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, <u>225</u> (hot), [226 <sup>2</sup> ], 236, [241?], <u>242</u> ;	1454	SHall	to knoud	7 7 7 2 37 1
131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 146, 196, 223, <u>225</u> (hot), [226 <sup>7</sup> ], 236, [241?], <u>242</u> ;			1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
140, 146, 196, 223, <u>225</u> (hot), [226 <sup>?</sup> ], 236, [241?], <u>242</u> ;		1		
			1	
			1	
			1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<i>ina šikari</i> 'in beer': 6, [108], [109], 114, 123, 145, 147,				
				148, 153; ina šuršummī šikari 'in dregs of beer': 49 (dregs
boiled), 57 (kaš.sag), 58, 65, 118, 151, 152; <i>ina šuršumm</i>				boiled), 57 (kaš.sag), 58, 65, 118, 151, 152; ina šuršummī
				kurunni 'in dregs of kurunnu-beer': 58
			1	
in šaman sirdi 'in olive oil': 55, 124		Ì		1 <i>ina ŝizbi</i> 'in milk': 59, 1/91, 79, 80, 81, 84
in šaman sirdi 'in olive oil': 55, 124 ina šizbi 'in milk': 59, [79], 79, 80, 81, <u>84</u>				
				in šaman sirdi 'in olive oil': 55, 124
in šaman sirdi 'in olive oil': 55, 124		3		
in šaman sirdi 'in olive oil': 55, 124 ina šizbi 'in milk': 59, [79], 79, 80, 81, <u>84</u>				
in šaman sirdi 'in olive oil': 55, 124				ina ṭābāti 'in vinegar': 78

leqû	ti, šu.ti	to take	therefrom: 4, 146
1			69 (as much as your glance), [88], 89, 167, 174
lētān	te.meš	(two) cheeks	187 see also: <i>šārat lēti</i>
libbu	İšà	<u> </u>	see ina libbi, ana libbi and hīp libbi
limītu		circumference	197 (of head, see note)
lipû	l ì.udu	fat	7, 43 (from a long bone), 68 ( <i>kanaktu</i> )
lipi alpi	ì.udu gu <sub>4</sub>	ox fat	225
lipi kalīt alpi	i.udu éllag gu <sub>4</sub>	f. from the kidney of an ox	[225]
lipi kalīt immeri	i.udu éllag udu.níta	ditto of a male sheep	149, 215
lišān kalbi		'dog's tongue plant'	
	ú.eme.ur.gi <sub>7</sub>	<del></del>	[66] (water of seed while fresh), [69]
lubāru	túg	cloth, rag	[192 <sup>?</sup> ], 193, 194 (see note to 190'-7' and cf. <i>naltiptu</i> ), 204
lulû	KUG.GAN	sl <u>ag</u> ?	63
lumnu	hul	evil	170, 187
lurmu	ga.nu <sub>11</sub> .mušen	ostrich	[158] (egg shard of)
lušû	ì.sumun	grease	229
maḫā ṣu	sìg	to beat, to pound	12
mahrû		foremost	182 (star, see note)
maḥsû		<a cup="" metal=""></a>	(see note to 182')
mal mališ	i	in equal parts	17
malû	diri	to be full	85, 199
	I diri	who?	201
mannum		-	
manû	šid	to recite (a spell)	1 100, 168, 204, 205
marāṣu 	gig	to be diseased	222 (head)
margūșu	1	<a bush="" resinous=""></a>	228
māru	a	son	186
marru	giš.mar	spade	[200] (red), 201 (*2)
maš ku	kuš	skin	150; for meaning 'a skin', 'leather' see ina maški
maštakal	ú.in.nu.UŠ	<an alkaline="" plant=""></an>	68 (seed)
matû	(lal) ma.al.lal	grow weaker	170 (in Sumerian incantation)
mersu	ninda.ì.dé.a	<a cake=""></a>	1 182
mesû	luh	to wash	46, [59], 157, [192], 193, 194
mesa	Tun	io wash	with $uh\bar{u}lu$ $qarn\bar{a}n\hat{u}$ : 70; with $m\hat{e}$ $kas\hat{i}$ : 119
mīlu	a.zi.ga	flood	199 (red)
mil'u		saltpetre	217
	na <sub>4</sub> .AN.NE	-	
mīnâtu	<u> </u>	limbs	234 (in state of being 'poured out')
mindu		<a_plant></a_plant>	(see note to line 87')
mirišmar/lû ?	ú/giš.má.eriš.má.ra and	rosemary?	[86] (giš), 132 (ú), [183] (giš)
	similar writings	1	foliage: 54
mû	a.(meš)	water	154 (knead in cold), 156 (mix in <u>hot</u> );
	i		of zēr lišān kalbi 66; mê šunî: 71, 72 (boiled)
	1	ł	mê kasî: knead in, see under lâšu, wash in: 119
			mê kullu 'to have water, be watery' [190] (see note), 190,
			206 ( <u>meš</u> ), 207
			191[(*2)] ('water' of the skull), 200 (red), 206 (-šu)
<i>mu իիս</i>	ugu	crown of the head	1 (being feverish), [74] (being hot), 83 (having sētu fever),
			[85] (having $s\bar{e}tu$ fever), $100^{?}$ , $141$ (hair of), 190 (being
			watery), 252 (hair of)
munammir []		one who makes bright	185
murdinnu		<a disease=""></a>	1 2
murdudû	ú.mur.dù.dù	<a plant=""></a>	222
типи	šim.ses	myrrh	7, 93, 148, 224, <u>228</u>
	gig	illness	1 241
murşu			
musukkannu	giš.mes.má.kan.na	Magan tree	150 (foliage)
mușa		<a stone=""></a>	217
muššaru	na₄.muš.GÍR	serpentine'	163, [210]
mūšu	ge <sub>6</sub>	night	186
nabāsu	síg.hé.me.da, síg.hé.med	red thread	164 (me.da), <u>164</u> (me.da, med), 212 (me.da)
nabāṭu	(mul)	to shine, be bright	98 (mu-un-na-mul-la in incantation)
nadû	šub	to throw, discharge, shed	10, 215, 229
<i>nadû</i> Gtn	šub.šub, šub.meš	to shed constantly	3 (meš) (tears)
nakkaptu	sag.ki.II/meš	temples (anat.)	206, 212, 219 (meš) see also pūtu, sankidabbû, tību
naltiptu	túg?	cloth, bandage	$[192^{\circ}]$ , 193(*2), 194 (see note to 190'-7' and cf. <i>lubāru</i> )
namāru D	(zálag)	to brighten	hé.en.zálag.ge (in incantation):169, 170
		stative: be swollen	150, 233
	mú	-	150, <u>233</u> 191 (of skull fluids; see note)
napāḫu D	1 , ,		I IVI (of chall tlands, see note)
napāḥu D napḥaru	nígin	totality	
napāḫu D napḫaru napšaltu		salve	217 (of the head)
napāḥu D napḥaru	nígin sim	salve to sieve, to sift	
napāḫu D napḫaru napšaltu		salve	217 (of the head) 3; see also <i>taḥaṣṣ̃al tanappi</i> under <i>ḥaṣ̃ālu</i> 183
napāḥu D napḥaru napšaltu napû	sim	salve to sieve, to sift	217 (of the head) 3; see also <i>taḥaṣṣ̃al tanappi</i> under <i>ḥaṣ̃ālu</i> 183
napāḥu D napḥaru napšaltu napû naqû nāru	sim bal id	salve to sieve, to sift to pour, libate river	217 (of the head) 3; see also taḥaššal tanappi under ḥašālu 183 199 (red)
napāḥu D napḥaru napšaltu napû naqû nāru nasāḥu	sim bal id zi	salve to sieve, to sift to pour, libate river to eradicate	217 (of the head) 3; see also tahaššal tanappi under hašālu 183 199 (red) 128, [142 <sup>7</sup> ], [155 <sup>7</sup> ], [241 <sup>7</sup> ]
napāḥu D napḥaru napšaltu napû naqû nāru	sim bal id	salve to sieve, to sift to pour, libate river	217 (of the head) 3; see also taḥaššal tanappi under ḥašālu 183 199 (red)

ni ʾāšu	T	to recover (see n. to 205')	205, 212, 238
nību		small piece	164
nikiptu	šim. <sup>d</sup> maš, šim. <sup>d</sup> nin.urta	spurge, Euphorbia <sup>2</sup>	(see note to 69'), [109], 148, <u>236</u> zikar sinniš 'male and female': 217, [220]
กริกนิ	Ú.KUR.RA	Ammi	69, [105 <sup>?</sup> ], 224
пīqu	udu.siskur	offering, libation	1 183
nisannu	iti.bár.zag.gar	(month of) Nisan	1 30
nīš īni	in.our.bug.gur	glance (lit. 'raising of the eyes'	69 (as much as your g.)
nuḥurtu	ú.nu.LUH.ha	<an asafoetida=""></an>	85
กนิกน	ku <sub>6</sub>	fish	74 (oil of)
pa ʾāṣu		to crush	[70]
paḫāru	báhar(=DUG.SÌLA.BUR)	potter	192 (flour <sup>?</sup> of)
pānū	igi	face	233; prepositional meaning not indexed
papparhû	babbar.ḫi.sar	purlsane?	24 (seed)
papparmīnu	na₄.babbar.min₅	<a semiprecious="" stone=""></a>	< <u>162</u> > (see note), <u>163</u>
parakku	bára	seat	[71]
parāsu	kud	to cut, to stop	30, 70 (tears); see also: purussā'a parāsu
parû	!	vomit	12
pasāsu		cancel	187 NB vowel <i>i</i> not <i>u</i>
passu		<a reed=""></a>	(see note to 214')
pašāšu	šéš	to anoint	[72], 158, 168, 226 (in oil), <u>229, 237</u>
<i>pašāšu</i> Gtn	eš.meš	anoint thoroughly, repeatedly	127 (in oil), 172, 174, <u>229</u> (méš), 230
paţāru	duḫ	to unbind, to release	71 (from seat), [193 $^{?}$ ], 194, 195; see also $\bar{u}$ mu
pelû		egg	(see <i>ḫaṣbu</i> )
pē mtu	NE (see note to 75')	ashes, embers	of ašāgu: 75, 95; (on 174 and 221 see note to 221'; on 131, 134 and 139 see note to 131')
peşû	babbar	to be white, bright	187
peșû	babbar	white	131, 212, 217, see <i>šammu peṣû</i>
pelû	nunuz	egg	see haşab pelî lurmi
petû	bad	to open	191 ('to incise?' diseased part, see note), 201
pû	ka	'mouth'	10 (of a mortar), 103?
pursītu	dug.bur.zi	bowl	66
purussā'a parāsu	eš.bar kud	to make a (legal) decision	186
pušikku	sík.ga.ríg.ag.a	carded wool	72 (as a bandage)
pūtu	sag.ki	brow, forehead	169(*4), 205; see also nakkaptu, sankidabbû, tību
qabal muhhi	murub₄ ugu	'middle of the crown of the head'	[104]
qabal qaqqadi	murub <sub>4</sub> sag.du	'middle of the head'	127 (in gloss to [qer]-bīt qaqqadi), 206, [239]
qadūtu	im.gú	silt	[126] (exposed to open air)
<i>qalītu</i> (or <i>lap/btu</i> )	še.sa.a	roast corn	flour or powder: 5, 109, 129, 195, 235, [242]
qanû ∕ qanû ṭābu	gi / gi dùg.(ga)	reed / sweet reed	96 (incense), 169 / sweet: 214, <u>241</u>
qaqqadu	sag.du	head	kabātu: [224], 227; kúm: [76], [125], 128, [128], 155, [213], 227, 229; napāḫu: 150, [233]; sētu: [141], [150]; sadādu: [227], [233]; varia: 206 (is watery), 209 (being 'windy'), 210 (tebū), [213?] (kaṣū), [222] (maruṣ) sprinkle: 22, 73; anoint: [72], 158, 229, 230, 237; fumigation: 75, [95], [216], [220]; varia: 21, 72(*2), 91, 142, 156, [157],157(mesū), 168 (manū), 197 (put hot stones) as ingredient, 171(*2) (of birds) see also: gullubu, ṣamādu, šārat qaqqadi, qabal qaqqadi, qerbūt qaqqadi
<i>qarāru</i> D		to trickle (transitive)	72 (liquid onto head)
qaran ajjāli	si dàra.bar	horn of deer	218
qātān	šu.II.(meš)	(two) hands	234 (II.meš)
<i>qatāru</i> D	SAR	to fumigate	75, [95 <sup>?</sup> ], 221
qatnu qēmu	sig   zì (=KU)	thin flour	see erēnu, ḫallūru, kakkû, kunāšu, kupsu, paljāru, qalītu,
			and 143-144, KU is of uncertain reading, see <i>ballukku</i> , <i>buqlu</i> , see also KU.KU
qerbīt qaqqadi		centre? of the head	[127 <sup>?</sup> ] (see note and <i>qabal qaqqadi</i> )
qilip suluppi	bar zú.lum.ma	date skins	[25], 144
qû	sìla	litre	1/3: 3, 4, 5 (2*), 8 (2*), 14, 24 (*2), 25, 32 (*2), 54, 61 (*2), 62, 64, 76, 78 (*2), 79 (*2), 80, 81, 87 (*5), 110, 112, 119, 146; 1/2: 12, 87, 111; 1: 87 (*4); 2: 3, 88 (*2), 123; 3: 4; 4: 4; x: [73]  32 (seed), 131 (white)
qudru	Ú.KI.AN.NIM	<a plant=""></a>	32 (seed), 131 (white)
ุ qนิqลัทน   autām	<u>1</u> 	<a disease="" eyes="" of="" the=""></a>	! -
qutāru qu''û	<u> </u> 	fumigation	of the head: [216], <u>220</u>   (see rēšu)
	ra	to flood	(see note to 201')
raḥāṣu			

rakāsu	kešda	to tie, to bind	212 (see also <i>riksa rakāsu</i> )
<i>rašû</i> Gtn	tuku.tuku, tuku.meš	to get repeatedly	141 (tīb pūti), 234 (paralysis), 240 (būp libbi) (meš), 251 (= catch-line of tablet 2) (sankidabbā)
rašû	tuku	to get	1, 76 (inflammation), << 141>> (see n.), 234 (paralysis)
rehû		inseminate	199
rēšu	sag	head	<u>30, 32, 54, 55, 57, 58, [142<sup>?</sup>]</u>
rēška ukâl/qu''û		'it awaits your attention'	4, <u>88</u> , [146] / <u>4</u>
<i>rēštû</i>	sag	prime (of beer)	(see note to 12)
ribku		infusion	127, 225
rikib argabi	u₅ argab.mušen	spur of bat	23, [53], 68, <u>142</u> , 184
saḫlû	zà.ḫi.li	cress	3, 4, 5, 8, 10 (which/of mouth of mortar), 11 (*2), 12 ('cress bandage of the eyes'), 57 (dried), [59], 61, [62], 76, [78], 84, 86, [87], 109, [110], [129], 129, 144
sâku	súd	to pound, to pulverise	ground: 4, 6, 11, 147, 235 [13], 40, 44, 47, [59], [63], 91, 132, 147, 148, 149, 156, 158, 192, [218], 223, 225; in ghee: 7; in fat: 7, 43(from a long bone); in oil: 70, 142; in oil and patina: 56, 67; in honey: 50, 53, 60
21 2 D		. ?	in cedar 'blood': 215; in mortar: 228
sâku <sup>?</sup> D	1 ,	to vomit <sup>?</sup>	12
salāḫu _	sud	sprinkle	72, 192, 193, 194
samānu	Į	<a plant="" red=""></a>	82
sāmtu	na <sub>4</sub> .gug	carnelian	162
sāmu	sa <sub>5</sub>	red	198 (*3), 199 (*4), 200 (*5)
sankidabbû	sag.ki.dab.ba	'seizure' of the temples	251 (= catch-line of tablet 2)
sarāmu, serēmu		to cut	(see note to 191')
sarāqu	dub	pour, sprinkle	22 (onto head), 73 (liquid onto head), 182
saskû	zì.eša(A.TIR)	<a fine="" flour=""></a>	182
sassatu	KI.KAL	grass	1 138
sekēru	, and in	to block off	200
serrē mu	anše.edin	wild ass	(see note to 225')
	I ansc.edin	to smear, to rub	156, (see note to 191')
sêru	1	wormwood?	· / <del>-</del>
sī ḫu	1 ' 1 1		84, 87, 214
sikkūru	giš.sag.kul	bolt, lock	200 (red)
sīktu <sup>?</sup>	GAZ	powder	32 (of būšānu, of seed of qudru)
sili'tu	líl	infection	227, 229
simmu	gig	wound	192(*2), 193, 194, 195, 196
sinništu	munus	woman, female	[172] (see note); see also zikar u sinniš
sirdu		olive	see <i>šaman sirdi</i>
su'ādu	šim.MAN.DU	sedge(-tubers)?	87, 143 (powder), 213
suluppu	zú.lum.(ma)	date(s)	149, 182; see also <i>qilip suluppi</i>
supālu	ú.za.ba.lam, mu.un.zer	<a> juniper</a>	[14], 57, 108, 124, [133], 222 (mu.un.zer, see note)
supuhru	giš.eren.BAD	<a cedar="" of="" type=""></a>	[214]
sabātu	dab/dib	to take (an ingredient)	1 65
sabītu	maš.dà	gazelle	see qaran şabīti, zē şabīti
sadānu	Indo.dd	<a bush=""></a>	[81]
saḥātu	sur	squeeze, press out	66
sayatu salmu	- <del>i</del>	black	211, 217
şamādu	ge <sub>6</sub> lal, lál	to tie, to bind, to bandage	taşammid: 9, 10 (-uš), 70(-šu), 84, [106 °], 107 (-su), 121, 125, 126, 127, 129(*2), 130, 131(*2), 132(*2), 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138(*2), 139, 140, 142, [193°], 194, 195, 196, 207, 208, 225, 226, 237, [242]; irassu taşammid: 21, 120; qaqqassu taşammid: [21°], 120, 128, 215; see also under gullubu
<i>samû</i> Gtn	1	to be constantly thirsty	240
<i>şarbatu</i>	<u> </u>	poplar	see tikmēnu
<i>şaşumtu</i>		<a plant=""></a>	(see note to 188'), 222
<i>șētu</i>	ud.da	<i>ṣētu</i> -fever (=sunstroke²), open air	şēta hamāţu 'to burn with şētu-fever', muhhu: [83], 85; qaqqadu: 141, 150; şēta e/umma rašû (see note to 141') şēta kašādu 'to be exposed to the open air': 126 (of silt)
şumlalû	šim.GAM.ma	<a plant="" spice=""></a>	68 (fat of <sup>2</sup> ), <u>83</u>
şunu	na <sub>4</sub> .zú	obsidian	211 (black)
šadādu	gíd.(da)	to draw, to pull	228, 233
šadânu ṣābitu	na <sub>4</sub> .kur- <i>nu</i> dab	magnetic iron ore	163
šahāhu		to become loose, fall out	141, 155, 181
šaharru	sáhar	porous	see kannu
šakāku	è	to thread	see <i>kannu</i>
sakānu šakānu	gar	to thread to put, to place	66 (until dry), 182, 184 (before star), 197 (around head), 209; onto wound: 192, [193 <sup>2</sup> ], 193, 194; on neck: 188, 203, 206
šammu	ú(.meš/ḫi.a)	herb, ingredient	these ingredients: 187, 218
. D	ú babbar	'white plant'	[68], 156
šammu peşû <sup>?</sup>	i u babbai	winte plant	1 [08], 130

() =1x =1			To 142 142 ( 18) ( )
(ì.giš also possibly	I		pound in: 70, 142, 142 (giš), (+copper dust) 56, 67
ellu)	Í		mix in / with: 158, <u>158</u> (giš) 167, 174 (cypress), <u>219</u> / 184
			sprinkle: 192 (giš), 193 (giš), 194 (giš)
			olive, knead in: 55, 124
			55 (giš),74 (bad), 74 (fish), 96 (incense)
šamšu	utu	sun	242
šamû	an	heaven	185
šārtu	síg	hair	158, 164, 178, 189; loose ( <i>aliktu</i> ): 156, 164, 172
	munšub / múnšub		159(*2), 160 / 159(*2), 160(*2)
šārat lētī	síg te <sup>meš</sup>	hair of the cheeks	181
šārat muḫḫi	síg ugu	h. of the crown of the head	141
šārat qaqqadi	síg sag.du	hair of the head	90, <u>141</u> , [155], 161
šārtu ištu irti	síg ta gaba <en> sag.du</en>	hair from the breast to the	141
<adi> qaqqadi</adi>		head	
šatû	nag	to drink	12
šē ha kullu		to have air (in head)	209
šellebē nu		<a grass=""></a>	138
šēpān	gìr.II	(two) feet	233, 234; see also hallutanû
šer'ānu	sa	muscle, tendon, nerve,	1 255, 254, 800 diso gandiand
sei anu	Sa	blood-vessel	
X=	L CONTROL	·	71 197
šē ru	Á.GÚ.ZI.GA	morning	71, 187
šībtu	l šu.gi	greyness (of hair)	173 (see note)
šikaru	kaš(.meš) / kaš.sag	beer	kaš: knead in: 6, 108, 109 <sup>2</sup> , 114, 125, 145, 147, 148 (meš)
	1	1	153; <u>12</u> (beat in), <u>12</u> (crush with), 183 (libate), <u>229</u> (throw
		1	on) / kaš.sag: 12 (beat in), [250] (drink in)
			see also šikār tīṭi, šuršummū, billatu
šikaru rēštû		prime beer	(see note to 12')
šikār ţīţi		<a beer="" of="" type=""></a>	93
šimāhu		boxthorn?	156
šim(eš)šalû	šim.šal	box-tree?	213
šimmatu		paralysis	[234]
šīpātu	síg	wool(en thread)	212 (white)
	l én		[96 <sup>?</sup> ], 159, 165, 169, 170, [173 <sup>?</sup> ], [175 <sup>?</sup> ], 198, 205
šiptu	en	spell, charm, incantation	
v	1	1 11 1 1 1 1	<i>šipta manû</i> : 100, 205; x 3: 168, 172, 184; x 7: 167, 204
šiptu	ka.inim.ma	spell, charm, incantation	[99°], 161, [178], [189], [202]; (see also <i>tû šipti</i> )
šiqlu	gín	shekel	½: 23; 1: 23, <u>142</u> ; 5: 11 (* <u>2</u> ); 10: 8, 10, 14, 19, 20, 143
	<u> </u>		(*4 or 5), 144 (*4), 145 (*2)
šizbu	ga	milk	knead in: 59, 79, 80, 81, <u>84;</u> [] in: [79]
šubû	na <sub>4</sub> .šuba(=ZA.MUŠ)	<a stone=""></a>	162, 163 (of the right), 163 (of the left)
šuḫtu	iš.urudu	patina, rust, verdigris	47 (of gold), 60, [93]; pound in: [56], 67
šumēlu	2,30	left	226
šumēlû	á.gub.bu, gùb.bu	'of the left'	see <i>šubû</i>
šumû	uzu.KA.NE	shoulder	[183]
šunû	giš.še.nú.a	chaste tree?	71 (water of), 72 (water of, boiled), [241]
šurdunû	ú.si.sá	- <a plant=""></a>	68 (seed), 236 (šim)
šurmē nu	giš.šur.mìn	cypress	143 (powder), 174 (oil)
	<u> </u>	<del></del>	·
<i>šurrû</i>	sar.sar	to start, to set going	(see note to 182')
šuršummū kurunni	<u> </u>	dregs of kurunnu-beer	knead in: [58]
šuršummū šikari	<u> </u>	beer dregs	knead in: 49 (boiled), [57] (kaš.sag²), 65, 118, 151, 152
šūšu		liquorice	242 (powder), see <i>išid šūši</i>
tabāku	1	to pour out	234 (stative, of limbs)
<i>tabā ku</i> D		to excrete a lot	[239]
tabā lu		remove	50
takkassu	na <sub>4</sub> .dag.gaz	<a stone=""></a>	210
tamgussu	urudu.šen.tur	<a cooking="" copper="" vessel=""></a>	91
tappinnu	dabin(=ŠÈ/ZÌ.ŠE)	<a flour="" kind="" of=""></a>	151
tarāku	al.dúb.ba	to be dark	159
	<u>  anduo.oa</u> 		
tarānu	1	shade	73 (offered by house)
târu	gur	(in hendiadys:) to repeat	31, 145
tebû	l zi	to rise	198, 199(*2)
tebû Gtn	<u>l</u>	to rise constantly	210
tebû Š	1	to remove	128
tē gītu		ointment	(see note to line 70')
tību	zi	rising'	of temples: 1 (see note), 141; of inflammation: 227
tikku		<a neck="" of="" part="" the=""></a>	206 (place warm cedar on)
tinūru	ninindu, im.šu.rin.na	oven	in <i>haṣab tinūri</i> 'oven shard': 8, 128
tittu	giš.pėš	fig	foliage: [30], 79
tû šipti	tu <sub>6</sub> én	recital of the charm	[ [98], 160, 166, 177, 201
tuhhu	duh	(sesame) residue	83 (boiled)
tupšikku	giš.dusu	brick hod	200 (red)
ṭābātu	a.geštin.na	vinegar	11 (cress undefiled by), 78 (knead in)
ṭābtu	mun	salt	11 (cress undefiled by), 215 (fat from not stored in)
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

tābat emesallim?	mun <i>eme-sal-lim</i> etc.	emesallim-salt	7, 69
tamû	NU.NU	to spin, to thread	1 212
tarādu N	I NO.NO	to be expelled	(see note to 191')
tehû D		to offer	183 (with a not e vowelling)
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		
ţênu +=	àra	to grind	3 (in mortar) [88 <sup>?</sup> ], see <i>sahlû</i>
ţē nu	àra	ground	T 1,ê
terû	SUR	rub in	see ina maški terû
țikmēnu	dè(=NE)	ashes	<i>şarbatu</i> : [131] (see note), 134, [139]
fīțu		mud	see šikār tīṭi
ubānu	šu.si	finger	[127] (protuberance?), 190 ('large' i.e. thumb)
uḫinnu	giš.u <sub>4</sub> .ḫi.in	fresh dates	171
uḫūlu qarnānû	naga si	'horned' alkali	6, [33], [59], 70 (wash in), 74(*2!), 147; (see note to 68')
ummu	kúm	inflammation	<u>128</u> , 155, <u>227</u> , <u>229</u>
	kúm dab		umma kullu 'to have heat, be feverish' (see note to 1):
			1 ( <i>muḫḫu</i> ), <u>128</u> ( <i>qaqqadu</i> ), 252 (series title)
	kúm tuku		umma rašû 'to get heat, fever' 76
ūmu	ud	day	[207] see also <i>šamšu</i>
	ud n kam	for n day(s)	1: 13, 21, 195; <b>2</b> : 157; <b>3</b> : 73; <b>5</b> : 126 (gloss), <u>225</u> ; <b>15</b> : 125
	<i>ina</i> ud 7 / 8 kam	on the 7th / 8th day	ina ūmi 7 / 8: 207 / 208
	ud 3 / 7kam nu duh	you shall not untie for	3 ūmī lā tapaṭṭar. 4, 5, [9], [15 <sup>?</sup> ], 45, 48, 49, 51, 52, 54,
		three / seven days	57, 58, 59, 61, 62, 64, 65, 77, 78, [106], 122, 126, <u>132</u> ,
			142, 223, 232 / 7 ūmī lā tapaṭṭar. 237
unīqu	munus.ÁŠ.GAR	female kid	188 (virgin)
uqnû	na <sub>4</sub> .za.gìn	lapis lazuli	1 162
urbatu	I na4.za.gm	rush (plant)	167 (fire of)
			<u> </u>
urbatu	1 4 4 (1 4 (1	worm	[198], 198 (*2) (red)
ur(ij)ānu	ú.tál.tál	fennel <sup>?</sup>	80
urnuqqu	1	<a plant=""></a>	228
urpatu		cloud	198
urșu	<sup>na4</sup> zà.ḫi.li	mortar	10 (mouth of), [228]
ušû	giš.esi	ebony?	[224]
uznu	uzu.GIŠ	ear	190 (see note), 197
(w)abālu		remove	206 (water)
(w)abālu Gtn		to trouble? constantly	240 (kidney)
(w)abālu Št		to stir	4, 5
(w)arādu		to descend	191 (fluids from skull)
(w)asû	è	to come/go out, protrude	127 (protuberance)
zalagu	na <sub>4</sub> .zálag	<a shiny="" stone=""></a>	217
zagātu D	táb.táb	to sting	90, [99], [239]
zē bugli			(see note to 88)
zē malāhi	ú.še₁₀ má.laḫ₅	'sailor's excrement' plant	[184]
zē ṣabīti	še <sub>10</sub> maš.dà	gazelle dung	44 (see note)
	se <sub>10</sub> mas.da		181
zenû -	1	be angry (itti with)	
zē ru	numun	seed	see: bīnu, egemgirû, irrû, kamkadu, kammantu, laptu, lišān
7.4	1 /	111 1 '	kalbi, maštakal, papparḫû, qudru, šurdunû
zibû	ú.gamun.ge <sub>6</sub>	black cumin	69
zikar u sinniš		male and female	217, 220
zikaru	níta	male, man	171, 172
ziqnu	su <sub>6</sub>	beard (i.e. chin)	<u>  233</u>
zumru	su	body	234 (getting paralysis)
zunnu	IM.šèg(=A.AN)	rain	198 (red)
? kannu / ka'u	GIŠ.GAN	<a plant=""></a>	183, 188
? sāmu	Ú.SA <sub>5</sub>	<a plant=""></a>	[52] see <i>CAD</i> S 128 <sup>a</sup>
?	IN.DAR	?	74 (see note)
?	KU.KU	powder	192
?	kuš.edin	<a leather="" of="" piece=""></a>	225 (rub in with a kuš.edin, see note)
	(mú) al.mú.da	(to grow) is growing	160
?	mú.da / mú.da.kam	grows / is for growing	160, 160, 160(*2) / 161, 178, 189
?	mu-un-na-mul-la	it will shine for him	1 100, 100 2) / 101, 170, 107
	-		
?	na <sub>4</sub> .an.za,gul.me	<a stone=""></a>	[211] see George 2003:867-68
	1 ~ .		
?	na <sub>4</sub> .gug.mar.ḫa.ši	<a stone=""></a>	210
	na <sub>4</sub> .gug.mar.ḫa.ši na <sub>4</sub> .ugu.aš.gì.gì NE	<a stone=""></a>	163 see <i>CAD</i> A/ii 427b, <i>DACG</i> 56f   103 (infammation <sup>3</sup> )

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